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NAVAL POSTGRADUATE SCHOOL Monterey, California





THESIS

IMPLEMENTATION OF A COMPILER FIR THE FUNCTIONAL PROGRAMMING LANGUAGE FHI - 1

by

Eugene J. Cole and Joseph E. Jonnell II

June 1387

Thesis Advisor:

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Implementation of a Compiler for the Functional Programming Language PHI — Φ

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ABSTRACT

This thesis describes the design and implement of a **prototype** compiler for the functional programming language PHI. The design is highly modularized and the authors think this should facilitate the understanding of both concept and implementation. The front—end of the compiler implements machine independent lexical and syntactic analyzers; top—down parsing techniques are employed. The back—end implements a machine dependent one—pass semantic analyzer and code generator.

Since this implementation is a **prototype**, it does not possess all of the qualities desirable in a full implementation. The basic constructs of PHI: functions and data definitions are implemented, as well as the integer, natural number, and boolean types. However, the necessary hooks are present and the design is mature enough to allow expanding the prototype to a full implementation.

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I. INTRODUCTION

A. BACKGROUND — GENERAL

In its attempt to provide students with a well rounded background to the field of computer science, the computer science department at the Naval Postgraduate School offers courses covering recent developments in programming languages. One of the courses deals specifically with the methodology of functional, also known as applicative, programming. Both the theory and the practice of functional programming are covered, concentrating more on the practice than the theory. In order to fully appreciate the nuances of functional programming it would be desirable to provide the students with a functional programming environment. This would provide a first hand look at the fundamental difference in methodologies when programming in functional languages as opposed to programming in traditional imperative languages.

Of the languages currently supported in the department; LISP, on the UNIX¹ environment, comes the closest to meeting this requirement. Although LISP is considered a functional language by some, its many extensions and modifications actually brings it into the world of imperative programming. It is not a pure functional programming language.

There are several additional problems associated with using LISP to teach techniques of functional programming. Modern LISP dialects do not support all aspects of functional programming. Most notably they lack the ability to define higher-order functions. Dynamic scoping and the semantics of the language make it a pedagogical nightmare to teach. [Ref. 1:p. Ø-1] The goal of teaching functional programming would rapidly be overtaken by the necessity of explaining the idiosyncrasies of LISP. In an 11 week

¹UNIX is a trademark of Bell Laboratories.

quarter, time devoted to LISP would significantly detract from instruction of functional programming.

Recognizing the shortcomings of LISP, a pure functional language, PHI was developed by Dr. B. J. MacLennan for use in this course of instruction. The syntax of PHI closely follows that of standard mathematical notation. This means students should have little difficulty in learning how to write legitimate PHI statements. Instruction can now concentrate on joining these statements to create functional programs. Hopefully, this will lead to a greater understanding and appreciation of the methodology of functional programming.

B. BACKGROUND — THESIS

Creation of PHI solved the problem of finding a suitable language to use to demonstrate the methodology of functional programming. However, currently PHI programs are programs on paper only. There exists no programming environment for the PHI language. So it is impossible to machine execute PHI programs. This thesis attempts to remedy the above problem by providing the first component in a PHI programming environment — a prototype PHI compiler.

Conventional compiler construction techniques were chosen for this implementation for several reasons. By choosing conventional techniques, the authors were able to address the problems associated with utilizing conventional methods for implementing a compiler for a functional language². Additionally, realizing that both the language and system would change, the authors wanted a well documented and understood methodology. The cost of maintaining a system can be as much as three times the development cost [Ref. 2:p. 478]. Therefore, it was imperative to choose a methodology that supported a clean and structured design.

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²Specific problems and solutions are covered later in Chapters Two and Three

Following conventional methods logies, the authors separated the PHI compiler design into a front-end³ and a back-end⁴. The overall general design of the PHI compiler is shown in Figure 1.1. The front-end, containing the scanner (lexical analyzer) and parser (syntactic analyzer) is essentially responsible for analysis of the external file containing the source program. The PHI compiler back-end couples semantic analysis with code generation to produce code suitable for execution on the target machine. [Ref. 3:pp. 5-6] The authors felt that a clear and distinct separation between parts would aid understanding of the system, simplify division of labor, and increase ease of development and maintenance. It should also result in greater flexibility for follow-on development in the PHI programming environment. As an example, the current front-end could be modified to support a PHI interpreter.

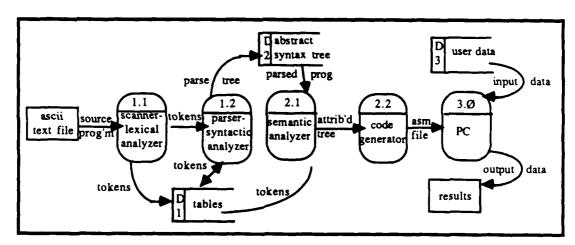


Figure 1.1 General Design of the PHI Compiler

C. BACKGROUND — FUNCTIONAL PROGRAMMING

Functional programming is a methodology in favor among academicians. Although applicative programming goes further back, it is generally agreed that, as a methodology, functional programming traces its roots to John Backus [Ref. 4:p. 4Ø4, Ref. 5:p. 65]. In

³Design and implementation of the front-end is discussed in Chapter Two.

⁴Design and implementation of the back-end is discussed in Chapter Three.

his acceptance speech for the 1977 ACM Turing Award, Backus criticized traditional programming languages and programming styles. He went on to propose a new methodology of programming that involved "the use of a fixed set of combining forms called functional forms." [Ref. 6:p. 619] This methodology is known today as functional programming.

1. Problems with Conventional Languages

Backus feels [Ref. 6:pp. 613-619] that the basic underlying problem with conventional languages is the existence of the assignment statement. The assignment statement plays a central role in conventional languages and breaks programming into two worlds. Backus calls the right-hand side of assignment statements, expressions, the first of these worlds. The second world is the world of statements, with the primary statement, of course, being the assignment statement.

Several problems are associated with assignment statements. First, they permit programs to be held hostage through access to their variables. Since variables are used to imitate the machine's storage cells; assignment statements allow, even encourage, state changes to take place. This access, either direct or indirect, permits such problems as side effects, unintentional state changes, and aliasing to arise. It then becomes difficult to reason about the correctness of these programs, so proving simple programs correct is an arduous task and proving complex programs correct is virtually impossible. Additionally, by permitting the value of variables to be changed, the assignment statement makes temporal order of execution of statements critical. For example, the following two pieces of code produce dramatically different results depending on which statement inside the for loop is executed first.

```
 \begin{array}{ll} \text{for } (i = \emptyset; \ i \ != \ some\_value; \ ++i) \\ \{ & \text{if } (i \ \% \ 2 \ == \emptyset) \\ & \text{continue;} \\ & \text{DoSomething}(i); \\ \\ \text{DoSomething}(i); \\ \} \end{array}
```

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These problems interact so that it becomes extremely difficult to create new programs out of old ones. [Ref. 6:pp. 613 - 619, Ref. 1:pp. 1-2 - 1-20]

Another problem associated with assignment statements is that each produces only a one-word result. In effect, they force programmers to think in a word-at-a-time manner. For example, to apply a function to an entire array of values, the programmer must access each value individually. Not only is this wasteful of computer assets, but it results in what Backus refers to as the "von Neumann bottleneck" of conventional programming languages. [Ref. 6:pp. 613 - 619]

2. Functional Languages

Backus proposes the methodology of functional programming as the solution to these problems. Functional languages have removed variables and the assignment statement from their syntax so that their basic building block becomes the function. It is through "the use of a fixed set of combining forms...plus simple definitions" [Ref. 6:p. 619] that the programmer is able to build new functions from existing functions. It thus becomes possible to form a new program by combining two or more existing programs or functions together.

The absence of assignment statements and variables removes the problems plaguing conventional languages caused by side effects, etc. because the program now operates exclusively in the world of expressions. This permits the programmer to maintain a clear conceptual view of the program. It is easier to understand and reason about the task the program is to perform [Ref. 5:pp. 65 - 69]. It now becomes not only possible, but practical to prove programs correct [Ref.6:pp. 624 - 625].

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Another direct benefit stemming from the absence of side effects is order. The values of expressions are no longer dependent on the order in which they are evaluated. Therefore, functional languages provide a natural means of performing parallel computations [Ref. 7:p. 35]. Functional languages and the associated methodology of

functional programming may very well provide the key to programming the massively parallel computers entering service nowadays. All of the above benefits have applicability to ongoing research in the SDI program.

The authors feel that functional programming can best be summarized by the following thought — assignment statements are to functional programming what GOTO statements are to structured programming.

D. ASSUMPTIONS

An IBM⁵ personal computer/IBM compatible personal computer was chosen as the target machine for this implementation. The authors felt that the nature of the language and its intended use were better suited for the PC/personal work station environment as opposed to a mini- or main-frame time shared environment. The PC environment should provide greater flexibility and freedom when implementing follow-on tools for the PHI programming language. Also, future compiler improvements will not have to be concerned with extraneous interfaces to another system. Working with a PC environment eliminates the need to take into account the effects the PHI environment will have on another user of the system. The implementor is able to work with a system that remains constant — a known quantity.

The assumed target machine configuration is based on the equipment available in the Naval Postgraduate School's computer science microcomputer lab. Each machine is configured with 64ØK bytes of RAM, one (most have two) 2ØM byte hard disk drive, one 1.2M byte 5 inch floppy disk drive, and the 8Ø87 math co-processor; each currently operates under the MS-DOS⁶ 3.x operating system. These machines are readily available to all computer science students at the Naval Postgraduate School, and many students own

⁵IBM is a registered trademark of Internal Business Machines Corporation.

⁶MS-DOS is a registered trademark of Microsoft Corporation.

personal computers with similar configurations. It is not necessary to utilize a hard disk when executing the PHI compiler.

E. CONSTRAINTS

As is the case with most implementation theses, time was probably the biggest constraint facing the authors. This involved making certain trade-offs; e.g. should the major effort be directed towards a full implementation of PHI while concentrating on a particular component of the compiler, or should the major effort be directed towards a full implementation of the compiler while concentrating on a subset of the PHI language? The authors felt that the greatest benefit could be gained by implementing a complete compiler. Having to actually face the issues and problems associated with designing, implementing, and interfacing a full compiler implementation would be much different than just reading about them in a text. As a result, this thesis implements only a subset⁷ of PHI.

Since PHI is an experimental language it is still undergoing changes and revisions. Trying to modify and update the compiler design with each version proved to be an impossibility. The authors were forced to freeze the design based on the language as it stood on Ø7 January 1987. Any follow—on work will need to update the front—end and back—end of the compiler to meet the requirements of these new versions of PHI. A description of the grammar as implemented and a description of the latest version of the grammar may be found in the Appendixes.

⁷This subset is discussed in the individual chapters on the front-end and back-end.

II. FRONT-END OF THE COMPILER

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The authors separated the design of the PHI compiler into two modules, a front-end and a back-end. These modules were then further subdivided to produce the general layout of Figure 1.1. The authors believe this modularization simplifies the design and will aid in understanding the system, thus decreasing future maintenance problems.

The front-end of the PHI compiler is comprised of the scanner (lexical analyzer), the parser (syntactic analyzer), and their associated error recovery routines. Two possible interactions between the lexical and syntactic analyzers were considered. The first incorporates the scanner into the parser, and tokens are produced by the scanner only upon request of the syntactic analyzer. Thus, this system acts like a pipeline. An alternate method is to allow the scanner to tokenize the entire source program, store the tokens in some data structure, and pass this structure to the parser. [Ref. 3:p. 10]

For the prototype implementation of a PHI compiler, the authors based the design on the first interaction. Although the second method is conceptually very easy to understand, the authors think the current implementation is clean and will readily lend itself to future enhancements. Any input alphabet peculiarities are restricted to the lexical analyzer, and this independence should provide benefits for the next student(s) who work on the PHI programming environment.

A. LEXICAL ANALYSIS — THE SCANNER

The PHI compiler reads a source file of ASCII text which is fed to the scanner for lexical analysis. The principle task of lexical analysis is to separate or divide the source program into tokens for use during syntactic analysis [Ref.8:p. 84, Ref. 9:p. 155]. This is accomplished in the PHI compiler through a character-by-character examination of the

user's source file. These characters are assembled/grouped into the individual tokens which represent terminal symbols of the PHI grammar. Examples of some of the terminal symbols are operators, identifiers, keywords, and constants. A complete listing of the PHI tokens may be found in the header file for the scanner in Appendix E.

The primary advantage to tokenizing the source program is that the design of the syntactic analyzer needs to take into account only one type of data unit — the token [Ref. 3:p. 7]. This simplifies the design of the parser because provisions do not have to be made for handling white space and comments. The scanner has already removed them. Also, removing white space and comments and utilizing a fixed—length representation for the tokens saves space. Once tokenization is complete, the source program can be discarded and the compacted tokenized file can be utilized for further analysis.

In order to correctly tokenize the source file there must be some discrete means available to accurately represent each token. There are several ways of describing tokens. One means available is to use a regular grammar. In this method "generative rules are given for producing the desired tokens" [Ref. 3:p. 142]. An equivalent, but different, method is to use finite-state acceptors, FSAs, to recognize tokens. The authors found it easier to visualize this as a recognitive vice generative problem. For this reason the various tokens were modeled using FSAs. An example of an unsigned number recognizer is shown in Figure 2.1. The interested reader is directed to Tremblay and Sorenson [Ref. 3:Chapter 4] for an excellent introduction to the practice of using FSAs to model tokens. The authors found that utilizing FSAs greatly simplified the design, coding, and debugging of the lexical analyzer — one picture was worth a hundred lines of code.

The ideal grammar would allow each token to be uniquely and unambiguously identified. Once the lexical analyzer started on the path of building a token, it would be able to continue until the end with no backtracking. Due to limitations with the standard

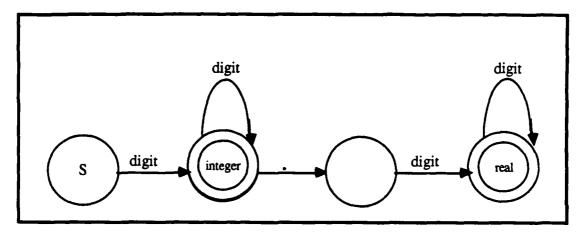


Figure 2.1 Unsigned Number Recognizer

ASCII character set, the designer of PHI used multiple keystrokes, or characters, to represent various operators in the language⁸. This resulted in compound token types. Also, as in other programming languages, PHI overloads certain operators, allowing them to do double duty⁹ by taking on different context-dependent meanings.

The problem of dealing with compound token types was easily handled through the use of a single lookahead character. For example, upon finding the character "-", the scanner looks ahead to the next character to see if it is ">" (\rightarrow) or another "-" (--). If the next character is neither of these two, it indicates that the token is just the simple token "-". Distinguishing overloaded operators was solved by essentially ignoring it in the scanner! The authors took the position this is basically a syntax analyzer problem and there was no reason to complicate the scanner by handling it. The scanner just identifies a generic token type, e.g. SUB_, and lets the parser make the proper determination of its true meaning, e.g. SUB_ or NEG_.

There are several design decisions relating to the lexical analyzer worth noting. The authors, following the example of Pascal, C, and other languages, took the position that

⁸Some examples of this are -> for \rightarrow , == for \equiv and <> for \neq .

⁹For example, + and - can serve as either an unary or binary arithmetic operator.

PHI's keywords¹⁰ are reserved words and may not be redefined and used as identifiers. Alternate decisions would have been to distinguish keywords from identifiers based on context, as PL/I does, or to precede them by some special character, as ALGOL 6Ø and ALGOL 68 do [Ref. 3:p. 91]. PHI has a very small set of keywords, smaller than C's, and the authors think that this decision makes life easier for the programmer by simplifying debugging of programs. It certainly made life easier for the authors.

PHI's grammar makes no provisions for programmer comments. The authors originally implemented comments by requiring the programmer to explicitly indicate the beginning and end of each comment with a special character. After scanning the special character at the beginning of the comment, the lexical analyzer would ignore all following characters until the special character was once again found. Following conversations with PHI's designer this implementation was changed. Comments are now implemented the same way they are in Ada¹¹: the comment terminator is the end-of-line character. Not only did this simplify the recognizer for comments, but it also completely removed the problem of runaway comments.

A name table is used to point to the names of all identifiers and constants. A symbol table was originally utilized but later discarded when the authors realized the syntax of PHI makes analyzing an abstract syntax tree easier than analyzing a flattened tree. The information normally associated with a symbol table is now held in the nodes of the tree. This permits just the first instance of each name to be placed into the name table. In other words, regardless of how many times and in how many scopes the identifier X is used, X appears only once in the name table. The token returned to the parser would indicate a

¹⁰A complete listing of PHI keywords may be found in the header file for the scanner in Appendix E.

¹¹Ada is a trademark of the Ada Joint Programming Office, Department of Defense, United States Government.

token type of identifier and the parser would then know to dereference the pointer to find the string containing the actual name, X.

Because keywords are reserved, each potential identifier must first be compared against the possible keywords prior to being placed in the name table. The authors implemented a keyword table to simplify this process. Knuth [Ref. 10:pp. 406-410] has shown that a binary search is the most efficient way of searching an ordered table, using only comparisons. For this reason the keyword table is kept in alphabetical order. The lookup, which is at worst O(log n), is performed using a binary search of the keyword table.

In an attempt to improve the efficiency of the name table, the authors implemented it as a hash table. McKeeman [Ref. 11:pp. 253-3Ø1] experimented with six different length dependent hash functions. He found that the function producing the best results involved summing the internal representation of the first and last characters of the variable's name with its length shifted four places to the left. This was the function utilized by the authors. The possibility of collisions is reduced by choosing a prime number as the table size. However, since this only reduces, not eliminates, the possibility of two or more names hashing to the same value; the authors had to make provisions for handling collisions.

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A variant of the chaining method of collision-resolution was chosen. In PHI's implementation, each of the name table slots/buckets holds a data structure that can contain both the name of the variable and a pointer to another structure of the same type. So each hashed value points to a linked list of names. This method offers the advantage of providing better performance than linear probing [Ref. 12:p. 89], is conceptually easy to visualize/work with, and also solves the problem of possibly overflowing the hash table. It does require slightly more memory to implement, but the authors determined that the benefits of this method far outweighed the slight increase in storage requirements. [Ref. 12:pp. 83-93]

B. SYNTACTIC ANALYSIS — THE PARSER

The purpose of the parser is twofold: 1) to determine if the program, as represented by the output from the scanner, is syntactically correct; 2) to impose a hierarchical structure on the token stream, fitting it into the abstract syntax tree which is the output of the parser [Ref. 8:pp. 7–8, Ref. 9:p. 7]. Traditionally, these tasks are done by either a top-down or bottom-up methodology [Ref. 8:p. 41]. Both methodologies use the tokens generated through lexical analysis.

The terminology top-down refers to the order in which the nodes of the parse tree are constructed. Top-down parsing starts from the root of the tree and proceeds downward towards the terminal symbols at the leaves. The parse tree is constructed from the top to the bottom by applying productions of the grammar to generate strings of terminals and nonterminals. On the other hand, bottom-up methodologies start from the terminal symbols at the leaves and proceed upwards to the root. The parse tree is constructed from the bottom to the top by applying reductions of the grammar to generate single nonterminals from strings of terminals and nonterminals. [Ref. 8:pp. 4Ø-41, Ref. 9:pp. 134-136]

It is generally agreed that the popularity of top-down parsing techniques is "due to the fact that efficient parsers can be constructed more easily by hand". [Ref. 8:p. 41] The authors can attest to the fact that the concept of top-down parsing is very easy to grasp. When parsing PHI, it is natural to begin with the start symbol of the grammar, BLOCKBODY, and work forward from there to analyze the token stream. So, partially because of its efficiency, but primarily because of its ease of understanding and use, the authors chose the top-down methodology of recursive-descent parsing to design and implement the syntactic analyzer.

In recursive-descent parsers, separate procedures/functions are written to recognize each nonterminal of the grammar [Ref. 3:pp. 219-22Ø]. This technique gets its distinctive name "because nonterminals can appear in the right-hand sides of each other's

productions, the procedures for recognizing nonterminals are recursive." [Ref.9:p. 150] To state it more clearly, the function to recognize nonterminal 'A' could end up calling itself recursively if either 1) 'A' appears on the right-hand side of the production describing 'A' itself, or 2) 'A' appears on the right-hand side of the production describing another nonterminal 'B' and 'B' appears on the right-hand side of the production describing 'A'. Regardless of how one looks at the nature of the technique, one usually identifies a stack with recursion. What made this technique so easy to implement was that the authors were able to use C's underlaying mechanism for handling recursive functions. The authors did not have to explicitly maintain a stack of symbols for each function call; instead, the information was implicit in the stack of activation records resulting from each function call.

Top-down parsing techniques, especially recursive descent, offer straightforward means of implementing a syntactic analyzer. However, these techniques are applicable only to a subset of the context-free grammars and it is essential that all left recursion be eliminated from the grammar [Ref. 3:p. 211]. In other words, there must not exist any productions describing nonterminal 'A' with 'A' appearing as the first element on the right-hand side of the production. Obviously, if this situation existed, it would be possible to present the parser with strings to parse that would cause it to enter "an infinite loop of production applications" [Ref. 3:p. 211], never to be heard from again. The PHI production QUALEXP = QUALEXP WHERE AUXDEFS is an example of this type of string. The parser would hang up looking for QUALEXP and would never leave this loop until the machine ran out of memory stacking activation records. In order to employ top-down parsing techniques with PHI the authors rewrote the PHI grammar to be right-recursive descent parsing techniques.

¹²The right recursive syntax of PHI may be found in Appendix D

From the compiler writer's point of vie w the ideal grammar would allow the correct production rule to be applied in every step of the parsing process. Constructing the parse tree would then proceed in a completely deterministic manner. When this is not possible, there are two basic parser design methods for dealing with nondeterminism in the grammar [Ref. 9:pp. 151–152]. In the backtracking method, which is generally not applicable to recursive—descent techniques, the parser picks an arbitrary production and continues with the parse [Ref. 9:p. 151]. If the parse is successful it is assumed that the correct production was chosen. However, if an error is later discovered, the parser backtracks to the last choice, a new production is chosen, and the parser presses forward again. This process continues until either the parse is successful or the parser runs out of possible productions to chose from. The second method requires a modification to the grammar which results in a deterministic parser: the grammar is rewritten using a process called left factoring to avoid choices among nonterminals [Ref. 9:p. 151].

For the most part, the design of PHI is conducive to recursive descent parsing techniques. There are, however, several productions where this is not so. The result was that a degree of nondeterminism arose in the parser design. The authors attempted to solve this problem through a combination of left factoring and the employment of a simple single token look-ahead. This solution worked for all but the two productions described below. In one case a two token look-ahead was employed and backtracking was used to the other. This is not to say that the authors are absolutely certain that PHI is not an LL(1) grammar or that backtracking had to be used. These solutions were used because they solved the problem at hand.

A two token look-ahead was used for the production¹³ ARGBINDING = [QUALEXP OP]. When the token '[' is found, a flag is set to indicate that an ARGBINDING is being parsed. The first look-ahead token is utilized when parsing the QUALEXP part. QUALEXP,

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¹³A complete description of the PHI grammar may be found in the Appendices

for example, may parse as TERM, which in turn may parse as either FACTOR or FACTOR*TERM. After succeeding on FACTOR, a look-ahead is employed to look for the MULOP, *, to see if a recursive search for another TERM should be initiated. This methodology works as long as QUALEXP was not called from ARGBINDING. If it was called from ARGBINDING, argbinding flag set, the operator * could be the trailing operator in the ARGBINDING production and not part of the TERM production. In order to make this determination, an additional look-ahead is utilized to look for the token ']'. If ']' is found the QUALEXP production is terminated, e.g., term does not recursively call itself again, and the ARGBINDING production is allowed to proceed to completion.

Backtracking was utilized when parsing productions of ACTUAL: ACTUAL = COMPOUND and ACTUAL = DENOTATION = FORMALS |-> ACTUAL. Legitimate PHI sentential forms produced by the production FORMALS = (FORMALS+) are proper subsets of the sentential forms produced by the production COMPOUND = (ELEMENTS), excluding the empty compound statement. Since any number of identifiers may appear between the parentheses, it is not practical during the parse to utilize look—ahead to determine the presence of the token "|->". In effect, the parser first realizes it was parsing a DENOTATION when it finds "|->". This problem was solved by designing the parser to apply first the compound production when presented with this choice. If "|->" is later found, the parser then backtracks¹⁴ to the FORMALS production. The normal costs associated with backtracking were not evident in this isolated case. As described below, space trade-offs had previously been made and the parser was already working with an abstract syntax tree. The root to the subtree containing the previously parsed compound was simply passed to the FORMALS production to insure that the string could have been

¹⁴A purist would say that this instance of backtracking means that the PHI compiler does not in fact employ a recursive-descent parser.

produced by FORMALS. After ascertaining FORMALS, the parser now continues the parse using the DENOTATION production.

The production QUALEXP = QUALEXP WHERE AUXDEFS required a deviation from pure recursive descent parsing. The semantics of this production are such that a terminal (e.g., an identifier) may be used prior to its definition. In itself, this does not present a major problem for the compiler writer. However, this construct also changes the scope of the identifier since the *inner-most* scope, in the form of the QUALEXP, is parsed first and the parser then works its way to the *outer-most* scopes, the AUXDEFS. This problem is analogous to that of mutual recursion in Pascal, without the benefit of the forward declaration [Ref. 4:p. 213].

Originally, the parser was designed to output the parse tree in flattened form, essentially a post-order walk of the tree. This design implemented traditional symbol-table management routines. However, after obtaining a clearer understanding of the semantics involved with the problems mentioned earlier, notably the production QUALEXP = QUALEXP WHERE AUXDEFS, the authors realized a traditional symbol-table would be too inefficient. Management of the table would take an inordinate amount of assets and be too unwieldy to work with. The authors solved this problem by maintaining the status of the parse in an abstract syntax tree so the output from the parser is now in tree form. This permits information originally held in the symbol-table to be maintained in the tree itself. The parser is able to analyze the source program by walking the tree and decorating the nodes with required information. Maintaining a binary tree in memory does require more space, but this is insignificant when compared with the benefits.

Interestingly, maintaining the parse in tree form presented several additional benefits. The solution to the aforementioned problem of distinguishing between COMPOUND and DENOTATION became trivial because it was now simply a matter of returning to the appropriate subroot and rewalking the tree. Also, working with a binary tree permitted the

authors to perform a modicum of optimization in the parser. It becomes relatively straightforward to perform compaction on an actual tree.

The authors think that this design offers maximum potential for future enhancements of the PHI programming environment. One possibility would be to use this front—end to drive a PHI interpreter. Modularization of the front—end in this manner simplifies functional understanding of the front—end and should lead to increased ease of maintenance and portability. To demonstrate portability, the authors recompiled the front—end and executed it on a 68000 based processor. This was accomplished with no modifications to the source program, just replacement of C run—time header files for the new target machine.

C. ERROR HANDLING

Tremblay and Sorenson [Ref. 3:p. 183] classify error responses into three categories:

- I. Unacceptable responses
 - 1. Incorrect responses (error not reported)
 - a. Compiler crashes
 - b. Compiler loops indefinitely
 - c. Compiler continues, producing incorrect object program
 - 2. Correct (but nearly useless)
 - a. Compiler reports first error and then halts
- II. Acceptable responses
 - 1. Possible responses
 - a. Compiler reports error and recovers, continuing to find later errors if they exist
 - b. Compiler reports the error and *repairs* it, continuing the translation and producing a valid object program

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- 2. Impossible with current techniques
 - a. Compiler corrects error and produces an object program which is the translation of what the programmer intended to write

In the prototype PHI compiler, the authors have implemented a limited form of error recovery. The primary benefit of error recovery is to "prolong the compilation life of the program as long as possible before the compiler gives up on the source program". [Ref. 3:p. 11] This allows the maximum number errors to be discovered per compilation, shortening the edit, compile, debug cycle inherent to writing computer programs.

The authors analyzed the intended environment and use of the PHI compiler and decided that lexical analysis and syntactic analysis were the most likely source of errors.

Lexical errors basically involve invalid characters or incorrect tokens. Common examples of these types of errors are unrecognized words, misspelled identifiers/keywords, or illegal characters. Syntactic errors relate to incorrect structure of the program. These errors arise when the programmer failed to follow the rules, productions, of the grammar. The form of the program is wrong. [Ref. 9:p. 226, Ref. 3:p. 185]

One thing the error handler should not do is exacerbate the situation by reporting bogus errors or executing an erroneous program. To insure erroneous programs are not executed, the authors inhibited object file production if any errors were discovered. The authors do not believe the compiler should allow code generation to continue, or even begin, if the source program has errors. Often times one error leads to an avalanche of errors being reported and this is extremely annoying to the programmer. The authors attempted to minimize this situation, but found it impossible to eliminate completely because some errors feed on others. To insure the programmer would not become overwhelmed with error messages, the authors terminate the compilation after 100 errors. Also, for programmer convenience, actual error messages are outputted instead of error codes. The authors saw no justification in using a cryptic code when a plain language message served much better. Since the authors anticipate students in functional programming classes to be primary users of the PHI compiler, error messages have their basis in the productions describing the PHI language. It is assumed that users of the PHI compiler have an understanding of PHI's syntax.

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III. BACK-END OF THE COMPILER

A. OVERVIEW

The back-end of the compiler consists of the semantic checker and code generator. Semantic checking and code generation are completed in one pass, and the output is a sequence of bytes, held in memory, which correspond to ASCII characters. These characters are then written to a text file, which the assembler uses to output an object file. This output is linked to the appropriate run-time routines to make a usable program. For the current implementation, a RASM86 assembler and LINK86¹⁵ linker are used.

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B. RUN-TIME ORGANIZATION

Since PHI is a structured language with scoping and function calls, it lends itself to a stack—oriented run—time architecture. The stack is set up to accomplish two tasks: 1) to hold pointers to the current operands, and 2) to hold activation records for functions currently in use. Both of these tasks are described below.

There is a 64 kilobytes limit on memory used while a program is running. This limitation is imposed because the memory is addressed as an offset from a base address, and the maximum offset is 64K. This space is competed for by the stack, current variables, and constants (see Figure 3.1). The stack grows from the top of this space down, and the variable space grows from the base of this space up, preventing wastage by either component. Because PHI is a functional language, a value is returned from each operation, and a pointer to this value is placed at the top of the stack. The returned value is placed in the lowest available space in the part of memory assigned to variables and constants. A heap allocation method is not currently used because 1) all data types currently implemented use only one word of memory, and 2) there is no fragmentation of

¹⁵RASM86 and LINK86 are trademarks of Digital Research, Inc.

memory because all types are currently static. If the next operation is a binary operation, a pointer to the second operand is placed on the stack, and the operation takes place using the two topmost pointers. The result is placed in memory, and the process begins afresh with new operands. If the next operation is unary (such as the negation operation), no change to the stack takes place and the variable in memory is altered as the program directs.

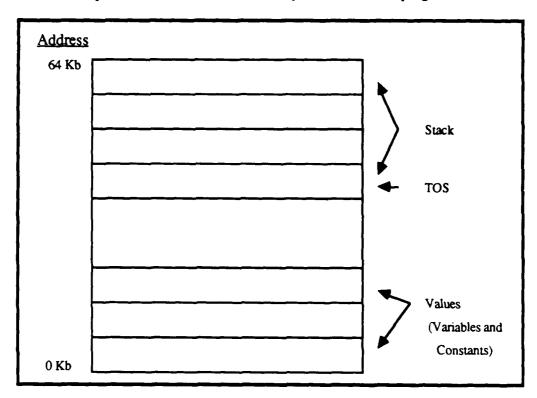


Figure 3.1 Memory Organization

If the second operand of an operation is to be the result of a function call (e.g., "2 * f(x)"), an activation record is placed on top of the pointer to the first operand and the function's value is calculated. Then, the activation record is deleted and a pointer to the function result is saved and placed at the top of the stack.

Static Link

Static Nesting Level

Pointer to Value Space

Figure 3.2 Activation Record

The activation record itself, Figure 3.2, contains three parts: the static link, the static nesting level, and a pointer to the address in memory where the function's first variable is stored. The static link is a one-word pointer which points to the static nesting level space of the previous activation record, and is used to traverse the stack from activation record to activation record, i.e. a static chain. [Ref. 4:p. 77]. The static nesting level and the pointer to the base of the storage space for a scope's values are used to access variables and constants. In this design, a two-tuple (B, L) is associated with each variable. In this two-tuple, B represents the static nesting level and L is the offset within that level. By following the static chain for (current nesting level - target nesting level) links, the activation record of the scope of the target value can be accessed. Then, the address of the variable is calculated by adding L to the low address of the scope's variables. An alternate method would have been to store the values directly in the stack between or within activation records. However, this is a messy process when dealing with dynamic data structures such as sequences. Additionally, it is conceptually easier to divide the stack and the variables.

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Functions are implemented as calls to assembly language subroutines, with pointers to the arguments placed on the stack before calling the routine. Using this scheme, and noting the fact that PHI cannot have side effects, the implementation of recursion is straightforward. Whenever a function is called, its activation record is placed on the stack and pointers to its arguments are placed on top of the activation record. If the function is

recursive, the assembly language subroutine simply calls itself until the base of its recursion is reached or until stack overflow is reached. Figure 3.3 shows an example of a series of activation records called by a program with a recursive function. Note that the data definition ("answer") has no arguments and simply calls the factorial function. The factorial function, on the other hand, has an argument and it uses that argument as an operand. So, a pointer to that value is put on the stack and the next operand, fac (n - 1), is put on the stack as an activation record. When fac (n - 1) is evaluated, a pointer to its return value is placed on the stack. This cycle of evaluation, pop activation record, evaluation will continue until the data definition "answer" is evaluated.

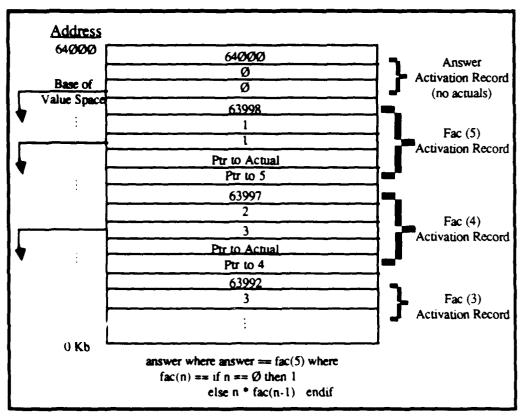


Figure 3.3 Factorial Program and Activation Records

As an example of the code generated for function calls and recursion, the following PHI program fragment is used: $C(n) = \inf n = 0$ then 1 else C(n-1) = n endif.

This, of course, simply calculates the factorial of the integer n. Figure 3.4 is the listing of the assembly language segment which is generated from this fragment.

Address/Machine Code	As	sembly	Language
0103 E94A00		0150	jmp a10000 a10001:
0106 B90000			mov cx,0
0109 E80000	Ε		call i_formal
010C B80000			mov ax,0
010F E80000	Ε		call iputvalue
0112 E80000	E		call iequ
0115 E80000	E		call igetvalue
0118 3D0100			cmp ax,1
011B 7509		0126	jne a10003
011D B80100			mov ax,1
0120 E80000	E		call iputvalue
0123 E92600		014C	jmp a10002
			a10003:
0126 B90000			mov cx,0
0129 E80000	Ε		call i_formal
012C B90000			mov cx,0
012F E80000	E		call i_form
0132 B80100	_		mov ax,1
0135 E80000	E		call iputvalue
0138 E80000	E		call isub
013B E80000	E		call ppop
013E 51			push cx
013F 57			push di
0140 BB0100	_		mov bx, 1
0143 E80000	E	0455	call i_mov
0146 E8BDFF	_	0106	call a10001
0149 E80000	E		call imult
01.40.700000	_		a10002:
014C E80000	E		call del_scope
014F C3			ret
			a10000:

Figure 3.4
Assembly Language Output from Factoral Program

The label "a10001" at address 0103 is the label of the subroutine which returns the factorial. When it is called, pointers to the values of the arguments are placed on the stack. If the subroutine is called before the base of the recursion is reached, a jump is made to label a10003. Then, the new actual value (n - 1) is calculated and placed in the low part of memory, a pointer to the value is put on the stack, and the values are prepared for calling

by the next subroutine (lines 0126 to 0143). The factorial subroutine is then called again. This process continues until the base of the recursion is reached; in this case a pointer to the integer value is put at the top of the stack (line 011D), and a jump is made to label a10002. Here, the subroutine "del_scope" tears down the activation record on the stack and puts a pointer to the result of the function at the top of the stack. Clearly, recursion in the PHI program can be implemented by a parallel recursion in the assembly language output of the compiler.

Another feature of the output code shown in Figure 3.4 is that there is an unconditional jump around the function (lines 0103 and 014F). This is a result of the decision to output inline code in spite of the fact that functions can be called at random. There are both space and time penalties to be paid for these jumps, especially since each function must have a jump and label instruction bracketing it. However, the ultimate effect of all these jumps is to get to the label at the bottom of the program. The result is that all but one jump/label pair could be eliminated by an optimizer, making the penalty trivial. Another solution considered was to generate code for functions and the "main" program separately, then combine the two when printing the output from the code generator. This was not done for reasons put forth in the section that describes the semantic analyzer.

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Variable and constant storage is word oriented rather than byte oriented to take advantage of the 8Ø86 processor's 16 bit capability. Integers and naturals are both represented as single words, and booleans are represented as integers, either 1 or Ø. While this boolean representation is somewhat wasteful in terms of memory space, it allows for a great deal of overlapping in certain subroutines used in function calling and comparisons. It is planned to represent real numbers with two words of memory, and sequences using linked lists. Neither of these types have been fully implemented; however, there are provisions in the compiler for adding these features at a later date.

There is currently no dynamic allocation of registers. Some registers are used for specific purposes; for instance, the SI register is used to mark the top of the program stack, and of course the BP and SP registers are used to manage the machine's stack. In general, arithmetic processes take place in the AX register, using other general registers as auxiliaries as needed. When variable space is needed, the highest unused address space is allocated and, when a function is finished, only the result is saved in storage; all other value spaces are returned for use by the program.

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Error handling is probably the simplest part of the run-time routines. Any run time error such as overflow or division by zero errors will result in an appropriate error message to the user (see Appendix O for a full listing of error messages). Then, program execution will terminate and control is returned to the operating system.

C. SEMANTIC CHECKING and CODE GENERATION

The PHI compiler utilizes the recursive descent technique to perform semantic checking and code generation in one traversal of the parser tree. In most cases, tree nodes are filtered through the semcheck function, which calls various procedures based on the name of the node. These procedures, in turn, call semcheck for each of their children, and the process is repeated until the leaves of the tree are reached. The function semcheck then returns a type (e.g., integer, real, boolean), which the parent node uses to determine the semantic correctness of its subtree. With the information returned from the semcheck function, the parent procedure can do one of three things: return a type, convert one node to a different type, or declare an error condition.

Concurrent with semantic checking, code is generated. As noted above, this is assembly language code written to a buffer in memory. If an error condition is declared, however, a flag is set and code generation ends. Semantic checking will then continue until the tree is completely traversed or ten errors are accumulated; then, the semantic checking

process terminates. Unlike the parser, the semantic checker makes no attempt at error recovery; top-down checking simply continues normally from where the error was detected.

Top-down semantic checking results in a neat, trim package for the back end of the compiler. Unfortunately, there are some problems that pure top-down checking will not solve. For instance, determining if there is a one-to-one match between formals and actuals for a given function involves some detours from top-down checking, as explained below.

The scoping rules of PHI provided the largest challenge to writing the semantic checker. One solution is a multiplicity of stacks. The size of these stacks depends upon the number of its constituents visible at any one time. Usually, the proper match for an item is the one found closest to the top of the stack. However, because of the semantics of the "and" construct, checks against the variable-stack do not always follow this convention.

There are four stacks used by the semantic checker: the type-stack, the variable-stack, the definition-stack, and the and-stack. All but the type-stack are implemented as linked lists. This implementation sheds the disadvantage of static length arrays at the cost of a slight increase in memory and temporal resources. The type-stack uses a fixed-length array of 300 entries because 1) the basic types of real, boolean, integer, natural, and trivial will be accessed most frequently, because they are the building blocks of every type and sequence, and because they can be more easily accessed from an array than from a linked list, 2) a list of 300 type entries should not impose an extreme burden on the programmer, and 3) the planned implementation of sequences will be more straightforward if the type-stack is an array.

Type Name	# of Bytes	Link to Next Type

Figure 3.5
Type-Stack Entry

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The type-stack, Figure 3.5, is meant to hold both the basic type definitions and user defined type definitions. This stack holds both the name of the type and the number of bytes needed in memory to implement the type. At compiler initialization, it contains the five basic types and user defined types are added as they are encountered. The begin-end construct of the language (not implemented yet) allows declared types to be visible over a specified range. It is planned to implement this construct by setting a pointer to the top of the stack upon encountering the begin node and then popping the stack to that point after both of the node's subtrees have been checked.

Variable 1	Type For	ormal Flag Node	Pointer Lini	k to Next Entry

Figure 3.6 Variable—Stack Entry

The variable-stack, Figure 3.6, holds all of the variables, including function names, currently seen by the semantic checker. Each entry holds a pointer to the hash table containing labels, a type, a pointer to the tree node defining it, and a flag to designate whether or not it is a formal. Whenever a variable name is encountered and the name is not a call to a function and not a data definition, it is put into the variable stack. Then, when a scope is exited, the variables local to that scope are dropped from the stack. For example, after a function is defined, all of its formals are popped from the stack.

	Definition Type	Formals Pointer	Tree Node Pointer	Link to Next Entry
L				

Figure 3.7 Definitions Stack Entry

The definitions—stack, Figure 3.7, contains all of the function and variable definitions visible in a given scope; e.g., the declaration C: SR * SZ -> SB would put the definition C into the definition—stack. This entry would contain the type of C's return value (Boolean), a pointer to the tree node that contains C, and a pointer to a linked list which contains its argument types (Real and Integer). This last field will be null if the declaration is a data definition. This stack grows and shrinks in the same way as the type stack.

The authors considered combining the definitions-stack and the variable-stack because of the similarity between their fields. In fact, one of the primitive implementations was designed in this way. However, this slowed down the search for both definitions and variables considerably, and the overhead needed to implement these two as separate stacks is small: three extra functions and one extra pointer.

The need for the and-stack is derived from the scoping rules imposed by the AND construct. This construct allows a variable to be referenced before it is declared without the benefit of Pascal's forward declaration or equivalent. This is true of other constructs in PHI such as the WHERE construct. However, the AND construct cannot be parsed in such a way that the semantic checker can see all variables before they are used, because either subtree of the AND statement can define variables used by the other subtree. So, a program such as the one depicted in Figure 3.8 needs a vehicle by which it can detect that the variable d is defined later in the program. The and-stack is such a vehicle.

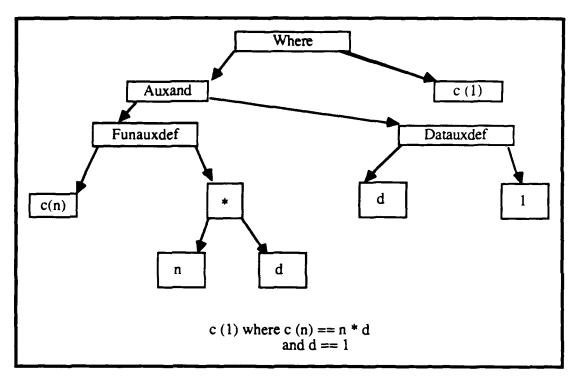


Figure 3.8 Tree With Forward Variables

When the semantic checker reaches the AUXAND node, Figure 3.8, a flag is set to indicate that AUXAND has been traversed, and a pointer is set to the top entry of the and-stack. "Notfound" is returned from the semcheck function when the variable d is reached, but, since the AND condition has been set, a pointer to d is put in the and-stack. Note that d is later defined in a data definition (DATAUXDEF node), and when both the left and right subtrees of AUXAND have been checked, all variables in the and-stack are checked against variables in the variable-stack. If a match is found, d is defined and removed from the and-stack. In the event that a variable is not found when the AUXAND node's complete subtree has been checked, an error condition (UNDEFINED VARIABLE) would be set. The semantic checker would recognize this condition because the top of the and-stack would not be equal to the mark placed at the top of the stack when the AUXAND node was entered. Nested AUXANDS are possible, but they pose no problem because the top of the and-stack is marked when the auxand node is traversed.

Variables and functions are represented in the run-time by a call to an assembly language subroutine, and each subroutine must have a discrete name. Also, there are several labels found throughout the program, and each of these must have a name. These names are generated by the "name" function found in the sem_u.c module. Each name begins with the letter "a", followed by 6 digits. Examples can be seen in Figure 3.4.

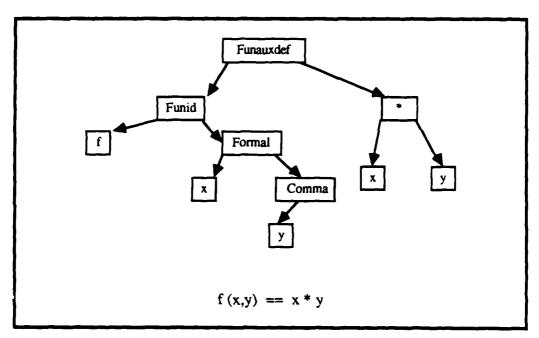


Figure 3. 9
Tree for Function f

Function definitions presented a problem that was solved with a deviation from pure top-down semantic checking. When a function definition (FUNAUXDEF in Figure 3.9) is encountered by semantic checker, the following procedure would be followed (see Figure 3.10) for the function definition entry):

funid node:

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check for definition-stack entry for "f"

if not found

return (ERROR)

get a pointer to the first formal of f

get a pointer to the first formal of definitions-stack entry

while both pointers <> Nil do

```
put variable in varstack; use type pointed to by the formal list
                             advance both pointers
                    end while loop
                    if not (both pointers == nil)
                             return (FORMALS MISMATCH)
                    else
                             put "f" in the variable-stack
                             return (Type of f = INTEGER)
                    end else
            end.
            funauxdef_node:
                    left type = semcheck (Left Child)
                    right type = semcheck (Right Child)
                    if (left type <> right type)
                             call a procedure which will either
                             convert the right type to the left type or set an error flag.
                    endif
            end.
When a function is called with arguments, a similar process takes place (refer to
                             Input is a pointer to the actualist node
            actualist:
                                      Output is error condition
                    Check definitions-stack for "f"
                    if "f" not found
                              set error (FUNCTION DEFINITION NOT FOUND)
                     set elistptr to first element of element list
                     elist (elistptr)
                     check var stack for "f"
                             if found.
                                      generate code to call "f"
                             if not found
                                      if and_flag = TRUE
                                               put "f" in the and stack
                                      else
                                               set error (FUNCTION NOT DEFINED)
            end.
                     Input is a pointer to the element list node
                     if pointer->rptr <> nil
                             elist (pointer->rptr)
                     check type of element against corresponding formal type
                     if types don't match
                              set error (IMPROPER ARGUMENT TYPE)
```

Figure 3.11):

else

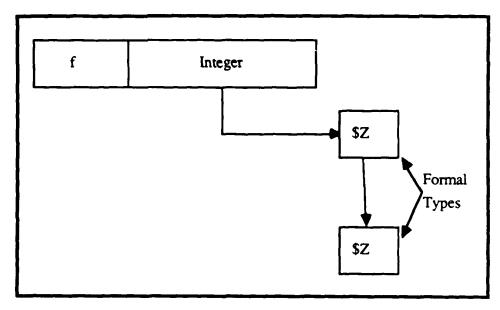


Figure 3.1Ø
Definitions—Table Entry For Function f

Type conversions are implemented in the semantic checker, albeit the code generator does not yet support this feature. The function hnumconvert (half number-convert, found in the module sem0) will check to see if a conversion of the right subtree of a node to the left subtree type should be accomplished. This is useful for function definitions, where the body of the function may be converted to the type the function returns, but the converse is not acceptable. In addition, the function numconvert (found in the sem0 module) will convert either the left tree type or the right tree type of a node. This is useful for certain arithmetic operations. The semantic checker considers integer—to—real and natural—to—real conversions to be legal. Natural to integer conversions are not implicitly done, since both of these types are represented in exactly the same way. On the other hand, an attempt to return an integer value for a function which has a declared type of natural will result in an error.

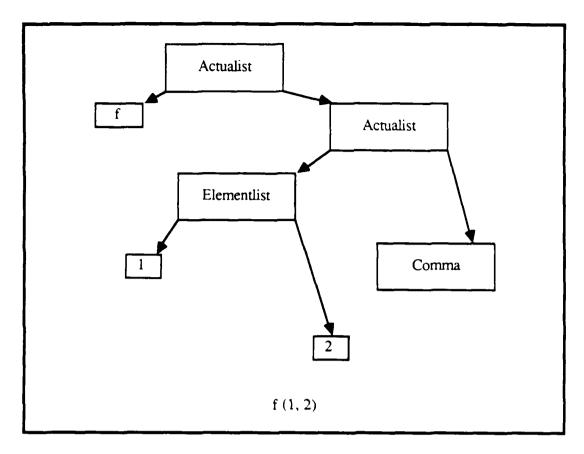


Figure 3.11
Tree for Function Call

Variables of simple type (i.e, natural, integer, or real) need not be declared before use, although such a declaration may be made. If a variable is undeclared when defined by a data definition, the semantic checker will attempt to classify it. If the semantic checker expects to find a boolean value, the variable is easily classified as a boolean and an entry is put into the variable table. If a numeric variable is expected, the semantic checker will try to type it as an integer; failing this, it will be classified as a real number. However, the AND construct alters this somewhat. If a variable is used before it is defined by a data definition, it must have been defined using the LETDEF construct.

As noted in the section on run-time, some thought was given to generating all functions and data definitions to one buffer and the "main" program which calls these functions to another buffer. However, this would be an inefficient use of memory space,

since one buffer might run out of space while the other is under-utilized. Although there is a proliferation of jump calls in the output using one buffer, an optimizer could easily eliminate all but one call, as noted above.

D. OPTIMIZATION

There is no optimization module implemented in the PHI compiler. In this section an attempt will be made to identify three types of optimization which are suitable for implementation. Also, a small dissertation on what optimizations should not be considered is included.

The first suitable type of optimization is constant folding. The purpose of constant folding is to eliminate multiple consecutive constants in arithmetic expressions [Ref 3:p. 612], and the function **numconvert** in module **sem0** makes an excellent structure in which to implement this optimization. This is because most arithmetic operations call this function. It would be straightforward to put a function that tests the left and right children of an operand node to see if they are constants, then perform the operation in the compiler and generate code for a constant call. However, since the division operators do not call **numconvert**, the constant folding function would have to be inserted in **idiv** and **rdiv** also.

The other two optimizations are post-code generation optimizations. The first one considered is jump optimization. This should be the most worthwhile to implement: if the number of functions and data definitions is $n, n > \emptyset$, there will be n - 1 unnecessary unconditional jump statements and labels.

These jump statements can be eliminated by replacing the first "jmp" statement with a jump to the last label in the code; then, because "jmp" is not used for anything except to circumnavigate functions and data definitions, all other unconditional jumps and their labels can be eliminated.

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The last type of optimization is a form of peephole optimization. Occasionally, there will be a "call ppush" statement followed by a "call ppop" statement. This is unnecessary, and can be eliminated. The 8Ø86 assembly code equivalent of "push followed by popshould not occur in the present design.

Dead code optimization eliminates code inside a jump when that code contains no labels. It is not necessary to implement this type of optimization with the current design, since unconditional jumps are only used to bracket functions and definitions. However, if one accepts the premise that programmers occasionally make mistakes, it might be worthwhile to keep track of which functions are called and eliminate code for those which are not. A message to the programmer concerning this circumstance would be useful, too

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IV. RESULTS & CONCLUSIONS

A. RESULTS

The implementation described in this study demonstrates the design and implementation of a compiler for the functional programming language PHI. Since this implementation is a prototype, it does not possess all of the qualities desirable in a full implementation. However, the necessary hooks are present and the design is mature enough to allow expanding the prototype to a full implementation.

The PHI compiler front—end implements machine independent lexical and syntactic analyzers. This implementation is complete and faithfully follows the syntax of PHI—based on the design of the language as of Ø7 January 1987. In deciding which modules to include in the front—end and back—end, the authors were originally guided by the traditional methodology of placing the analysis functions in the front—end and generative functions in the back—end [Ref. 8:p. 2Ø]. However, as the design of the PHI compiler progressed, the authors removed semantic analysis from the front—end and combined it with code generation. This produced a one—pass semantic analysis/code generation phase.

The PHI compiler back—end implements a machine dependent one—pass semantic analyzer and Intel 8Ø86 code generator. The semantic analyzer implements the basic constructs of PHI: functions and data definitions may be defined, and the integer, natural number, real number, and boolean types are fully implemented. Implementation of code generation is congruent to that of the semantic analyzer, with the exception that the real number data type has not been implemented.

B. CONCLUSIONS

It is possible, using traditional technologies to design and implement a compiler for the functional programming language PHI. It is not possible to utilize either pure recursive descent or pure deterministic techniques for this implementation. The syntax/semantics of the language forced a degree of non-determinism, and one instance of back-tracking was required in the PHI compiler front-end.

The overall design is highly modularized facilitating the understanding of concept and implementation. The authors think that this approach will greatly reduce maintenance costs and provide greater flexibility in making changes and additions to the PHI programming environment. It should be possible, for example, to use the front—end described in this thesis to drive a PHI interpreter. Being able to abstract out this front—end and use it without change should make the implementation of a PHI interpreter relatively simple. Modularizing the design also increases portability of the compiler to other machines. To demonstrate portability, the authors recompiled the front—end and executed it on a 68000 based processor. This was accomplished with no modifications to the source program, just replacement of C run—time header files for the new target machine.

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Removing the semantic analyzer from the front-end permitted coupling semantic analysis with code generation. The fixed-length buffer design of the code generator is suitable for this prototype implementation but should be redesigned utilizing dynamic buffer allocation methods in follow on implementations. The authors think that utilizing a single pass through the parse tree is practical for the basic constructs of PHI and believe this methodology is suitable for future designs of the PHI compiler.

V. FURTHER RESEARCH

Further research may be broken down into two major areas: short and long range projects. The former may be further broken down into two main areas: adding unimplemented features and improving the PHI programming environment. On the other hand, all long-range projects involve only the programming environment. All of these areas are discussed below.

In the prototype of the PHI compiler, both Real and Compound variable types remain unimplemented. Compound variable types consist of sequences, the Trivial type, user defined types, and tuples. Although all of these are recognized by the parser, the semantic checker will not recognize complex types and no code will be generated. The Real type is recognized by the semantic checker, which can discern if conversion from an integer or natural type should be accomplished; however, no code is generated to implement this type in the run-time structures. Note also that operators which operate solely on complex types and reals (e.g., the real divide and concatenate operators) are not implemented.

One other operator not implemented is the "I->" operator. In addition, argument bindings, functionals, and FILEs are not recognized by either the semantic checker or the code generator.

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Short-range improvements to the PHI environment may come either after a full implementation is accomplished or may be developed concurrently with the full implementation. Admittedly, the current environment is analogous to instrumentation on a helicopter: there is just enough to know that the system is running! The environment could be improved by implementing the interactive mode of PHI, as opposed to the current batch mode. A sample interactive session of PHI may be found in [Ref. 1:pp 1-17]. Also, an interpreter would be a good starting point toward developing a practical, working

environment for PHI. As noted above, the front end of the prototype compiler may be adapted for this purpose; alternatively, due to the structual similarities between PHI and LISP, an ambitious researcher may wish to write an interpreter in LISP.

One final short-range improvement which is not covered by either category would be to allow more than 64K of run-time memory. It would be worthwhile to take advantage of the large amount of memory most modern microcomputers have, especially since sequences and recursion, upon which PHI is based, gobbles up memory with abandon.

When the PHI compiler becomes a serious user's tool, some long-range research will become viable. Sophisticated input and output would be a vital consideration, and the minimal I/O methods now in use would need substantial improvement. The most ambitious researchers in this direction should consider a bit-mapped display with the possibility of a syntax-directed editor. Also, based on the authors' limited experience in PHI programming, a debugger would be a necessary tool for the serious programmer.

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APPENDIX A THE FUNCTIONAL LANGUAGE PHI — Φ

(concrete syntax of $\Phi = 10/16/86$)

GRAMMATICAL NOTATION:

Both
$$\{C_1, C_2, ..., C_n\}$$
 and $\left\{\begin{array}{c} C_1 \\ C_2 \\ \vdots \\ C_n \end{array}\right\}$ mean exactly one of $C_1, C_2, ..., C_n$.

Similarly,
$$[C_1 \mid ... \mid C_n]$$
 and $\begin{bmatrix} C_1 \\ \vdots \\ C_n \end{bmatrix}$ mean at most one of $C_1,...,C_n$. The notation $[C^*]$

means zero or more Cs; 'C+' means one or more Cs; 'CD ...' means a list of one or more Cs separated by Ds. Terminal symbols are quoted when they could be confused with metasymbols.

Grammar:

FORMALS =
$$\left\{ \begin{array}{ll} ID \\ (FORMALS, ...) \end{array} \right\}$$

EXPRESSION =
$$[EXPRESSION \lor] CONJUNCTION$$

CONJUNCTION = [CONJUNCTION
$$\land$$
] NEGATION

NEGATION = $\{\sim\}$ RELATION

RELATION = [SIMPLEXP RELATOR] SIMPLEXP

RELATOR = $\{ = | \neq | > | < | \leq | \geq | \in | \notin \}$

SIMPLEXP = [SIMPLEXEP ADDOP] TERM

ADDOP = $\{+ | - | : | ^{\Lambda} \}$

TERM = [TERM MULOP] FACTOR

 $MULOP = \{ X | / | + \}$

FACTOR = $\begin{bmatrix} + \\ - \end{bmatrix}$ primary

 $PRIMARY = \begin{cases} APPLICATION \\ PRIMARY \\ APPLICATION \end{cases}$

APPLICATION = [APPLICATION] ACTUAL

ACTUAL =

\begin{cases}
ID \\
DENOTATION \\
CONDITIONAL \\
COMPOUND \\
ARGBINDING \\
BLOCK \\
FILE 'CHAR+'
\end{cases}

DENOTATION = $\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{'CHAR*'} \\ \text{DIGIT*} [.DIGIT*] \\ \text{FORMALS} \longrightarrow \text{ACTUAL} \end{array} \right\}$

CONDITIONAL = IF ARM ELSIF ... [ELSE EXPRESSION] ENDIF

ARM = EXPRESSION THEN EXPRESSION

COMPOUND = { (ELEMENTS) '{'ELEMENTS'}' < ELEMENTS >

ELEMENTS = [QUALEXP,...]

ARGBINDING = $'['] \left\{ \begin{array}{c} OP \\ OP QUALEXP \\ QUALEXP OP \end{array} \right\}$

OP = {, | RELATOR | ADDOP | MULOP | ! }

BLOCK = BEGIN BLOCKBODY END

DEFS = DEF AND ...

TYPEEXP = TYPEDOM [\rightarrow TYPEEXP]

TYPEDOM = TYPETERM [+ TYPEDOM]

TYPETERM = TYPEFAC [X TYPETERM]

TYPEFAC = $\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{TYPEPRIMARY} \\ \text{TYPEPRIMARY}^* \\ \text{ID << TYPEEXP, ... >>} \end{array} \right\}$

TYPEPRIMARY = $\left\{ \begin{array}{l} ID \\ PRIMTYPE \\ (TYPEEXP) \end{array} \right\}$

PRIMTYPE = $\{ \mathbf{R} \mid \mathbf{Z} \mid \mathbf{N} \mid \mathbf{B} \mid 1 \mid \mathbf{TYPE} \}$

For batch use, a program is considered a BLOCKBODY; for interactive use it is considered a SESSION:

SESSION = COMMAND⁺

COMMAND = $\left\{ \begin{array}{ll} \text{DEF} \\ \text{QUALEXP} \end{array} \right\}$;

APPENDIX B

THE FUNCTIONAL LANGUAGE PHI — Φ

(CONCRETE SYNTAX OF $\Phi = \emptyset3/\emptyset3/87$)

GRAMMATICAL NOTATION:

Both '{
$$C_1,C_2,\ldots,C_n$$
}' and $\left\{ \begin{array}{c} C_1\\C_2\\\vdots\\C_n \end{array} \right\}$ mean exactly one of $C_1,\ C_2,\ldots,\ C_n.$

Similarly, '[C₁ | ... | C_n]' and
$$\begin{bmatrix} C_1 \\ \vdots \\ C_n \end{bmatrix}$$
 mean at most one of C₁,..., C_n. The notation 'C*'

means zero or more Cs; 'C+' means one or more Cs; 'CD ...' means a list of one or more Cs separated by Ds. Terminal symbols are quoted when they could be confused with metasymbols.

Grammar:

DEF =
$$[REC]$$
 { [ID, ... : TYPEEXP {BE | IS }] [ID] FORMALS = QUALEXP }
TYPE ID [FORMALS] = TYPEEXP

FORMALS =
$$\left\{ \begin{array}{ll} ID \\ (FORMALS, ...) \end{array} \right\}$$

CONJUNCTION = [CONJUNCTION
$$\land$$
] NEGATION

```
NEGATION = [ \sim ] RELATION
```

RELATOR =
$$\{ = | \neq | > | < | \leq | \geq | \in | \notin | \rightarrow \}$$

ADDOP =
$$\{+ | - | : | ^ | + | ' | ' | ' \}$$

$$MULOP = \{X \mid / \mid \div \mid \circ \mid ; \mid X \}$$

FACTOR =
$$\begin{bmatrix} + \\ - \end{bmatrix}$$
 PRIMARY

$$PRIMARY = \begin{cases} APPLICATION \\ PRIMARY \\ APPLICATION \end{cases}$$

DENOTATION =
$$\begin{cases} 'CHAR^*' \\ DIGIT^+ [.DIGIT^+] \\ NIL \\ FORMALS | \rightarrow ACTUAL \end{cases}$$

ARGBINDING =
$$\begin{bmatrix} OP \\ OP ACTUAL \\ ACTUAL OP \end{bmatrix}$$

のこととのできる。 「これではないのでは、 ではないないのでは、 ではないないのでは、 ではないないない。

CALL CALL

BLOCK = BEGIN BLOCKBODY END

DEFS = DEF AND ...

TYPEEXP = TYPEDOM [\rightarrow TYPEEXP]

TYPEDOM = TYPETERM [+ TYPEDOM]

TYPETERM = TYPEFAC [X TYPETERM]

TYPEFAC = { TYPEPRIMARY* TYPEPRIMARY [ACTUAL] }

TYPEPRIMARY = $\begin{cases} ID [* TYPEEXP, ... *] \\ PRIMTYPE \\ (TYPEEXP) \end{cases}$

PRIMTYPE = $\{ \mathbf{R} + \mathbf{Z} + \mathbf{N} + \mathbf{B} + \mathbf{1} + \mathbf{TYPE} \}$

For batch use, a program is considered a BLOCKBODY; for interactive use it is considered a SESSION:

SESSION = COMMAND+

nerozana errenden errenden entreten errenden errenden errenden errenden errenden

COMMAND = $\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{LET DEF} \\ \text{QUALEXP} \end{array} \right\}$;

APPENDIX CASCII REPRESENTATION OF $-\Phi$

Reference ASCII ≡ == < LESS ≤ <= > >= ≠ <>> ∈ IN NOTIN V A A A A A A Ai A ! i T* T @ R \$R Z \$Z N B 1 \$1					
<pre> < LESS <= >>=</pre>	Reference	ASCII			
≤	≡	==			
>	<	LESS			
≠	≤	<=			
E IN NOTIN V NOTIN V NOTIN V N N N N N N N N N N N N	>	>=			
<pre></pre>	≠	<>			
∨ ∨ ∧ ~ x / / + % -> ^ -> > -> > -> > -> > -><	€	IN			
^	€	NOTIN			
~ x	\	V			
/ + % → -> ^ \	^	٨			
/	~	~			
+ % → -> ^ \^	x	*			
→	/	/ /			
^	÷	%			
H→ I-> Ai A!i T* T@ R \$R Z \$Z N \$N B \$B	\rightarrow	->			
Ai A!i T* T@ R \$R Z \$Z N \$N B \$B		i ^ [
T* T@ R \$R Z \$Z N \$N B \$B	\mapsto	l->			
R \$R \$R \$Z \$Z \$N \$SN \$B \$SB	A_i	A!i			
R \$R Z \$Z N \$N B \$B	T*	Т@			
N \$N \$B	R				
B \$B	Z	\$Z			
1	И	\$N			
1 51	B	\$B			
	1	\$1			

APPENDIX D THE FUNCTIONAL LANGUAGE—Φ

(RIGHT-RECURSIVE GRAMMAR)

Note: (...) means zero or more occurrences

(...) means one or more occurrences

(...)ⁿ means from zero to n occurrences

(x | y) means either x or y, but not both

BLOCK ::= BEGIN BLOCKBODY END

BLOCKBODY ::= LET DEFS; BLOCKBODY

QUALEXP

DEFS ::= DEF (AND DEFS)

DEF $::= (ID)^1 \text{ FORMALS } \equiv \text{QUALEXP}$

ID: TYPEEXP

TYPE ID $(FORMALS)^1 \equiv TYPEEXP$

QUALEXP ::= EXPRESSION (WHERE AUXDEFS).

AUXDEFS ::= AUXDEF (AND AUXDEF)*

AUXDEF ::= $(ID)^1$ FORMALS \equiv EXPRESSION

FORMALS ::= (FORMALS (FORMALS)))

D

EXPRESSION ::= CONJUNCTION (V CONJUNCTION)

CONJUNCTION ::= NEGATION(\(\Lambda \) NEGATION)

NEGATION $::= (\sim)^1$ RELATION

RELATION ::= SIMPLEXEP (RELATOR SIMPLEXE)

```
RELATOR
                ::= =
                   LESS
                   GREATER
                   ≥
                   €
 SIMPLEXP
                ::= TERM (ADDOP TERM)
 ADDOP
                ∷= +
 TERM
               ::= FACTOR (MULOP FACTOR)
 MULOP
 FACTOR
                = + PRIMARY
                  - PRIMARY
                  PRIMARY
PRIMARY
               = APPLICATION (! APPLICATION)
APPLICATION
                = (ACTUAL)*
ACTUAL
                = ID
                  DENOTATION
                  CONDITIONAL
                  COMPOUND
                  ARGBINDING
                  BLOCK
                  FILE '(CHAR)'
                                     Note CHAR can = ASCII 32
                                                                 ASCII 126
DENOTATION
                = '(CHAR)
                                     Note CHAR can = ASCII 32
                                                                 ASCII 126
                  (DIGIT)+
                                     Note Digit can = () 9
                  (DIGIT)* . (DIGIT)*
                  FORMALS | - ACTUAL
D
                = ALF (ALFNEM!
                                     Note ALF can to a x x x Z
                                     ALFNIM can = a > \lambda > Z () \alpha
               - IF ARM (ELNIF ARM) (FLNE EXPRESSION - ENDIE
CONDITIONAL
ARM
               = EXPRESSION THEN EXPRESSION
```

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```
::= ((ELEMENTS)^{1})
COMPOUND
                 { (ELEMENTS) 1 }
                 < (ELEMENTS)1 >
              ::= QUALEXP(,QUALEXP)
ELEMENTS
ARGBINDING
              ::= \{op\}
                 [ OP QUALEXP ]
                 [ QUALEXP OP ]
OP
                 RELATOR
                  ADDOP
                  MULOP
              ::= TYPEDOM ( → TYPEDOM)
TYPEEXP
              ::= TYPETERM (+ TYPETERM)
TYPEDOM
              ::= TYPEFAC ( * TYPEFAC)*
TYPETERM
              := TYPEPRIMARY@
TYPEFAC
                  TYPEPRIMARY
                  ID <<TYPEEXP (,TYPEEXP) >>
              := (TYPEEXP)
TYPEPRIMARY
                  ID
                 PRIMTYPE
              = \mathbb{R}
PRIMTYPE
                  Z
                  H
                  TYPE
```

FOR INTERACTIVE IMPLEMENTATION OF Φ

SESSION := (COMMAND)*

COMMAND := (DEF | QUALEXP);

and the state of the

APPENDIX E ROCK COMPILER HEADER FILES

```
* THIS FILE CONTAINS HEADER FILES REQUIRED BY THE ROCK COMPILER
**********************
                              PUBLIC DOMAIN SOFTWARE
* Name : scanner definitions
* File : scanner.h
           : scanner.h
          : Maj E.J. COLE / Capt J.E. CONNELL
* Authors
* Started : 10/10/86
* Archived : 12/11/86
* Modified : 01/10/87 - Update keywords JC
* This file contains definitions used by the scanner, parser, and
* error recovery routines.
* Modified : 01/10/87 Corrections to comply with latest definitions *
            of the language and update keywords. JC
*ifagef EOF_
∗sefice ECF
*define FALSE
≉sefire IPUE
*setine BYTENUM
                                          * system dependent - sizeit in - *
                                          * really 18, ranges from . - .
*define MAX KEYWORDS 11
* Length of sir, le chard + 6 % +
*defire MAXLINE
*sefine TABLESIZE 103
                                          * mash const size it hammathail. *
                      /* General Token Types */
          /* Listing of symbols can be found at end of list */
•sefire ESIN
#det ne DEQ_
#detine NEQ
*seture ST_SEQUENCE
#derine GEQ
#301.00 FND_SEQUENCE
≢setire 💥
#ietine ADD
#ietine 38
#ietjing M
# pation a word
* Jet Jack 9
```

```
#define COMMA
                       : 7
#define LTPAREN
                       18
#define RTPAREN_
                       19
#define EQUIV_
                       20
#define ORLOG
                       21
*define ANDLOG_
                       22
*define NEGLOG_
                       23
*define COLON_
*define CAT_
                       25
*define LTBRAKET_
                       26
*define RTBRAKET_
                       27
*define LTSQUIG_
                       28
#define RTSQUIG
                       29
*aefine EMPT_LIT_
                       30
#define RTARROW_
                       31
#define LINERTARROW_
                       32
#define LITERAL
                       33
*define IDENTIFIER_
                       74
*define CONSTANT_
                       35
*define REAL
                       36
*define INTEGER
                       37
*define NATURAL_
                       38
*define BOOLEAN
                       39
*define TRIVIAL
                       40
#define CHAR
                       41
*define STRING
                       42
#define STAR_
                       43
*define POS_
                       44
*define NEG
                       45
*define KW_
                                                     /* KEYWORD
                       46
/* eof, error, unknown token, <=, <>, <, >=, +, -, *, \S, /, ;, !,
., (, ), ==, \/, /\, ~, :, ^, [, ], (, }, '', ->, !->, literal,
identifier, constant, $R, $Z, $N, $B,$1, character, string, @,
unary plus, unary minus, keyword
                                    /* Keywords */
*define AND
*define BEGIN_
*mefine ELSE
*define ELSIF
*define END
*metine ENDIE
*ief.ne FILE
# mefine GREATER
≉define IE
#define IN
⇒mefine LE3S
#define LET
*iet.me NOTIN
* set "e READ
* Tet . Te THEN
*det de TYPE
* ie', 'e WHERE
* ie', 'e WRITE
```

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```
PUBLIC DOMAIN SOFTWARE
        * Name : parser definitions * File : parser.h
        * Authors : Maj E.J. COLE / Capt J.E. CONNELL * Started : 10/20/86 * Archived : 12/11/86
        * Modified : 01/12/87 - update NodeStruct definition JC
         * This file contains definitions used by the parser
        **********************
       * Modified : 01/10/87 - update NodeStruct to hold the type of the *
                                                                                              node
      *ifrdef LETDEF
     *setine LETDEF
    *define | DEFAND
*define | KINDEF
    *mefine FUNID
     *define FUNDER
    #define DATADER
   #define TDEFID
#define TDEFFUN
#define DATAAUXDE
  *defire DATAAUXDEF 19
*sefire FUNAUXDEF 81
*sefire AUXAND
   #define ACTUALLIST
 #left.re SEQUENCE
#deft.re FORMAL
                                                                                                                                     a :
                                                                                                                                     94
   *mefire Ellist
                                                                                                                                      45
  #define EMPTYCOMPOUND 88
  #define FMPTYSEQUENCE 93
 #define ARGBINDOP and #define ARGBRANDOP 42
                                                                                                                              +2
+3
  #setire (YPEP) (S
 *iet, a TypyTiwsg
                                                                                                                               +4
 eset re
                                               TYPEFXF113T +5
# tet jie
                                                     ....
#sefice Albert
 *le*, e -44 4
*:efine 4 - silts
Type set of Nobellype:
Control NodeStript
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                                                                          . 45.64
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               * Altropological Armonia
                                                                              1 1 11
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                \label{eq:continuous_problem} \bullet = \{ \mathbf{a} \in \mathbb{R}^{n} \mid \mathbf{a} \in \mathbb{R
```

```
/* left ptr
/* right ptr
                                                                               struct NodeStruct
                                                                                                                                                                         *lptr;
                                                                               struct NodeStruct *rptr;
                                                                                7.7
                                                                    typedef struct NodeStruct NodeRec, *nodal;
                                                                    NodeRec =CreateNode();
                                                                                                     *NodeName();
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               /* global var=list number errors *
                                                                   extern int __num_errors; extern int __argpind;
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                /* during scan and parse
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                /* global flag - used to make PHI *
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 /* deterministic
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 /* def used from <stdlibs.n> */
                                                                    extern char *calloc();
                                                                    extern char *malloc();
                                                                    extern ErrorHandler();
                                                                    extern WriteErrors();
exter Noteber (TreateNose);
extern MaceNewBooth()
extern MaceNewBooth()
extern (MaceNewBooth())
extern (Mac(Noteber));
extern (Mac(Notebe
                                                                                   /******************* External Utility Functions ***************/
```

```
**********
                          PUBLIC DOMAIN SOFTWARE
* Name
          : error file definitions
           : erors.h
* Authors : Maj E.J. COLE / Capt J.E. CONNELL
* Started : 01/20/87
* Archived : Ø4/Ø7/87
* Modified :
  ************
* This file contains definitions used by the error recovery routines. *
*********
* Modified
#ifndef MAXERRORS
#define MAXERRORS 10
/******************** PARSER ERRORS *************************
#define ERRO
                                          /* '. ' or '!- ' w/o '>'
#define ERR1
                                          /* RESERVED FOR FUTURE USE
                                                                       * /
               1
#define ERR2
                                          /* '\' w/o '/' -- bad logical OR */
#define ERR3
                                          /* '$' w/o proper following cnar */
#define ERR4
#define ERR5
                                          /* invalid numeric constant
                4
                                          /* literal w/o ending
                5
#define ERR6
                                          /* unidentified char in input file*/
                6
*define ERR7
                                          /* out of memory
#define ERR8
                                          /* error in statement following
                                          /* 'xx'
#define ERR9
               9
                                          /* error in type definition
                                          /* following 'xx'
#define ERR a
              10
                                          /* unable to complete eval of
                                          /* the blockbody
#define ERR b
                                          /* missing or misplaced ; after
              11
                                          /* definition
#define ERR c
                                          /* invalid QualExp
               12
*define ERR d
               13
                                          /* invalid TypeExp
#define ERR e
                                          /* bad or missing formals
               : 4
#define ERR_f
                                          /* missing or misplaced
              15
#define ERR_g
              16
                                          /* missing ID after 'TYPE'
#define ERR_i
#define ERR_i
               17
                                          /* bad definition after AND
               18
                                          /* missing or bad AuxDef after
                                          /* WHERE
*define ERR j
             19
                                          /* missing or misplaced ')'
*define ERR k
                                          /* error in processing
              20
                                          /* successive Actuals
#define ERR 1
                                          /* missing literal after keyword
             21
                                          /* FILE"
#define ERR_m
              22
                                          /* missing or invalid exp after
                                          /* keyword ==>
#define ERR n
              2.3
                                          /* IF statement w/o ENDIF
*define ERR o
              24
                                          /* error in formals preceding =>
#define ERR_p
                                          * missing or invalid QualExp
              25
                                           * following comma op
#define ERR q
                                          /* error in ArgBinding - shenk
                                          ** QualExp or
                                          /* off in OZONE-unimplemented
#define ERR r 27
                                          feature
```

```
ERR_s
#define
                 28
#define ERR_t
                29
#define ERR u
                30
#define ERR_v
                 31
#define ERR w
                 32
        ERR_x
#define
                33
#define
        ERR_y
                 34
#define
        ERR_z
                 35
             /* NOTE: s through z reserved for future use */
/***************** SEMANTIC ERRORS ***************
#define
        ERR_aa
                35
                                              /* Numeric value expected
#define
        ERR_bb
                 35
                                              /* Natural expected
#define
        ERR cc
                 35
                                              /* Integer or natural expected
*define
        ERR dd
                35
                                              /* Error in Tuple Definition
#define ERR ee
                35
                                              /* Undefined var in "and" scope
#define ERR_ff
                35
                                              /* Function w/o function def
       ERR_gg
#define
                35
                                              /* Formals mismatch
        ERR_hh
#define
                35
                                              /* Undefined function
#define
        ERR ii
                 35
                                              /* Real Number expected
        ERR_j;
*define
                35
                                              /* Invalid Constant
                                              /* Boolean value Expected
#define
        ERR_kk
                35
                                              /* Boolean Operator Expected
#define
        ERR 11 35
#define
        ERR_mm 35
                                              /* Out of run-time memory space
```

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#endif

```
PUBLIC DOMAIN SOFTWARE
* Name . : Semantic Definitions Header File
          : Semcheck.h
* File : Semcheck.h
* Authors : Maj E.J. COLE / Capt J.E. CONNELL
* Started : 01/01/87
* Archived : 04/10/87
* Modified : 04/13/87 "FILENAME" eliminated EC
* This file contains the header file and definitions for the semantic *
* checker and code generator of the PHI compiler
************
* Modified : 04/13/87 "FILENAME" eliminated; output path now
              depends on user's input EC
**************
/******************************* Externals ****************************/
#include <scanner.h>
#include <parser.h>
#include <errors.h>
#include <stdio.h>
#define NOTFOUND 0
                                         /* Definition for findvar */
                                         /* Type Definitions and sizes */
*define UNTYPED 0
#define BOOLEAN 1
*define BOL BYTES 2
#define REAL 2
#define REAL_BYTES 4
#define INTEGER 3
#define INT BYTES 2
#define NATURAL 4
#define NAT_BYTES 2
#define ERROR 0
#define MAXADDR 64000
                                         /* Max # of bytes in var space
#define MAXTYPES 300
                                          /* Max # of types in one scope
*define CODE SIZE 20000
                                         /* Max size of code buffer
#define START_ADDR 0
#define TYPE_INIT 5
                                          /* Starting address for varspace *'
                                         /* Pointer to the last initial
                                         /* typetable entry
#define CNTRL_Z 26
#define ENDSTRING 0
                                         /* Control Z ascii
                                         /* String terminator
#define NUM BASE 48
                                         /* Lowest ascii number
                                         /* Increase in stack size
#define STACKSIZE 10000
#define SIZEBUFFER 30000
                                         /* Size of output buffer
*define ADD 1
                                          /* Sem check codes for arith cos *
*define SUB 2
*define DIVIDE 3
*define MULT 4
#define SEM ERR 0
                                          /* flag to indicate semantic
                                          /* error follows
*ifndef NULL
 #define NULL 0
```

and the state of t

#endif

```
Type Definitions
typedef int optype,
                                          /* Arithmetic operations
                                          /* Generic flag type
      FLAG,
      PHITYPE;
                                          /* Types found in language
typedef char stg [20];
                                          /* Assembly language code names
                                         /* Pointer to and table entries */
typedef struct and_struct *and ptr;
/***************************** Typetable Definitions ***************/
typedef struct typenode (
                                         /* Typetable entries
        char name [10];
        int bytes;
        struct typenode *typeptr;
            } tnode;
/* Formal stack
typedef struct formnode {
               int name, type;
                                         /* formname, formtype
         struct formnode *link;
                                         /* Link for list
         } fnode;
/********************* Vartable Definitions **************/
typedef struct varnode (
                                         /* Entry for variable stack
                                         /* varname, vartype
        int type,
                                         /* Flag set if var is a formal */
           form,
           def;
                                         /* True if var is a definition
        nodal nptr;
                                         /* ptr to defining node
                                         /* ptr to formals
        fnode *fptr;
                                         /* Link for list
        struct varnode *link;
           } *varptr;
/******************* Deftable Definitions *******************/
typedef struct defnode {
                                          /* varname, vartype
        int type;
        nodal nptr;
                                          /* ptr to defining node
        fnode *fptr;
                                         /* ptr to formals
        struct defnode *link;
                                         /* Link for list
           *defptr;
/************************* And Definitions ******************/
struct and struct
                                         /* Structure for and lists
      inodal ptr;
                                          /* Ptr to nodal containing Var name
       int buffptr;
                                         /* Ptr to buffer where
                                         /* name is called
        struct and struct *link;
                                         /* Link for linked list
```

```
/***********************
                       PUBLIC DOMAIN SOFTWARE
* Name : User Header
* File : user.h
* File : user.h

* Authors : Maj E.J. COLE / Capt J.E. CONNELL

* Started : 04/01/87

* Archived : 04/10/87
* Modified :
* This file is the header file for the user interface module
************
* Modified :
****************
/* Max size of input file rame - *
#define BUFFLENGTH 30
                                      /* directory
#define NOTFOUND 0
#define BSIZE 1000
                                      /* Input buffer size
*define BLOCKSIZE 50
                                      /* Input block size
*define BACKSPACE 8
                                       /* ASCII Equivilents
*define EOLN 13
#define ESCAPE 27
*define GETPROGRAM "Program to Compile -> " /* Messages to observer
#define HEADER1 "ROCK COMPILER"
*define HEADER2 "Press Escape Key to Exit Compiler"
*define FILE1 ERROR "File not Found"
*define FILE2_ERROR "Press ESCAPE to exit, any other key to continue"
#define WAIT "Compiling: Please Wait"
*define PAUSE "PRESS ANY KEY TO CONTINUE"
*define ERRORFILE "errors.phi"
                                      /* Textfile of errors
```

APPENDIX F ROCK COMPILER — MAIN MODULE

```
* PUBLIC DOMAIN SOFTWARE
          : Main Rock Module
* Name
* File
          : Rock_main.c
* Authors : Maj E.J. COLE / Capt J.E. CONNELL
* Started : 01/06/87
* Archived : 04/10/87
* Modified : 04/13/87 Output files put to vdisk EC
* This file contains the following modules for the PHI compiler:
       R Initial
                               Semcheck
                                                      Main
* Algorithm :
    This contains the main procedure for the phi compiler, in add-
* ition to the initialization procedure & the main semantic checking
* procedure. The main module inits the program, sets up the screen
* by calling "user ()", & decides whether an error routine needs
* to be called. It also closes out the input file.
    The "semcheck procedure is designed to be called by any function
* with a ptr to a parse tree node as an argument. It will then
* determine which sub-module is necessary to check the node.
    "R Initial" presently has the function of initializing the type
 table.
* Modified: 04/13/87 Output files written to vdisk, "d:" EC
   ************************ Externals **************************
#.fm.ude <semoneck.b>
extern void o_startup (),
                                        /* Initializer for code puffer
                                        /* Close out for code generator
     r ending it,
      .ser (),
                                        Dser interface
                                        * Error writing interface
      .ser err 🙃,
     p t.ose (),
                                        /* Close source file
     set page (),
                                        Change video display page
     mov cursor ();
                                       /* Move cursor to specified locat *
extern - Allert founds
extern nobal parser el;
 unsigned _stack = STACKSIZE;
```

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```
/************* R Initial *********
   void
r initial ()
                                               " Initialize setant
{extern tnode types [];
                                              * Set up type rable
  strcpy (types [UNTYPED].name, "untyped");
  types [UNTYPED].bytes = NULL;
  strcpy (types [BOOLEAN].name, "boolean");
  types [BOOLEAN].bytes = BOL BYTES;
  stropy (types [REAL].name, "real");
  types [REAL].bytes = REAL_BYTES;
  stropy (types [INTEGER].name, "integer");
  types [INTEGER].bytes = INT BYTES;
  stropy (types [NATURAL].name, "natural");
  types [NATURAL].bytes = NAT BYTES;
PHITYPE
                                               /* Breaks Sem Sheek Int. 1994.
semcheck (ptr)
  nodal ptr;
(extern PHITYPE tkindef (), trtarrow (),
tfunid (), tid (), tconstant (), tactuallist (), tactuals ();
PHITYPE type;
  switch (ptr->name) {
    case (ADD_) :
    case (SUB_) :
    case (MULT ) :
    case (RDIV_) :
    case (IDIV) :
    case (COLON_) :
    case (CAT_) : type = arithop (ptr);
         break;
    case (POS_) :
    case (NEG_) : type = tprimary (ptr);
         break;
    case (ORLOG_) : type = tor (ptr);
         break;
    case (ANDLOG_) : type = tand (ptr);
         break:
    case (NEGLOG_) : type = tnegation (ptr);
         break:
    case (KINDEF) : tkindef (ptr);
         break;
    case (RTARROW ) : type = trtarrow (ptr);
         break;
    case (LETDEF) : tletdef (ptr);
         break;
    case (KW + WHERE_) : type = twhere (ptr);
         break;
    case (AUXAND) : tauxand (ptr);
         break:
    case (DATAAUXDEF) : tdatauxdef (ptr);
         break;
    case (FUNAUXDEF) : type = tfunauxdef (ptr);
         break;
    case (FUNID) : type = tfunid (ptr);
         break;
    case (ACTUALLIST) : type = tactuals (ptr);
         break;
    case (COMMA_) :
```

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APPENDIX G ROCK COMPILER — SCANNER

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                                        IsKeyWord (
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               a FH: KevW rs
                 ... A riest.ors to comply with latest definitions
                  forhe language 🦈
                 Down Holloet Toker of returns (INSTANT - Vice HEAD - )
                 \sim 1.1~{\rm M}^{-} Error Hermiery added and tiles confined \sim
                  this bounded in the transfer of partially comply with category
                 definitions of the language
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                 betTiken called directly by the Parser niw
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to the token as har at a time of Heturns an internal integer has e-
to representing the type of token tound

    * alteration (see Section )
    * alteration (see Section )
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return Ellin North		
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return(ST SEQUENCE );
      mase lot:
          of Gear * fgetag.rt..e. ... + +0
               rehith(GEQ );
           else .bokanead = TAIS;
           return(END BEQUENCE )
  case '-'
        returning ()
  ase !!
         of convergetoristies and another
                ret.rr(ANDLOG );
         else lookahead : IRUE;
         return(#SIV );
 lase ! !:
       if such a fgetherefile a second
              returniškios 🦙
              -pokanead = TAGE;
        ErrorHandler:.ine / .m, EPR2, NULL:,
         return (ORLD) (;
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mase ' ';
      ist (For a figeth).hf..es (is his)

if (For a figeth).hf..e
                    return(LINERIARROW )
        imokanead - TRUE;
       Prrormand.er...re mum, rakt., r ;
                                                                                                               • Company of the comp
       return INERTARRUW //
                                                                                                                       'ase '$' :
       in a taethainfile i
Staethainfile i
       teriro REA. ()
esse () o o se ()()
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         returniNAIMBAL wy
       euse it oppose to
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       return (INTEGER )
       else if lamb is take
                                                                             teritr Boolean ()
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       renush TRIVIA. )
      Huse Kanead = 14,85
      into the manufaction the coupling \{x_i,y_i\}
       returns (NTFOER by
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, ****** Scanner Utilites
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                         org: •• :Ker:
      * Theiks to see if the input token is a keyword in the language.
 * If it is, the function returns the numeric value of the keyword.
* If it isn't, the function returns -1. Performs binary search of keyword array -
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      * /
 . MUST REEP THIS ARRAY IN ALPHABETICAL ORDER!!
   ing the second s
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              * list of PAI Keywords - AEEE in *
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* end while
* a dominate of a keyword.

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To a construction of the second section of the section of the

APPENDIX H ROCK COMPILER — PARSER

```
PUBLIC DOMAIN SOFTWARE
* Name
          : parser pt I
* File : parserl.c
* Authors : Maj E.J. COLE / Capt J.E. CONNELL
Started : 10/20/86
Archived :
               12/11/86
 Modified: 04/23/87 No longer set up to work with file of tokens.
 This file contains the following modules for the PHI parser:
                              Defs()
    BlockBody()
                   LetDefs()
                                           DefAnd()
                                                        QualExp()
                   AuxDefs()
                                AuxAnd()
                                         Formals()
    AuxExp()
                                                       Expression()
 Algorithm: The main module calls BlockSody() to start the parse
              off. BlockBody in turn calls LetDefs() first and then
              QualExp() looking for a valid program. The remaining
              modules in Pt's 1-3 are called by these when trying to
               validate a pargram. The results from the parse are now *
              kept in an abstract syntax tree for type checking and
               code generation. Various utility functions are used
              to build the tree and simplify parsing the grammer.
 Modified : 12/26/86 Flattened tree output changed to abstract
                syntax tree form. JC
             : 01/10/87 Corrections to comply with latest definitions '
               of the language. JC
             : 01/27/87 Error Recovery added and files combined. JC
             : 03/20/87 Token buffer implemented for parser. JC
             : 03/29/87 Changed manner errors are handled - required
               for integration with back-end.
             : 04/23/87 No longer set up to work with file of tokens. *
               GetToken is called directly thru FillBuff(). 33
# * '.ude <stdio.h>
* ~~, .de <parser.h>
                                           * globa, flags = 1.1

    ₱HI determinist.

     rtbrket * FALSE, argbind * FALSE;
                                           * q.oba, var, urrent
      e ;

    of program

                                           tonkenbittomicas noken land sect
                                           * by SetTiken - itr is a sin
                                           * next tiken in tikentiitier
```

```
/* must use "long" pecause puffer *
                                            * holds addresses
                                            /* use BUFSIZE + 1 in case have him.
                                            /* place address of *name at end *
                                             * of puffer
long tokenbuff(BUFSIZE+1), *ptr = &tokenbuff BUFSIZE);
FILE *poutfile, *errorfile;
                                            * working files
nodal
Parser ()
NomeRec Proof & NULL;
extern void p close(), mov sursor();
                                            * external asm functions
                                            * init number jof errors
  num errors = 0;
  errorfile = fopen("errors.phi", "w":;
  fprintf(errorfile,"%40s\n'n","ROCKY_ERRORS");
  falose(errorfile);
                                             * rewrite file for clear start
#.fdef DEBUG
 - boutfile * fapen:"barser.out","w";;
#enmif
  RunakBody(6:551);
                                             * look for a valua program.
  if ByPass:FOF is
    may pursor (20,0);
                                             * set litsor on sateen to
     printfofWARNING ...additional text found
                                             * found extra link, religions
           lat Tompletion of your program -
            lite Na http://ne.html
                                             * end it or end of isemple of
• * 10 * 173 5
  The First No. 12
                                             * write parser's lining
                                            • to data tile
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  returnt chirtice, " o"ky
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  to se post, en
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    Serista November
    * --- ; -- ;
  ar region of the
  No general sections
    Does a post order walk of the tree with (root) as its head.
      fast prints out the node name to the screen now
```

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```
static int i = 0;
                                                                                                                                             * used in pretty printing carser *
                                                                                                                                             * output file
        if (root '= NULL)
        PostOrder(root=>iptr);
                PostOrder(root ->rptr);
                switch (root->name)
                       case IDENTIFIER_ :
                        case CONSTANT
                        case LITERAL
                          c tprintf(poltfile,"%d ",root ->name()
                            fprintf(poutfile,"%la ",root=>index+/
                                                                                                                                             • end [], " MSTANT, "TERA"
                            preak;
                         re:al.:
                          fprintf(pointile,"%d = ".root ->name ;
                                                                                                                                              * end switting
         .t > (**) % ') *=0))    fprintt(pointile, " o");
                                                                                                                                             • end to the N
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 HubokBody:root:
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       VrgeRes **foot;
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                retir<sup>†</sup> IBUE+;
                                                                                                                                           else if flag - ERROR
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```
/* found something so need to
 - -
                                        /* check for more def's
  Tetans cost :
  /* any errors have been noted,
                                        /* so press on
                                         /* end Defs
1 1 4 1 3 1 5 1 1 F
                                        /* root is a ptr to tree/subtree *
  /* currently working with
                           <DEFAND> ::= and <DEFS>
                                                                    * /
                 Where " and <DEFS> " need not be present.
                                                                    * /
        Note: This function assumes root is not NULL upon entry
   * AVEASS FW - AND IN
    MakeNewRoot: root, DEFAND, LEFT);
                                       /* found "and" so fix tree
     .f Tefs & *root(->rptr( '= TRUE)
       Frierdangler(line no, ERR h,
                                        /* note it, try to fix
                ·.orgisEMI_);
                                        /* end ByPass AND
                                        /* end DefAnd
/* root is a ptr to tree/suptree *
  1 76-6: **F-05:}
                                        /* currently working with
              <QUALEXP> ::= <EXPRESSION> where <AUXEXP>
                                                                    * /
                  Where "where <AUXEXP>" need not be present.
'an * Expression(root)) == ERROR_)) /* errors already reported,
     STATE WW SEND OF
                                        /* attempt to press on
    P. Tass FW - WHERE 11
                                        /* looking for where expression
    MakeNewRint.root, (KW_+WHERE_),RIGHT);
                                        /* found one, fix tree
                                        /* need AuxExp following WHESE
    Troot(=>lotr();
                                        /* end byPass WHERE
• • • •
 - " " rualexp exited | %d\n",flag);
 - g - s - 0 6 • × 0 − g -
    1.32.7
                                         /* default - just return fla:
                                         /* end Qualexp()
/* root is a ptr to tree surfree *
 or durrently working with
            <AUXEXP> ::= <AUXDEFS> (where <AUXEXP>) *
```

STATEMENT OF THE STATEMENT OF S

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```
flag;
  if(((flag = AuxDefs(root))!= TRUE))
                                     /* need at least one AUXDEF
     ErrorHandler(line_no,ERR_i,
                                          /* note, try & fix
               (long) KW +WHERE );
  If (ByPass(KW_+ WHERE ))
                                          /* looking for multiple WHERE's
  MakeNewRoot(root,(KW_ + WHERE_),RIGHT); /* found one,fix tree
    AuxExp(&((*root)->lptr));
                                          /* need AuxExp following WHERE
                                           /* end ByPass(WHERE)
                                                                         * /
  return(flag);
                                           /* default - return result of
                                           /* first AuxDefs
                                           /* end AuxExp
/***********************************
  ---
AlxSefs(root)
                                           /* root is a ptr to tree/subtree */
  NodeRec **root;
                                           /* currently working with
        <auxDefs> ::= (<DATAAUAXDEF> | <FUNAUXDEF>) <auxAnd>
                                                                        */
                Where "<AUXAND> " need not be present.
                                                                         * /
∵ ieRec "temp;
       flag;
      ptr;
                                           /* address of data struct holding */
                                           /* identifier name
   t ctr = ByPass(IDENTIFIER )))
     temp = CreateNode(IDENTIFIER);
                                          /* set up its side of subtree
    temp ->index = ptr;
    .f ByPass(EQUIV_))
       *:cot = CreateNode(DATAAUXDEF);
                                          /* looking for ID ==
                                          /* found '==' It's a DATAAUXDEF
       *root) -> lptr = temp;
                                          /* attach temp ptr to root
       .f:Expression(&((*root)->rptr))!= TRUE) /* now need Exp
         frrorHandler(line_no,ERR_c,
                                          /* noteit, try & fix
                                                                        * /
                   (long) KW_+WHERE_);
                                          /* end ByPass EQUIV
                                          /* not '==' so must be ID FORMALS */
       * cot - CreateNode(FUNAUXDEF);
       ****** ->.ptr = CreateNode(FUNID);
                                          /* will look for ID FORMALS
       ->_ptr->iptr = temp;
                                          /* attach ID to FUNID
                                                                        */
       formals(&(*root) ->lptr->rptr)
                                          /* need the FORMALS
           - TRUEHI
          reandler(line_no,ERR_e,
                                          /* note, try to fix
                   (Long)EQUIV_);
                                          /* Looking for '==',already
                                                                        * /
                                          /* created FUNAUXDEF -
                                                                        * /
          1/1455 72.17 15
                                          /* need QualExp on rt
                                                                        . .
          in the tier line howERR fy
                                          /* note the errors, try & fix
                     ing MW -WHERE ();
             #10#50 TALL TROOP PARENTS ...
                2 4m - m - 4 + 4 + 1
                                           * end else not text
                                           * found something so need to
                                           · rescitor - we
```

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didn't find ID, so . A f r F RMAD. ** PXF ... **********
                                              f.a: -stma.s r t A
     . f .dg++59859
       ErrorHandier (1987), Par H.
                    if ByPass Euriv -
        MakeNewRoot (root, JATAA (X)-E, F T )
                                              # 79 19. i
          errormanuler line o least ...
                                                 and the second second
                      1. Jan 8W 1. WHI 98 1. J.
       ErrorHangler(Line ho, ERR f,
                  (Long) KW + WHERE :
                                               • transaurentral and one of
     goto CHECK:
                                               * more auxgets
                                               * default = nore it the at the
  return(flag);
CHECK:
                                               * found something sureed to
                                              /* check for more seffs
  AuxAnd(root);
  return(TRUE);
                                              /* any errors have been noted;
                                              /* so press on
                                              /* end AuxDefs
                                              /* root is a ptr to tree subtree .*
AuxAnd(root)
                                              /* currently working with
  NodeRec **root;
/ *
                      <AUXAND> ::= and <AUXDEFS>
/ *
                                                                             * /
           Where "and <AUXDEFS>" need not be present.
/ *
           Note: This function assumes root is not NULL upon entry
  if(ByPass(KW_+AND_))
  MakeNewRoot(root, AUXAND, LEFT);
                                            /* found "and" so fix tree
     if((AuxDefs(&(*root)->rptr) != TRUE))
       ErrorHandler(line no, ERR h,
                                              /* note it, try & fix
                (long) KW +WHERE );
                                              /* end ByPass AND
                                              /* end AuxAnd
                                              /* root is a ptr to tree/subtree */
Formals(root)
  NodeRec **root;
                                              /* currently working with
                   <FORMALS> ::= <ID> | '(' <FORMALS> ', ' ')'
NodeRec *temp, *workingroot;
                                              /* temp ptrs to nodes in tree
                                              /* workingptr marches down the
                                              /* rt side of the subtree
long ptr:
                                            /* checking for just an ID
  if ((ptr = ByPass(IDENTIFIER_)))
    *root = CreateNode(IDENTIFIER );
     (*root) ->index = ptr;
     return(TRUE);
```

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                          1 18VEASS PTPAREN
                                                                                                                                                                                                * cooking for this already to into the
                                                                                                                                                                                              * 171 FORMADS
                                 .f froat ** workingroot:
    froat * froat **.ptr;
                                                                                                                                                                                             * compact the free - right new . *
                                             free (workingtoot/;
                                                                                                                                                                                            • end of compact..r
                                                                                                                                                                                            . * end of compact.or
                              return(TRUE);
                                                                                                                                                                                          /* end if RTPAREN
                                                                                                                                                                                         /* missing thi after total
                     ErrorHandler(.ine_no,ERR_(,NULL);
                     return(ERROR );
                                                                                                                                                                                          /* end if ByPass LTPAREN
                                                                                                                                                                                              • default - none of the above
           return(FALSE);
                                                                                                                                                                                           /* end formals()
Expression(root)
                                                                                                                                                                                          /* root is a ptr to tree's btree *
         NodeRec **root;
                                                                                                                                                                                          /* currently working with
                          <EXPRESSION> ::= <CONJUNCTION> ( \/ <EXPRESSION>) *
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         */
int flag;
         if(((flag = Conjunction(root)) == TRUE))  /* look for Conjunction
if(ByPass(ORLOG_))  /* will recursively check
{ MakeNewRoot(root,ORLOG_,LEFT);  /* found, so fix root for
                                                                                                                                                                                    /* will recursively check for **
                      MakeNewRoot(root,ORLOG_,LEFT); /* found, so fix root for return */
if((Expression(&((*root)->rptr))!=TRUE)) /* /\ w/o following Exp. */
& ErrorHandler(line no,ERR8. /* There are a final final form.
                      ErrorHandler(line_no, ERR8,
                                                  (long)ORLOG);
                               return(ERROR);
                                                                                                                                                                                           /* end recursive search
           return(flag);
                                                                                                                                                                                          /* end Expression()
                                              · **********************
```

```
PUBLIC DOMAIN SOFTWARE
* Name : parser pt 2

* File : parser2.c

* Authors : Maj E.J. COLE / Capt J.E. CONNELL
* Started : 10/20/86
* Archived : 12/11/86
* Modified :
            01/27/87 - Error Recovery added. JC
* This file contains the following modules for the PHI parser:
     Conjunction() Negation() Relation() Relator()
                                                 Term()
      SimplExp()
                   AddOp()
                                  MullOP()
                                 Application() Actual()
     Factor()
                   Primary()
* Algorithm : See parser part 1
***************

    Modified : 12/26/86 Flattened tree output changed to abstract

             syntax tree form. JC
            : 01/10/87 Corrections to comply with latest definitions *
             of the language. JC
            : 01/27/87 Error Recovery added and files combined. JC
#.rc.lde <std10.h>
#include <parser.h>
                                     /* global var, holds current line *
extern int line_no;
                                     /* no of source prog
                                     /* global flag - aids in making - **
extern int __rtbrket;
                                     /* PHI deterministic
Jangunction(root)
                                      /* root is a ptr to tree/suptree *
  NodeRec **root;
                                      /* currently working with
         <conjunction> ::= <negation> ( /\ <conjunction>) *
int flag;
                               /* look for Negation part
  if((flag = Negation(root)) == TRUE)
                                     /* will recursively check for /\ */
  if (ByPass(ANDLOG))
  { MakeNewRoot (root, ANDLOG_, LEFT); /* found, fix root for return
                                                               • /
    if(Conjunction(&((*root)->rptr)) != TRUE) /* /\ w/o following Neg.
    ErrorHandler(line_no, ERR8,
                                     /* Just note it, no fix
               (long)ANDLOG_);/*
       return(ERROR);
                                      /* end recursive search
  return(flag);
                                      /* end Conjunction()
/* root is a ptr to tree/subtree */
Negation(root)
                                      /* currently working with
  NodeRec **root;
```

```
*NEGATION * * FELATION >
                                                                                                                                                                                        ing many with the search older North Communication of the search older the search of t
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                  rose returni Albus
                                                                                                                                                     erugen in erust international
                                                                                                                                                                                           relations of
          No sealer (***) And
                                         Where <RELATOR><SIMPLEXP> need not be present
  or tradi, type;
                                                                                                                                                                                            * type seems to the seems to the
      .tritiag = 0.mp.Expiroptic ++ 19.6
                                                                                                                                                                                            the sking tubes them were
                                                                                                                                                                                           A following forst each
         if:argbind && IBall(RTBRAKET), 2 4
                  return(flag);
           e.se if (type = Relator())
                                                                                                                                                                                           If recursively telk top move the
                                                                                                                                                                                           * RELATION'S
                    MakeNewRoot (root, type, LEFT);
                                                                                                                                                                                         - tourd one, taken the teacher to the
                    _f(SimplExp(&((*root(->rptr)) - TRUE)
                                                                                                                                                                                         * RELATOR was summary as a lost of the form the company of the com
                     ErrorHandler(Line no, ERRB,
                                                    (.ong)type);
                            return(ERROR );
                                                                                                                                                                                           * end recursive sear :
          return(flag);
                                                                                                                                                                                 /* end RELATION
Relator()
                                   <RELATOR> ::= = | <> | < | > | <= | >= | in | notin
/ *
/*
                                    Note: returns the Relator value vice TRUE if found
int flag;
         if ((flag=ByPass(EQ_)))
                                                                                                                                                             ; /* do nothing
         else if((flag=ByPass(NEQ_)))
else if((flag=ByPass(LEQ_)))
          else if((flag=ByPass(GEQ_)))
        else :f((flag=ByPass(KW_+IN_)))
         e.se If((flag=ByPass(KW_+NOTIN_))) ;
          else if((flag=ByPass(KW_+LESS_))) ;
else if((flag=ByPass(KW_+GREATER_))) ;
```

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refile (.a.)
                                                                                                                  tretor resolutions
                                                                                                                . For the constant of the property of the constant of the con
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      No seele - Minimum (
                           <SIMPLEXP> ::= <TERM> ( <ADDOP><SIMPLEXP>) *
                                                                                                                 * Type is a rain to the air to the air to
          1 11, 1, Ce;
      it of agetermination in IR Ex-
                                                                                                                * Cooking to be defined
                                                                                                                * Need to cook ahead to control of
         i argoind 66 [Ball RTBRAKE] , and
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            returnit Lagiz
                                                                                                                * ralled from AraBora (a.s.
                                                                                                               * recursively are kit to mish
      e.se .fifype=AddCo())
                                                                                                                . SIMPLEXP's
                                                                                                                    found AddCp, so f.x for for
            MakeNewRoot(root,type, LEF1);
                                                                                                              /* return
             lf(SimplExp(&((*root) ->rptr)) (* IRUE)
                                                                                                              /* AddOp w/p SimpExp. Note of
                  FrrorHandler(line no.ERR8,
                                                                                                           /* note it, no fix
                                               (Long) type:/
                   return(ERROR );
                                                                                                              /* end recursive search
     return(f.aq);
                                                                                                           /* end Simp.Exp
() a(lp: 4
                                          <add>ADDOP> ::= + | - | : | ^
/ *
/ *
                                         Returns the AddOp value vice TRUE if found
. flag;
      _f((flag=ByPass(ADD_)))
     else if((flag=ByPass(SUB_)));;
else if((flag=ByPass(COTON ));
                                                                                                          /* do nothing
                    if((flag=ByPass(COLON_))) ;
      else if((flag=ByPass(CAT_)));
     return(flag);
                                                                                                           /* return result of search
                                                                                                            /* end AddOp
/***************
Mul0p()
                                     <MULOP> ::= * | / | % (idiv)
                                                                                                                                                                                          * /
/ *
                                     Returns the MulOp value vice TRUE if found
                                                                                                                                                                                          */
int flag;
     if((flag=ByPass(MULT )))
                                                                                                           /* do nothing
     else if((flag=ByPass(RDIV_))) ;
      else if((flag=ByPass(IDIV)));
```

```
The second of the second
            return flags.
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                * # 3 *# 4 **
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               • The second of 
     pa - w - *
       10 10 4 g
                 <TERM> :: " <FACTOR> ( <MULTP><TERM> ) *
      the property of the state of the state of
                  to tradical topics of the second
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                         returnsflagis
             else italype + Mulopia
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                         of the Mulippy is tax to state of the same
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              * Mu.Op w    fr...w.m: Term.
                           Ettordandler(.ine no.8988,
                                                                 Clubgityper;
                                      return(ERBOR );
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          :* end recursive search
             return(flag);
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               • end Term
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               * root is a ntr to tree surface *
Factor (root)
       NodeRec **roct;
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  * pustently working with
                         <FACTOR> ::= [+1-]<PRIMARY>
status;
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        /* sheck for '-! or '-!
           if(status = ByPass(ADD ))
                     *root = CreateNode(POS);
            e.se if(status = ByPass(SUB ))
                         *root = CreateNode(NEG_);
                            (status) /* found '+' or '-'
if(Primary(&((*root) =>rptr))'=TRUE) /* MulOp w/o following Term.
- ErrorHandler(line_no,ERR8, /* note it, no fix
             if (status)

    ErrorHandler(line_no, ERR8,

                                                      (long)status);
                                      return(ERROR);
                       else return(TRUE);
            else return(Primary(root));
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  /* default, check for Primhary **
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       / * end FACTOR
Primary(root)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        /* root is a ptr to tree/subtree *
       NodeRec **root;
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         /* currently working with
                 <PRIMARY> ::= <APPLICATION> (!<PRIMARY>)
/*
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         * /
```

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                                           * . .k.np tor an Arrollar ...
* Need to ...k anear tor tot
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                                            file for sale. Ty for and a peep called from Argenia
                                            † and †Arg8:n1 × 1 × 1 1 f × 1
   it argbund 46 (Ball RTBRAKET ,20)
                                            * <Q.a.Exp>< 0c> 1 1 1 1 ... w hg 1 1*
    returnifiagi;
                                           * returnively . .k t t rext
  e.se .frByPass(STBSCRTRT I)
                                            • Applination
                                           * found one so fix tree
     MakeNew4. 19:00:,SUBSCRIPT ,LEFT);
     .f (Brimary(&((*roor)->rptr)))
                                            .★ Pro war foll wing Primary.

    ErrorHandler().ne no,ERR8,

                                            • rate .t, no t.x
             i.ong)3UBSCRIPT );
       return(ERROR );
                                           /* end recursive searon
  return(flag);
                                          /* end Primary()
App.idat.on(root)
                                           /* root is a ptr to tree/subtree *
 NodeRec **root;
                                           /* currently working with
       <aPPLICATION> ::= (<actual>)+
.nt flag;
NodeRec *tnode;
                                           /* temp pointer to node
  if((flag = Actual(root)) == TRUE)
                                          /* look for an actual
  if((flag = Application(&tnode)) == TRUE)
                                          /* look for an actual list
  MakeNewRoot(root,ACTUALLIST,LEFT);
     (*root) ->rptr = tnode;
     MakeNewRoot(&((*root)->rptr),
                                           /* hang to LEFT */
      ACTUALLIST, LEFT);
                                           /* end if(Application(&tnode)
  else if(flag == ERROR_)
                                          /* invalid ActualList
     ErrorHandler(line_no,ERR_k,NULL);
                                       /* note it, no fix
  else return(TRUE);
                                           /* either valid ActualList or
                                           /* just a single actual
/* return ERROR_ or FALSE,
  return(flag);
                                           /* based on first look
                                                                        • /
                                           /* end Application()
                                                                        * /
Actual(root)
                                           /* root is a ptr to tree/subtree **
 NodeRec **root;
                                           /* currently working with
/* <ACTUAL> ::= <ID>| file<LITERAL>|<CONDITIONAL>|<BLOCK>|
/*
                   <DENOTATION>|<COMPOUND>|<ARGBINDING>
                                           /* ptr to data struct holding the **
long ptr;
NodeRec *temp;
                                           /* actual value of ID, REAL, etc */
                                           /* ptr to temp node in the tree */
int flag;
 if ((ptr = ByPass(IDENTIFIER )))
                                         /* checking for ID
```

```
*root = CreateNode(IDENTIFIER );
   (*root) ->index = ptr;
                                              /* now look for ID -> ACTUAL
                                              /* Note: "ID -> ACTUAL" is a
   11 (ByPass(LINERTARROW_))
                                              /* <DENOTATION>
      MakeNewRoot (root, LINERTARROW , LEFT);
                                              /* found one so fux tree
      .f(Actual(&((*root)->rptr)) == TRUE)
                                              /* look for trail ACTUAL
        return (TRUE);
                                               /* note it, no fix
      // ErrorHandler(line_no,ERR8,
                    (long) LINERTARROW );
         return(ERROR_);
                                               /* end else not Actual()
                                               /* end if LINERTARROW
   return (TRUE);
                                               /* end if ID
if ( ByPass(KW + FILE ))
                                              /* found keyword FILE
  *root = CreateNode(KW + FILE);
   if ((ptr = ByPass(LITERAL )))
   temp = CreateNode(LITERAL);
                                             /* attach following LITERAL
     temp ->index = ptr;
     (*root) ->rptr = temp;
     return(TRUE);
                                               /* end if LITERAL_
                                              /* note it, no fix
   else
   { ErrorHandler(line_no,ERR_1,NULL);
     return(ERROR_);
                                               /* end if FILE
if ((flag = Conditional(root)) '= FALSE)
   return(flag);
if ((flag * Block(root)) (= FALSE)
  return(flag);
                                               /* Phi is nondeterministic must **
                                               /* first check for compounds then *
                                               /* if (-> follows must see if the *
                                               /* compound was actually a formals*
                                               /* list NOTE: Order may NOT be *.
                                               /* changed!!
if ((flag = Compound(root)) == TRUE)
if(!ByPass(LINERTARROW)) return(TRUE);
                                               /* had "!->" now need to see if *
else
                                               /* had Formals
( temp = *root;
                                               /* set var to be passed by value
                                              /* to IsFormals
  if(:IsFormal(temp))
                                               /* just report it and press on
     ErrorHandler(line_no, ERR_o, NULL);
   (*root) ->name = FORMAL;
   MakeNewRoot(root, LINERTARROW, LEFT);
                                              /* found one so fix tree
   if (Actual(&((*root)->rptr)) == TRUE)
                                              /* look for trail ACTUAL
      return(TRUE);
   else
                                               /* note it, no fix
   ErrorHandler(line_no, ERR8,
                 (long)LINERTARROW_);
     return(ERROR_);
  - }
                                              /* end else ByPass LINERTARROW
else if(flag == ERROR_)
  return(ERROR);
```

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```
PUBLIC DOMAIN SOFTWARE
* Name
               parser pt 3
               parser3.c
* File
* Authors
               Maj E.J. COLE / Capt J.E. CONNELL
* Started
               10/20/86
* Archived :
               12/11/86
               01/27/87 - Error Recovery added. JC
* Modified :
* This file contains the following modules for the PHI parser:
         Conditional() Arm()
                                          Block() Compound()
         Elements()
                        Denotation()
                                           ArgBind()
                                                         Jp ()
         TypeExp()
                         TypeDom()
                                           TypeTerm() TypeFac()
         TypePrimary() PrimType()
* Algorithm : See parser part 1
       ********
  Modified
            : 12/26/86 Flattened tree output changed to abstract
                syntax tree form. JC
             : 01/10/87 Corrections to comply with latest definitions *
                of the language. JC
             : 01/27/87 Error Recovery added and files combined. JC
#include <stdio.m>
*include <parser.h>
extern int    rtbrket;
                                           /* global flag - aids ;n
                                           /* making PHI deterministic
extern int line_no;
                                           /* global var, current line
                                           /* number of program
Conditional (root)
                                           /* root is a ptr to tree/subtree *
  NodeRec **root;
                                           /* currently working with
/* <CONDITIONAL> ::= if <ARM> (elsif<ARM>)* (else<EXPRESSION)1 endif */
                                           /* ptrs to temp nodes in the tree *
NodeRec *temp = NULL, *subroot, *workingptr;
  if(ByPass(KW_ + IF_))
   if(Arm(&temp) != TRUE)
       ErrorHandler(line_no, ERR m, (long) IF ); /* note it, try to fix
     froot = CreateNode(KW_ + IF_);
                                           /* set up root for return
     (*root) -> lptr = temp;
                                           /* attach THEN exp to root
     workingptr = *root;
                                           /* move working ptr
     while(ByPass(KW_ + ELSIF_))
     subroot = CreateNode(KW + ELSIF);
       workingptr ->rptr = subroot;
                                           /* attach ELSIF to tree
       if(Arm(&temp) != TRUE)
         ErrorHandler(line no, ERR m,
                                           /* note it, try & fix
                    (long)ELSIF_);
       subroot ->iptr = temp;
                                           /* attach THEN exp to ELSIF
                                           /* move wrking ptr down suptree
       workingptr = workingptr ~>rptr;
                                           /* end while ELSIF
     if(ByPass(KW + ELSE ))
```

```
foregrassing scores (4.5)
or regrassing one of the
                                                           . . . . . .
                    subton in TreateNote fe
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                       1 (PalloFNCT) | Harris North Value | Harris North V
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                                                                                                                     • engle se se sin A, a si S.
• saw at 1 A, any with the
             returnsTBUERA
                                                                                                                      * were alread, for those
                                                                                                                      • end if 19
                                                                                                                     * mimo": see as
      returni. ALSE:;
                                                                                                                     • end Canditiona,
     ....
Armirooti
                                                                                                                    * root is a ptr to ree surtime *
      NodeRed **root;
                                                                                                                     * currently working with
                                 <ARM> ::= <EXPRESSION>then<EXPRESSION>
 nt flag;
NodeRec *temp = NULL;
                                                                                                                 /* temp pt: to a node in time
     if((flag = Expression(&temp)) '= TRUE)
                                                                                                                /* if an error try to recover by .*
           EatEm(KW_+THEN_);
                                                                                                                /* look for THEN, ELSE, ELSIF, ENGIN *
      if (ByPass(KW_ + THEN_))
            *root = CreateNode(KW + THEN );
             (*root) -> lptr = temp;
             if (Expression(&temp) == TRUE)
                   (*root) -> rptr = temp;
             else
                                                                                                                /* report it and try to press on *
             ErrorHandler(line_no,ERR_m,
                                     (long) THEN );
                                                                                                                  /* end begin if THEN
      eise
                                                                                                                 /* report it and try to press on *
           ErrorHandler(line no.ERR f.
                                     (long) KW +THEN );
      return(flag);
                                                                                                                  /* end Arm()
       int
Block(root)
                                                                                                                  /* root is a ptr to tree/subtree *
      NodeRec **root;
                                                                                                                  /* durrently working with
                                           <BLOCK> ::= begin <BLOCKBODY> end
                                                                                                                                                                                               * /
      if (ByPass(KW_ + BEGIN_))
       f *root = CreateNode(KW_ + BEGIN_);
                                                                                                               /* sets root for return errors
                                                                                                                 /* have already been reported
                                                                                                               /* look for BLOCKBODY
             if (BlockBody(&((*root)=>lptr))!= TRUE)
```

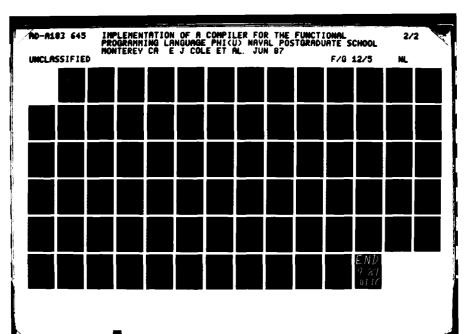
```
- 10 A
                                                • • • • • •
                                               -: -: -
                                               * continuous processors
* contento, with a warr
*
 1. 10 to 1.
* < COMPOUND> ::= '('<ELEMENTS>')' ''' '<!<ELEMENTS>'' ' '<!<ELEMENTS>''
                         where <ELEMENTS> may be empty *
  1 PALASS TIAREN
    riements to be of
                                                * only lack for elemnis because
                                               * errors reported via llaibxp
     1 ByFass RIPAREN :-
                                                note it, no fix
      PrintHandler-Line no.ERR t.
                  Junha: BIPAREN //
    ut *that == NULLY
                                               * now check for empty domenunus .*
      *root = CreateNode EMPTYCOMPOUND()
                                               * compounds w/ multiple elements *
    e.se .f. *rooti=>name ** COMMA_.
       *root +>name ≠ £1113T;
    return(TRUE);
                                              /* end if LTPAREN)
 .f:ByPass(LTSQUIG ))
                                              /* only look for 'em,
    Elements(root);
                                              /* errors reported via QualExp
    .f ('ByPass(RTSQUIG'))
      ErrorHandler(line_no,ERR f,
                                              /* note it, no fix
                 (long)RTSQUIG_);
   .f(*root == NULL)
                                              /* check for empty compounds and *
      *root = CreateNode(EMPTYCOMPOUND);
                                              /* compounds w/ multiple elements *
    else if((*root)->name == COMMA )
      (*root) -> name = ELLIST;
    return(TRUE);
                                              /* end if LTSQUIG)
 if (ByPass(ST SEQUENCE ))
                                             /* >nly look for 'em,
 2.ements(root);
                                              /* errors reported via QualExp
   if ('ByPass(END SEQUENCE ))
      ErrorHandler(line_no, ERR_f,
                                              /* note it & no fix
                 (long) END_SEQUENCE );
    if(*root == NULL)
                                              /* now check for empty sequences *
     *root = CreateNode(EMPTYSEQUENCE);
                                              /* sequences w/ multiple elements *
    else MakeNewRoot(root, SEQUENCE, RIGHT);
   return(TRUE);
                                              /* end ByPass ST SEQUENCE
                                              /* none of the above
 return(FALSE):
                                              /* end Compound()
```

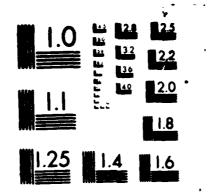
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```
/* root is a ptr to tree action ...
Elements(root)
                                              /* durrently working with
  NodeRec **root;
              <ELEMENTS> ::= <QUALEXP> (,<QUALEXP>) *
      flag;
  if((flag = QualExp(root)) == ERROR )
    EatEm(COMMA );
                                             /* errors already reported
                                              /* recursively Look for next
  while(ByPass(COMMA ))
                                              /* qualexp
                                              /* found a COMMA so tix time
  MakeNewRoot(root,COMMA_,LEFT);
     if (Elements(&((*root) ->rptr)) != TRUE)
        ErrorHandler(line no, ERR p,
                                             /* note it, try * i.x
                  (long)COMMA );
                                              /* fix tree so all Quality
     if((*root) ->rptr->name != CCMMA_)
       MakeNewRoot(&((*root)->rptr),
                   COMMA , LEFT);
                                              /* hang to the LFI1
                                              /* end while ByPass - VMA
  return(flag);
                                              /* end Elements
                                              f* root is a ptr to the
Denotation(root)
  NodeRec **root;
                                               "* current... * ** *: *: *:
/* <DENOTATION> ::= <LITERAL> | <CONSTANT> | <FORMALS > - + + 4
   where LITERAL is quoted(') string of zero or more chare in
    where CONSTANT is an integer or decimal number
   NOTE: <FORMALS> |-> <ACTUAL> was already checked: v = v
long ptr;
   if(ptr = ByPass(LITERAL ))
   * *root * CreateNode(LITERAL_);
     (*root) ->index = ptr;
     return (TRUE);
  if (ByPass(EMPT LIT ))
   * *root * CreateNode(LITERAL /
     (*root) ->index = NULL;
     return(TRUE);
  of princeByPass CONSTANT -
     *right * GreateNode: TONSTANS
      ofroots ->index = pity
     Meturo IBUFFA
   1. 1. 1. 1. 1. A 1. 7.F
```

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```
/* <ARGBINDING> ::= '[' (<OP><QUALEXP> | <QUALEXP><OP> | <OP>) ']'
       specialcase;
int
NodeRec *temp = NULL;
                                            /* temp ptr to node in tree
extern int argbind;
                                            /* global flag needed to make
                                            /* PHI deterministic
                                            /* set global flag, needed to
  _f(ByPass(LTBRAKET ))
                                            /* PHI deterministic.
  argbind = TRUE;
     *.fdef
      DEBUG
printf("special case = %d argbind = %d\n", specialcase, argbind);
     if (Op(root))
                                           /* begin Op comes first
       if (ByPass(RTBRAKET ))
                                           /* looking for (Cp)
                                            /* reset global flag
        argbind = FALSE;
          MakeNewRoot (root, ARGBINDOP, LEFT);
          return (TRUE);
                                           /* had [ <0p> ]
                                           /* end if ByPass RTBRAKET_
                                        /* don't have just an Op
       MakeNewRoot (root, ARGLEADOP, LEFT);
       /* might be +/- +/- QualExp
                                           /* and don't want to accept
          specialcase = FALSE;
                                           /* +/- +/- QualExp Op later on
                                                                          * /
       if((QualExp(&(*root) ->rptr)) ==TRUE)
                                           /* two cases where QualExp could */
                                           /* be TRUE --- <Op><QualExp>
          if (ByPass(RTBRAKET_))
                                           /* or +(-<QualExp><Op>
                                                                          * /
          { argbind = FALSE; return(TRUE); } /* reset global flag
                                            /* could be +/- PRIMARY
          e\se
          if (specialcase && Op(&temp)
                       66 ByPass(RTBRAKET_))
          ( ((*root) +>lptr) ->rptr=(*root) ->rptr;
                                           /* now fix the tree
            (*root) ->rptr = temp;
             (((*root)->lptr)->name == ADD ) ?
             (((*root)->lptr)->name=POS_) :
            (((*root)->lptr) ->name = NEG_);
             (*root) -> name = ARGTRAILOP;
                                           /* <Cp> came last as a ","
             argbind = FALSE;
                                           /* reset globalflag
            return(TRUE);
                                            /* end else specialcase && Op()
                                            /* && RTBRAKET_
                                           /* end 2 cases where QualExp TRUE */
       argbind = FALSE;
                                           /* reset globaiflag
       ErrorHandler(line_no, ERR_q, NULL);
                                           /* report it, no fix
       return(ERROR);
                                            /* end Op comes first
     if ((QualExp(root)) != FALSE)
                                            /* found something
     MakeNewRoot(root, ARGTRAILOP, LEFT);
                                           /* reset global flag &
       argbind = FALSE;
       if(Op(&(*root)->rptr)
         66 ByPass(RTBRAKET_))
                                           /* see if can continue
          return (TRUE);
       ErrorHandler(line no, ERR q, NULL);
                                          /* report it, no fix
       return(ERROR);
                                           /* end if QualExp comes first
                                            /* end if ByPass LTBRAKET
  return(FALSE);
                                            /* default, none of the above
                                                                         * /
                                           /* end ArgBinding()
```

. . .

```
Op(root)
                                           /* root is a ptr to tree/subtree */
  NodeRec **root;
                                           /* currently working with
            <OP> ::= , | ! | <RELATOR> | <ADDOP> | <MULOP>
int flag;
  if(flag = ByPass(COMMA ))
    *root = CreateNode(COMMA );
  else if(flag = ByPass(SUBSCRIPT ))
     *root = CreateNode(SUBSCRIPT);
  else if(flag = Relator())
     *root = CreateNode(flag);
  else if(flag = AddOp())
     *root = CreateNode(flag);
  else if(flag = MulOp())
     *root = CreateNode(flag);
  return(flag):
/************************
TypeExp(root)
                                           /* root is a ptr to tree/subtree */
 NodeRec **root;
                                           /* currently working with
           <TYPEEXP> ::= <TYPEDOM> ( -> <TYPEEXP> ) *
                                                                        */
NodeRec *newroot;
                                          /* temp ptr to nodes in the tree */
        flag;
  if((flag = TypeDom(root)) == TRUE)
  if (ByPass(RTARROW))
                                          /* will recursively search for */
  ( newroot = CreateNode(RTARROW);
                                          /* more TYPEEXP's
                                          /* fix root for return
    newroot ->lptr = *root;
     *root = newroot;
    if(TypeExp(&((*root)->rptr)) != TRUE)
    ( ErrorHandler(line_no,ERR9,(long)RTARROW_);
         return(ERROR_);
                                           /* end recursive search
  return(flag);
                                          /* end TypeExp
int
TypeDom(root)
                                           /* root is a ptr to tree/subtree */
  NodeRec **root;
                                           /* currently working with
                  <TYPEDOM> ::= <TYPETERM>(+ <TYPEDOM>) *
                                                                       */
NodeRec *newroot;
                                           /* temp ptr to nodes in the tree */
       flag;
  if((flag = TypeTerm(root)) == TRUE)
  if (ByPass(ADD ))
                                          /* will recursively search for
                                          /* fix root for return
  newroot = CreateNode(TYPEPLUS);
     newroot ->iptr = *root;
```

```
*root = newroot;
     if(TypeDom(&((*root)->rptr)) != TRUE)
     ( ErrorHandler(line_no,ERR9,(long)ADD_);
       return(ERROR);
                                               /* end recursive search
                                                                              */
  }
  return(flag):
                                              /* end TypeDom()
  int
                                               /* root is a ptr to tree/subtree */
TypeTerm(root)
                                               /* currently working with
                                                                              */
  NodeRec **root;
                 <TYPETERM> ::= <TYPEFAC>('*' <TYPETERM>) *
NodeRec *newroot;
                                              /* temp ptr to nodes in the tree */
       flag;
  if((flag = TypeFac(root)) == TRUE)
  if (ByPass(MULT_))
                                              /* will recursively search for
                                              /* more TYPETERMS's
  { newroot = CreateNode(TYPETIMES);
     newroot ->lptr = *root;
                                              /* fix root for return
     *root = newroot;
     if(TypeTerm(&((*root)->rptr)) != TRUE)
     { ErrorHandler(line no, ERR9,
                  (long) MULT );
         return(ERROR_);
                                               /* end recursive search
   return(flag);
                                               /* end TypeTerm()
  int
TypeFac(root)
                                              /* root is a ptr to tree/subtree */
  NodeRec **root;
                                               /* durrently working with
           <TYPEFAC> ::= <TYPEPRIMARY>@ | <TYPEPRIMARY> |
                                                                              */
/*
           <ID> '<<' <TYPEEXP> (,<TYPEEXP>) * '>>' <ACTUAL>
                                                                              */
/*
                  Where <<TYPEEXP(,TYPEEXP,...)>> and/or <ACTUAL>
                                                                              */
/*
                                                                              */
                  need not be present
NodeRec *newroot;
                                              /* temp ptr to nodes in the tree */
        flag;
int
long
       ptr;
  if(ptr = ByPass(IDENTIFIER_))
  { *root = CreateNode(IDENTIFIER);
     (*root) ->index = ptr;
     if (ByPass(ST_SEQUENCE_) && ByPass(ST_SEQUENCE_))
     ErrorHandler(line_no,ERR_r,NULL);
       return(ERROR);
                                               /* end bypass <<
     goto CHECK;
                                               /* end if ID
   if((flag = TypePrimary(root)) == TRUE)
     goto CHECK;
                                              /* return either ERROR or FALSE *.
   return(flag);
```

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```
CHECK: if(ByPass(STAR_))
      ( newroot = CreateNode(STAR_);
       newroot ->lptr = (*root);
        *root = newroot;
                                              /* end if STAR
                                                                               - /
                                               /* made it this far, all OK
  return(TRUE);
                                               /* end TypeFac()
TypePrimary(root)
                                              /* root is a ptr to tree/subtree */
                                               /* currently working with
  NodeRec **root;
             <TYPEPRIMARY> ::= <PRIMTYPE> ( '(' <TYPEEXP> ')'
/*
             NOTE: ID already checked in TYPEFAC()
                                                                               */
   if (ByPass(LTPAREN_))
   { if (TypeExp(root) != TRUE)
       ErrorHandler(line_no,ERR9,
                                             /* note it, no fix
                (long)LTPAREN );
     if(ByPass(RTPAREN_))
       return(TRUE);
     else
     i ErrorHandler(line_no,ERR_f,
                  (long)RTPAREN_);
       return(ERROR_);
                                              /* end ByPass '('
  if(PrimType(root))
    return(TRUE);
  return(FALSE);
                                               /* default
                                               /* end TypePrimary()
   int
PrimType(root)
                                               /* root is a ptr to tree/subtree *
                                               /* currently working with
  NodeRec **root;
/* <PRIMTYPE> ::= real | integer | natural | boolean | trivial | type */
  if(ByPass(REAL))
   { *root = CreateNode(REAL);
     return(TRUE);
                                              /* end if REAL
   if (ByPass(INTEGER ))
   *root = CreateNode(INTEGER);
     return(TRUE);
                                               /* end if INTEGER
   if (ByPass(NATURAL_))
   *rcot = CreateNode(NATURAL_);
     return(TRUE);
                                               /* end if NATURAL
  if (ByPass (BOOLEAN_))
   ( *root = CreateNode(BOOLEAN_);
```

```
PUBLIC DOMAIN SOFTWARE
          : Parser Utilities
        : parsr_util.c
* Authors : Maj E.J. COLE / Capt J.E. CONNELL
* Started : Ø1/26/87
* Archived : Ø3/Ø3/87
* Modified : 04/23/87 FillBuffer() now calls GetToken() direct.
* This file contains the utility modules for the parser:
           CreateNode()
                          MakeNewRoot() ByPass()
           FillBuff()
                           IsFormal()
                                              IBall()
           NodeName()
                           EnterName()
                                             FindName()
  *****************
 Modified : Ø3/2Ø/87 - Buffer Handling routines added - JC
               04/23/87 - FillBufer() calls GetToken() direct vice
                          working with intermediate file of tokens.
                          EnterName() and FindName() added to place
                         IDs, LITERALS, and CONSTANTS into the name *
                          table. JC
#include <stdio.h>
#include <parser.h>
extern int line_no;
                                       /* global var, holds line no
                                       /* of source prog
extern FILE *pinfile;
                                        /* global working file
                                        /* Init token(0) to value other
                                        /* than NULL. Token[0] holds the *
                                        /* length of the string.
cnar token(MAXLINE) ="x";
NameRec *nametable TABLESIZE+ 1],
                                       /* add 1 because [0] is unusable *
       *EnterName();
/ *******************
                           UTILITIES
  NodeRec *
CreateNode(op)
  NodeType op;
                                        /* operator type of node
/* Creates a tree node and returns the pointer (temp) to this node.
/* Accepts node type (op), an integer, and inserts it into the node. */
NodeRed *temp;
  temp = CALLOC(1, NodeRec);
                                       /* create a node
  temp -> name = op;
  temp -> ln = line no;
  temp -> lptr = (temp -> rptr) = NULL;
  return(temp);
                                       /* end CreateNode()
  void
MakeNewRoot (root, type, side)
```

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```
/* old root of subtree -
  NodeRec **root;
                                             /* will turn into new root
                                             /* (type) is type of new root
         type, side;
                                             /* (side) is side to att old root */
/* Creates a new working root for subtree.
/* Old root is attached to lt/rt based on value of (side)
                                                                            */
NodeRec *newroot;
  newroot = CreateNode(type);
  (side == LEFT) ?
  (newroot ->lptr = *root) : (newroot ->rptr = *root);
  *root = newroot;
                                            /* end MakeNewRoot
  void
FillBuff(start)
 long *start;
                                             /* which slot in the buffer
                                             /* array to start the filling
/* Requires the buffer array and buffer ptr to be previously defined. */
/* Fills the buffer with tokens by calling GetToken(). Buffer filled */
/* until 1) end of user prog reached or 2) end of the array reached */
/* If the token is a literal, id, or constant then EnterName() is
                                                                            */
/* called to enter it into the nametable.
                                                                            */
/* Lastly, resets the buffer ptr to tokenbuff[0].
                                                                            * /
extern long tokenbuff[], *ptr;
int token_num;
                                             /* identifies a token type
NameRec *nptr;
                                             /* ptr to structure of NameRec */
  ptr = start;
                                            /* intit ptr to travel thru buff */
  token_num = GetToken(token);
     *ptr = token_num;
     ++ptr;
     switch (token_num)
     case LITERAL
       case CONSTANT
       case IDENTIFIER :
        { token[0] = strlen(token);
                                            /* insert length of sting
          if((nptr=EnterName(token)))
          *ptr = (long)nptr;
                                            /* address of token
             ++ptr;
          else ErrorHandler(NULL, ERR7, NULL); /* HANDLE MEMORY OVERFLOW
                                             /* end case
                                             /* do nothing
        default:
                                             /* end switch
   } while((token_num != EOF) &&
         (ptr < &tokenbuff(BUFSIZE)));
  ptr = &toxenbuff(0);
                                             /* reset the buffer ptr
                                             /* end FillBuff()
```

```
long
ByPass(tgt)
  int tgt;
/* Checks to see if the next token in the buffer matches the target.
                                                                            */
/* If so, then returns the token no. and increments the buffer
                                                                            */
/* pointer
                                                                            */
extern long tokenbuff[], *ptr;
                                            /* see if at end of biffer
  if(ptr >= &tokenbuff(BUFSIZE))
    FillBuff(&tokenbuff[0]);
                                             /* refill buffer
  while(*ptr == EOLN )
                                            /* increment counter & skip
  { ++ptr;
                                                                            * /
     ++line_no;
     if(ptr == &tokenbuff[BUFSIZE])
                                            /* see if at end of buff
                                                                            = /
       FillBuff(&tokenbuff(0));
                                             /* refill buffer
                                                                            * /
                                             /* end while
  if (*ptr != tgt)
     return (FALSE);
  ++ptr:
                                             /* otherwise, it was found
                                                                            * /
  if(ptr == &tokenbuff(BUFSIZE))
                                            /* if at end of buffer
                                                                            * 1
    FillBuff(&tokenbuff[0]);
                                             /* refill buffer
  switch (tgt)
  ( case LITERAL
     case IDENTIFIER :
     case CONSTANT
                                            /* return ptr to struct
       return(*(ptr++));
                                            /* holding the token
                                             /* just return true
     default:
       return(tgt);
                                             /* end swithch
                                             /* end ByPass()
                                                                            * /
                                            /* root is ptr to subtree
IsFormal(root)
   NodeRec *root;
                                             /* currently working with
/* Required to make the language deterministic. Compound() returned
/* TRUE and "|->" was subsquently found. Formal is a proper subset of */
/* the compounds so need to insure no errors in the formals.
                                                                            */
/* Performs a preorder search of the subtree. NOTE: assumes that root */
/* initially points to a non-null compound list.
*ifdef DEBUG
printf("isformal entered, root->name = %d\n", root->name);
if (root == NULL) printf("root is null\n");
*endif
  if(root == NULL)
     return (TRUE);
```

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```
if((IsFormal(root->lptr))
                  66 (IsFormal(root->rptr)))
     return (TRUE);
  return(FALSE);
                                     /* end Isformal
IBall(tgt,index)
 int tgt, index;
/* Checks to see if the (index)th token in the buffer matches the
                                                                          */
/* target. If it does returns TRUE else FALSE. Does not increment
/* the buffer pointer. Checks for full buffer implemented in this
                                                                          * /
/* manner to allow for future flexibility. Could have used simple
                                                                          * /
/* heuristic of:
                                                                          */
   if(ptr + (3*index) > &tokenbuff[BUFSIZE]) RefilBuffer;
/*
                                                                          */
/* at the expense of generality
                                                                          */
extern long tokenbuff(), *ptr;
long *tptr;
  if(ptr >= &tokenbuff[BUFSIZE])
                                          /* see if at end of buff if
                                          /* so, refill buffer
    FillBuff(&tokenbuff[0]);
                                            /* start over if had to refill
DO AGAIN:
                                           /* buffer during check for tgt
  tptr = ptr;
                                           /* set working pointer
  while(*tptr == EOLN )
                                          /* increment tptr & skip EOLNs
  { ++tptr;
                                                                          * /
    if(tptr == &tokenbuff(BUFSIZE))
                                           /* see if at end of buff
      goto REFIL;
                                           /* nedd to refill buffer and
                                           /* then start over
                                           /* end while
  for(;index >1; --index)
                                           /* only enter for loop if need to */
                                          /* look more than one char ahead */
/* double skip because next */
/* entry is addr of element */
  { switch (*tptr)
     ( case IDENTIFIER :
       case CONSTANT_:
       case LITERAL : tptr += 2; break;
       case EOLN_:
         while(*tptr == EOLN )
          ++tptr;
                                           /* increment counter & skip
            if(ptr == &tokenbuff(BUFSIZE))
            goto REFIL;
                                           /* refill buffer & start over
                                           /* end while
       default: ++tptr;
                                            /* end switch
     if(tptr >= &tokenbuff[BUFSIZE])
                                           /* check if will overflow buff
       goto REFIL;
                                           /* end for
  if (*tptr != tgt) return(FALSE);
  else return(TRUE);
REFIL:
                                            /* take what's left in buffer,
                                            /* put at beginning, now refil
                                            /* rest of buffer
  for(tptr = &tokenbuff(0);
    ptr < &tokenbuff(BUFSIZE); ptr++,tptr++)</pre>
     *tptr = *ptr;
                                            /* refill buffer from current
  FillBuff(tptr);
                                            /* posit to end
```

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```
goto DO_AGAIN;
                                              /* refilled buffer, so start
                                              /* over
                                              /* end IBall()
NodeName(ptr)
  NodeRec *ptr;
/* Accepts a ptr to a structure of NodeRec. Dereferences this node
/* to get a ptr to structure of NameRec which hold the string
/* containing the name of the value in NodeRec. Returns the name to
/* calling routine
NameRec *temp;
                                             /* temp ptr to data struct
                                             /* holding name of "*ptr"
  temp = (NameRec *)(ptr->index);
  return(temp->name + 1);
                                             /* end NodeName()
```

APPENDIX I

ROCK COMPILER — ERROR HANDLER

```
PUBLIC DOMAIN SOFTWARE
* Name
           : Error Handler
* File
           : errors.c
* Authors : Maj E.J. COLE / Capt J.E. CONNELL
* Started : 01/20/87
 * Archived :
               Ø4/Ø7/87
* Modified :
 This file contains the execution modules for error recovery.
                      ErrorHandler(), EatEm()
* Algorithm : ErrorHandler() is called by other modules in the
                compiler. It insures the error count is updated and
                the* error is written to the error file. If required, *
                ErrorHandler() calls EatEm() to gobble tokens to get to *
                a known point in the parse. Used during error
                recovery. After MAXERRORS number of errors simply
                returns to calling routine.
* NOTE
               'errorfile' must have been initially created before
                ErrorHandler() is first called - don't want to append
               to last times errors!
***********
#include <stdio.h>
#include <scanner.h>
#include <errors.h>
                                            /* working file
extern FILE *errorfile;
       num errors = 0;
                                             /* running talley of * erors
int
                                             /* found - glopal var
char
                                             /* array of error messages
        *errors() = {
/* 0 */
                 " incomplete 'i->'",
/*: */
                " RESERVED FOR FUTURE USE",
/* 2 */
                "'\\' without following '/', logical CR is ' ''",
/* 3 */
                "'$' without following 'R', 'N', 'Z', 'B', or 'l'",
                "invalid numeric constant ==> ",
. = 4 =/
/* 5 */
               "literal without ending - ",
/* 6 */
               "unidentified char in input program ==> ",
              "MEMORY OVERFLOW DURING COMPILATION",
"error in statement following ==> ",
"error in type definition following ==> ",
/* 7 */
/* 8 */
/* 9 */
               "unable to complete definition of blockbody after keyword LET",
/* a */
/* b */
               "missing or misplaced ';' after definition",
/* c */
                "valid qualexp/exp not found in the def'auxdef",
```

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```
• ; •
                   "valld typeexp not found in the def",
                   "tormals list missing or error in formals list",
                   "misplaced or missing ",
 • : •
                   "at least one identifier must follow keyword TYPE",
                   "unable to complete def alxdef following keyword AND",
                   "Tissing or invalid auxdef after Keyword WHERE",
                   "missing or misplaced closing paren in formals list",
                   "error in processing fultiple Actuals", "filosing liferal after keyword FIDE",
                   "missing of invalid exp following REYWORD ",
                   " - Framement will ENDIF",
                   "Herrit or formals preceding - +>",
                   "mossing of invalid QualExp following COMMA operator",
                   "error Aradicaina moment QualExp or blosing pracket",
                   "IN No or who is a for 10.300 the desture can be implemented in [3.44%,
                   " ",
                   .. ..,
 . . .
 . . .
                   . ..,
 • . •
                   ......
. . .
                   " N.MERIO FALLE EXPECTED ",
 . . . .
                   " NAT PAG EXPECTED ",
 • :: •
                  " INTELER IN NATURAL EXPECTED ",
• ;; •
                  " PARUS IN TUPLE DEFINITION ",
. ....
                  " NIBEINES VARIABLE IN AND ECOPE ",
                  " FUNCTION WITHOUT FUNCTION DEFINITION ".
. . . .
. . . .
                   " ESPMAIS MISMATCHED ",
                   " FINITION CALLED WITHOUT FUNCTION DEFINITION ",
                  " REAL N MBER EXPECTED ",
                  " INVALID "INSTANT EXPRESSION ",
                  " BOOLFAN VALUE EXPECTED ",
                   " BOOLEAN OFERATOR EXPECTED ",
                  " TUT OF PUN-TIME MEMORY SPACE ",
  77.3
Prromanaler.line_no,err_no,str_num;
  int line no, err_no;
line str num;
   use long because str_num is either pointer to a string "long"
   or an actual number (int or long)
*.ise: DEBUG
frunt: "en entered, err* = %d, str_num = %ld\n",err_no,str_num);
**** 1.1
  i: --num_errors > MAXERRORS) return;
  Hrr rfile = fopen("errors.phi", "a");
                                                   . * append to what's there
   if vermind to ERRIN
                                                    /* no more memory ~
     fprintf(errorfile,"%s(n",errors(err_no));
                                                    /* get out and start over
      lier erro
```

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```
execl("rock.exe", "rock.exe", NULL);
                                                       /* end if no more memory
fprintf(errorfile, "line %3d : %s ",
       ' line_no,errors(err_no));
switch (err no)
   case ERR4:
   case ERR5: fprintf(errorfile,"%s\n",(char *)str num); break;
   case ERR6: fprintf(errorfile,"%.ls\n",(char *)str num); break;
   case ERR8: switch(str_num)
   { case LEQ_:
                               fprintf(errorfile,"<=\n");</pre>
      case NEQ_ :
                             fprintf(errorfile,"<>\n");
      case GEQ_ :
                            fprintf(errorfile,">=\n");
fprintf(errorfile,"=\n");
fprintf(errorfile,"+\n");
                                                                    break:
      case EQ_ :
                                                                     break;
                                                                     break;
                             fprintf(errorfile,"-\n");
      case SUB :
                             fprintf(errorfile,"*\n");
      case MULT :
      case IDIV_: fprintf(errorfile, "%\n");
case RDIV_: fprintf(errorfile, "%\n");
case SUBSCRIPT_: fprintf(errorfile, "!\n");
case ORLOG_: fprintf(errorfile, "\\\n");
case ANDLOG_: fprintf(errorfile, "\\\n");
case NEGLOG_: fprintf(errorfile, "\\\n");
                                                                    break:
                                                                     break:
                                                                    break;
                                                                  break;
      case COLON_ :
                            fprintf(errorfile,":\n");
                                                                    break;
      case CAT_ : fprintf(errorfile,"^\n");
case LINERTARROW_: fprintf(errorfile,"!->\n");
                                                                     break:
      case (KW_+GREATER_): fprintf(errorfile,"GREATER\n"); break;
      case (KW_+IN_) : fprintf(errorfile,"IN\n");
      case (KW +LESS ) : fprintf(errorfile,"LESS\n");
      case (KW_+NOTIN_): fprintf(errorfile,"NOTIN\n"); break;
      default:
          fprintf(errorfile,"UNDEFINED error\n");
                                                       /* end switch case ERR8
      break;
   case ERR9: switch(str_num)
   case ADD
                  : fprintf(errorfile,"+\n");
: fprintf(errorfile,"*\n");
                                                          break:
      case MULT
                          fprintf(errorfile,"*\n");
                        fprintf(errorfile,"->\n"); break;
      case RTARROW :
                        fprintf(errorfile,"(\n"); break;
      case LTPAREN_:
      default:
          fprintf(errorfile,"UNDEFINED error\n");
                                                       /* end switch case ERR9
      break;
   case ERR f: switch(str_num) {
      case KW +AND :
      case KW_+WHERE_:
         fprintf(errorfile, "==\n");
          break:
      case RTPAREN :
         fprintf(errorfile,") \n");
         str num=NULL; break;
                                                       /* don't want to go to EatEm
      case RTSQUIG_:
         fprintf(errorfile,")\n");
          str num=NULL; break;
                                                       /* don't want to go to EatEm
      case END_SEQUENCE_:
          fprintf(errorfile,">\n");
          str num=NULL; break;
                                                      /* don't want to go to EatEm
```

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```
case KW +END_:
          fprintf(errorfile,"KEYWORD END\n");
                                               /* set up for call toEatEm
          str_num += KW_; break;
        case KW_+THEN_:
          fprintf(errorfile, "KEYWORD THEN\n");
           break;
        default:
           fprintf(errorfile, "UNDEFINED error\n");
                                               /* end switch case ERR f
        break:
     case ERR_m: switch(str_num)
       case IF_
          fprintf(errorfile,"IF\n");
                                        break;
        case ELSIF_ :
          fprintf(errorfile, "ELSIF\n"); break;
        case ELSE :
          fprintf(errorfile,"ELSE\n");
                                        break;
        case THEN_ :
          fprintf(errorfile, "THEN\n"); break;
        case BEGIN :
          fprintf(errorfile,"BEGIN\n"\; break;
        default:
          fprintf(errorfile, "UNDEFINED error\n");
                                               /* end switch case ERR_m
        str num += KW ;
                                               /* set str num up to be passed
                                               /* to EatEm()
        break;
     default: fprintf(errorfile," n");
                                                • end switch
  fclose(errorfile);
  if ((err_no >= ERR a) 66
      (err_no < ERR_aa) 66
      (str_num '= NULL))
     EatEm((int) str_num);
                                                • end ErrorHandler
7013
EatEm(tgt)
  int tgt;
/* Increments token buffer pointer until tgt token is found.
/* Use in error recovery to reach a known point in the program.
extern
       long tokenouff(), *ptr;
extern int
              line_no;
*ifsef
       DEBUG
printf("eatem entered, tgt = %d n",tgt);
*ergif
  while(*ptr '= EOF )
     switch (tgt)
     case ECLN_ :
          ·-ptr;
                  --line_no; preak;
        case SEMI :
           if((*ptr==SEMI) (*ptr==KW +137
```

Section between the second

```
return;
    ++ptr; break;
 case EQUIV :
                 switch ((int)*ptr)
 Case EQUIV_
    case SEMI
    case KW_+AND_
    case KW_+AND_ : case KW_+LET_ :
                      return;
    default:
                       ++ptr;
    break;
                                           /* end switch case EQUIV
 case KW +WHERE
                      switch ((int)*ptr)
 case KW +WHERE :
    case KW_+AND_ :
    case KW_+LET_ :
   case SEMI_ : return;
default : ++ptr;
   break;
                                           /* end switch case WHERE
 case KW +AND
                 : switch ((int)*ptr)
 case KW_+AND_ :
    case KW_+LET_ :
   case SEMI_ : default :
                      return:
                      ++ptr;
   } break;
                                           /* end switch case AND
                                                                            * /
case RTPAREN
                 : switch ((int)*ptr)
case RTPAREN :
   case LTPAREN_
   case COMMA_
   case EQUIV
   case LINERTARROW :
   case KW_+AND_ :
   case SEMI_ : default :
                       return;
                       ++ptr;
   break;
                                          /* end switch case RTPAREN
case KW + IF
case KW + ELSIF
case KW_+ ELSE_
                :
:
case KW + THEN
                      switch((int)*ptr)
case KW + ELSIF :
  case KW + ELSE :
case KW + ENDIF :
case KW + THEN : return;
                                          /* end switch case THEN, etc */
  ++ptr; break;
case COMMA
                   : switch ((int)*ptr)
case COMMA
  case LTPAREN_
  case RTPAREN
  case LTSQUIG
  case RTSQUIG
  case ST_SEQUENCE :
  case END_SEQUENCE_:
  case SEMI
  case KW +LET
  case KW +WHERE :
case KW + AND : return;
default : ++ptr;
```

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```
} break;
                                              /* end switch case COMMA
     case KW_+END_
     case KW_+BEGIN_
                          : switch ((int)*ptr)
      case KW_+END_
        case KW_+LET_
        case KW_+WHERE_
        case KW_+AND_
        case COMMA_
        case RTPAREN_
        case RTSQUIG
        case END_SEQUENCE_:
        case SEMI_ :
                              return;
        default
                            ++ptr;
      break;
                                               /* end switch case BEGIN/END
     default :
        return;
                                               /* end swithch
                                               /* end while
}
                                               /* end EatEm()
```

APPENDIX J ROCK COMPILER — SEMANTIC CHECKER

```
/ *********************
* PUBLIC DOMAIN SOFTWARE
* Name
         : Semantic Checker Module 0
* File
         : Sem0.c
* Authors : Maj E.J. COLE / Capt J.E. CONNELL
* Started : 02/01/87
* Archived : 04/03/87
* Modified :
***********
* This file contains the following modules for the PHI parser:
      Hnumconvert
                          Numconvert
* Algorithm :
    This module contains procedures for type conversion. If the
* rt child of a node may be converted to the lt type but the con-
* verse is not true, "Hnumconvert" is called. If either side may be *
* converted, "numberconvert" is called
**********
***********
#include <semcheck.h>
extern void terror ();
/****************** hnumconvert **********************/
  PHITYPE
hnumconvert (ltype, rtype, ptr)
                                   /* Type conversions for the
                                   /* right side of the tree only
                                   /* Left and Right types
  PHITYPE ltype, rtype;
                                   /* Ptr to the root working with
  nodal ptr;
                                   /* Generates code to convert
(extern void c_ztor ();
                                   /* integer/natural to real
  if ((ltype == BOOLEAN) && (rtype == BOOLEAN))
    return (BOOLEAN);
                                   /* No type conversion needed
  switch (ltype) {
                                   /* Predicate actions on type of lt*
     case (REAL) : switch (rtype) (
                                   /* side of node
       case (REAL) : return (REAL);
                                   /* Matching types; no conv req
       case (INTEGER) :
                                   /* Generate code for conversion *
       case (NATURAL) :
         c ztor ();
         return (REAL);
       default :
```

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```
terror (ERR_aa, ptr->ln);
                                              /* No appropriate match; error
             return (REAL); )
                                               /* Rtn real so semantic check cont*.
      case (INTEGER) : switch (rtype) (
          case (INTEGER) :
          case (NATURAL) : return (rtype);
                                              /* Matching types, no conv reg *
          default :
            terror (ERR cc, ptr->ln);
                                              /* Can't convert from real to int *'
             return (INTEGER); }
                                              /* so sandbag the programmer
      case (NATURAL) :
          if (rtype == NATURAL)
            return (rtype);
                                              /* Only one match poss w/o error */
          else (
             terror (ERR bb, ptr->ln);
             return (NATURAL);
      default : terror (ERR_aa, ptr->in);
         return (NATURAL);
   }
/******************** Numconvert *********************/
   PHITYPE
                                               /* Do number conversions for
numconvert (ptr)
                                               /* both left and right side
   nodal ptr;
{PHITYPE ltype, rtype;
                                              /* Left and right child types
extern PHITYPE semcheck ();
extern void c_ztor ();
   ltype = semcheck (ptr~>lptr);
                                              /* Get left type
   if (ptr->rptr->name == (KW_ + ENDIF ))
                                              /* Special case of "if" sequence *
      return (ltype);
   rtype = semcheck (ptr->rptr);
                                               /* Get right type
   if ((ltype == BOOLEAN) && (rtype == BOOLEAN)) /* No conversion necessary
      return (BOOLEAN);
   switch (ltype) {
                                              /* Predicate actions on it type *
      case (REAL) : switch (ttype) (
          case (REAL) : return (REAL);
                                              /* Types are same; no action red *
          case (INTEGER) :
          case (NATURAL) :
                                              /* Generate code for intinat
            c ztor ();
                                               /* to real conversion
             return (REAL);
          default :
                                               /* No converison possible
             terror (ERR_aa, ptr->rptr->ln);
             return (REAL);
      case (NATURAL) : switch (rtype) +
          case (REAL) :
                                              /* Convert left side
             c ztor ();
             return (REAL);
          case (INTEGER) :
             return (INTEGER);
                                               /* No conversion recessary
          case (NATURAL) :
            return (NATURAL);
                                               /* No conversion necessary
          default :
            terror (ERR_aa, ptr->rptr->in);
             return (NATURAL);
```

```
}
case (INTEGER) : switch (rtype) {
   case (REAL) :
                                        /* Convert left side
      c_ztor ();
      return (REAL);
   case (INTEGER) :
   case (NATURAL) :
      return (INTEGER);
                                        /* No conversion necessary
   default :
      terror (ERR_aa, ptr->rptr->in);
      return (NATURAL);
default :
  terror (ERR_aa, ptr->lptr->in);
                                      /* Types are not numeric
  return (NATURAL);
```

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```
/**********
* PUBLIC DOMAIN SOFTWARE
        : Semcheck Module 1
* Name
        : Seml.c
* File
* Authors : Maj E.J. COLE / Capt J.E. CONNELL
* Started : 01/02/87
* Archived : 01/10/87
* Modified :
****************
* This file contains the following modules for the PHI parser:
      Tletdef
                    Trtarrow
      Twhere
                    Tdataauxdef
                                  Tauxand
      Tandcheck
                    Tauxand
                                  Ttypetimes
* Algorithm :
      This module contains scoping procedures (Twhere and Tauxand)
* definition procedures (trtarrow, tkindef, ttypetimes) and the data
* definition procedure.
*********************
************
#include <semcheck.h>
#include <string.h>
                                 /* For "strcpy"
extern int typeptr;
                                 /* Typetable and pointer
extern thode types ();
extern void terror ();
fnode *fhead = NULL;
void
tletdef (ptr)
                                /* checks types of both branches *
 nodal ptr;
  semcheck (ptr->lptr);
  semcheck (ptr->rptr);
PHITYPE
trtarrow (ptr)
                                /* Returns type
 nodal ptr;
PHITYPE ltype, rtype;
extern void putform ();
  ltype = semcheck (ptr->iptr);
                                /* Check left size type
 rtype * semcheck (ptr->rptr);
                                /* Check right side type
  if ('(ptr->lptr->name == TYPETIMES)
     (ptr->lptr->name == TYPEPLUS))
  putform (ltype);
                                 /* Only if lefthode not '*' or '-'*
  return (rtype);
```

```
/********************** Tkindef ***********************/
   void
tkindef (ptr)
                                             /* Adds variable name to defstack */
  nodal ptr;
{extern defptr defhead;
 extern void putdef ();
 PHITYPE rtype;
   rtype = semcheck (ptr->rptr);
   putdef (rtype, ptr->lptr);
                                             /* Put definition in defstack
   defhead->fptr = fhead;
                                              /* Append formal types to entry
  fhead = NULL;
                                              /* Kill fhead
/******************* Twhere *******************
   PHITYPE
twhere (ptr)
                                              /* Semcheck where node
  nodal ptr;
{PHITYPE type;
   semchecker (ptr->lptr);
                                            /* Check leftside
   type = semchecker (ptr->rptr);
                                             /* Check right side
   return (type);
/******************* TDatauxdef ****************/
  void
tdatauxdef (ptr)
                                             /* WORKS FOR ONE FORMALS ONLY
  nodal ptr;
(extern void c_store_code (), c_jmp ();
extern PHITYPE getdtype ();
extern defptr finddef ();
extern char *name ();
defptr d_ptr;
char *holder = malloc (8),
                                            /* Temp holder for function name *
      *nme = malloc (8);
PHITYPE rtype,
                                             /* Type of left and right nodes
       type,
                                              /* Type of datadef
       count = 0;
   nme = strcpy (nme, name ());
  c_jmp (nme);
  holder = strcpy (holder, name());
                                             /* Calculate function name
  c_start_proc (holder);
                                             /* Gen code for starting proc
  rtype = semcheck (ptr->rptr);
                                             /* Get type of right ptr
  if (ptr->lptr->name == IDENTIFIER_) (
                                             /* Open can of worms to typecheck *
                                             /* if left is ident.
      if(!(d_ptr=finddef(ptr->lptr->index))) {     /* No prev decl of this variable */
         ptr->lptr->type = rtype;
         putvar (rtype, ptr->lptr);
   else if (d_ptr->fptr ** NULL) (
                                             /* Prev decl of var is data def
     ptr->lptr->type = getdtype (d_ptr);
      type = hnumconvert (ptr->lptr->type,
      rtype, ptr);
                                             /* Convert it type if feasible
      putvar (type, ptr->iptr);
                                             /* Prev decl of var is another var*
      terror (ERR_dd, ptr->iptr->in);
```

```
while (*(holder + count) != NULL) (
                                             /* Push piano through the acor
                                              /* to copy strings
      (ptr->lptr->label [count]) = (*(holder + count));
      ++count:
   c_store_code ("ret\n");
                                               /* Generate code to end procedure */
                                              /* CANNOT USE C_END_PROC () HERE; *.
   c_store_code (nme);
                                              /* NO SCOPE CHANGE!
   c_store_code (":\n");
/* Check and_list for var defs
and_check (mark, ptr, mark_and)
                                               /* Scope delimiter
   varptr mark;
  and_ptr *mark_and, ptr;
{extern varptr varhead;
 extern int buff_ptr;
 extern char *code buffer;
 int buff_holder;
varptr v ptr = varhead;
                                               /* Ptr = NULL is base for recurs */
   if (ptr != NULL) {
                                               /* of and_check
      and_check (mark, ptr->link, mark_and);
                                               /* Loop to evaluate all proper
                                               /* varptr entries
                                               /* Check if equal names in
                                               /* and_list & var_list
                                               /* Not a function definition
          if(v_ptr->nptr->index==ptr->ptr->index);
             buff holder = buff_ptr; /* Save code buffer pointer
buff_prr = prr->buffptr: /* Car location of variable co
             buff_prr = ptr->buffptr;
                                               /* Get location of variable code *
             c_call_proc (v_ptr->nptr->label); /* Generate code
             buff ptr = buff holder;
                                              /* Restore buffer pointer
              if (*mark_and == ptr)
                                               /* Traverse list
             *mark and = ptr->link;
             del_and (ptr);
             break: }
                                              /* End of var list reached
          if (v_ptr == mark) break;
          v ptr = v ptr->link;
      while (TRUE);
                                               /* Exit is accomplished using a . *
                                               /* break in the loop
/****************************** Tauxand ***********************
  void
                                              /* Semantic check for and node
tauxand (ptr)
  nodal ptr:
extern FLAG and flag:
 extern and ptr and head;
 int save and;
                                               /* Holder for and flag
 varptr mark;
                                               /* Mark top entry in the variest .*
                                               /* Mark current head of and stack *
 and_ptr tptr, mark_and = and_head;
   save_and = and_flag;
                                               /* Save current and flag
   and_flag = TRUE;
                                               /* Set and_flag
```

```
* /
   semcheck (ptr->lptr);
                                          /* Semantic Check
   mark = varhead;
   semcheck (ptr->rptr);
                                          /* Check all new forn & data defs */
   and check (mark, and head, &mark_and);
                                          /* Restore and flag
   and_flag = save_and;
   tptr = and head;
                                          /* Traverse list until end
   while (tptr != NULL)
      tptr = tptr->link;
                                          /* Undefine variables found
   if (mark_and != and_head)
   terror (ERR_ee, ptr->ln);
PHITYPE
ttypetimes (ptr)
                                           /* Semantic check '*' when used */
                                           /* for types
   nodal ptr;
(extern void putform ();
PHITYPE type;
                                          /* Attach formal type to
  putform (semcheck (ptr->lptr));
                                           /* formal list
  if (type = semcheck (ptr->rptr))
                                           /* Look for right type; if 0,
                                           /* end of insertions
   putform (type);
   return (NULL);
                                           /* Always return NULL;
                                           /* This value is used by parent
```

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```
* PUBLIC DOMAIN SOFTWARE
           : Semcheck Module 2
* File : Sem2.c

* Authors : Maj E.J. COLE / Capt J.E. CONNELL

* Started : 01/02/87

* Archived : 04/10/87
* Modified :
* This file contains the following modules for the PHI parser:
       Matchfor
                               Tfunauxdef
                                                       Tfunid
       Tactualist
                               Tid
                                                       Act Walk
       Telist
* Algorithm :
    This module contains the procedures needed to define and call
* functions. Tfunauxdef will set up the run-time structure of the fun-*
st ction, tfunid will check the semantics of the function, st matchfor, st
^\star called by tfunid, checks for the proper type & number of formal pa- ^\star
* rameters.
    Tactualist coordinates the checking of a function call. It uses *
* both telist and act_walk. Actwalk determines whether the number \epsilon *
^{\star} type of actuals is correct, and telist checks each element list and ^{\star}
* returns its type.
        Tid performs semantic checking for program variables.
**********
* Modified :
/********************** Externals ***************
*include <semcheck.h>
*inclide <string.h>
                                        /* For "stropy"
extern thode types ();
extern varptr varhead;
extern void terror (), c_store_code ();
int actual count = 0;
                                         /* count of all actuals
materfor (nptr, def)
                                         /* Match formals
                                         /* Called by tfunia () crl;
  nodal nptr;
                                         /* Ptr to rt side of funia mide
  defptr def;
                                         /* Ptr to var table for furt rame *
-extern long curr_addr;
extern fnode *getfptr ();
extern FLAG form;
                                         Flag set when formals
                                          * are generated
fnode *tptr = getfptr (def);
  form = TRUE;
  tptr = def->fptr;
  curr addr = 0;
```

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```
if (nptr->name == IDENTIFIER ) (
                                           /* Only one formal
      (nptr->type) = tptr->type;
       nptr->addr = curr_addr;
      putvar (tptr->type, nptr);
     nptr = nptr->rptr;
      tptr = tptr->link;
                                             /* Multiple formals
  else (
      do (
         nptr->lptr->type = tptr->type;
         nptr->iptr->addr = curr addr;
         curr_addr = curr_addr +
           types [tptr->type,.bytes;
         putvar (tptr->type, nptr->lptr);
         nptr = nptr->rptr;
         tptr = tptr->link;
      while((nptr!=NULL)&&(tptr!=NULL));
                                            /* Halt when end reached
                                            /* by either ptr
   form = FALSE;
   if (nptr != NULL tptr != NULL)
                                            /* One ptr isn't at end of rin
     return (FALSE);
                                            /* Error handled in calling form *
   else return (TRUE);
void
tfunauxdef (ptr)
                                            /* Type check funauxdef
   nodal ptr;
-extern long curr_addr;
extern void c end proc (), c jmp ();
extern char *name ();
extern nodal nnumconvert ();
char *nme = malloc (8);
PHITYPE Ltype, rtype;
varptr varl, mark = varhead;
long pres addr = curr addr;
                                             * Name for jump around function *
   nme = stropy (nme, name ());
                                             ວຼງກ¤ (nme):
   ltype = semoneck (ptr->lptr);
   rtype = semoneck (ptr->rptr);
   while (varhead->link (= mark) -
                                            --* Eliminate formals from loc lat *
     var1 = varhead;
     varhead = varhead->link;
     varl->link = NULL;
      free (varl);
  ptr->rptr =
                                             * Convert if needed
  nnumbervert (ltype, rtype, ptr->rptr);
   a end pras (nme);
                                             • Peset addresses
  curr_addr = pres_addr;
```

Character of the Charac

```
PHITYPE
tfunia (ptr)
                                      /* Semantic Check for tfunia
  nodal str:
Pextern defptr finddef ();
extern long ourr addr;
extern char *name ();
int hount = 0;
                                     /* Generic loop varient
defptr def;
cnar *no.der = malloc (8);
  if (!(def = finddef (ptr->iptr->index))) + /* Fund name not found
     terror (ERR ff, ptr->in);
     return (NOTFOUND);
  e.se
                                     /* Set node type
    ptr->lptr->type = def->type;
    ptr->type = def->type;
    putvar (ptr->lptr->type, ptr->lptr, FALSE);
    if (!matchfor (ptr->rptr, def))
                                     /* Match formals
     terror (ERR gg, ptr->ln);
    else 🔻
     nolder = stropy (holder, name ());
     wnile (*(holder + count) '= 3) (
                                      /* Push plano -> door to copy
                                      /* string to array
        (ptr->iptr->label 'count() =
        (*(holder - count));
           ++count;
     ptr->lptr->addr = 0;
      return (ptr->type);
              void
telist (ptr)
                                      -- * Semantic Check for element lat *
  nodal ptr;
  if (ptr->rptr '= NULL)
                                      /* Only semoneck if there is
                                       /* something there
   semaneck (ptr->rptr);
 sembneck (ptr->lptr);
  c store code ("call ppop\n");
                                       * Secerate tode
  s_store_code ("push cx\n");
  c store_code ("push di\n");
  --actual_count;
veid
                                       * Recursive prohesize **
act walk (ptr, fptr)
                                        * sem oneok actual ..."
```

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```
nodal ptr:
  fnode *fptr;
                                              /* Recurse until NCUL ptr is nit */
  if (ptr->rptr != NULL)
     act_walk (ptr->rptr, fptr->link);
  semcheck (ptr->lptr);
  if (ptr->lptr->name != ELLIST) {
                                               /* Incr count only if left
          ++actual_count;
                                               /* sibling is an ID
         c store code ("call ppop\n");
                                               /* Generate code to put addresses *
                                               /* on the stack
         c_store_code ("push cx\n");
          c_store_code ("push di\n");
 ************************** Tactuals ******************
   PHITYPE
                                              /* Evaluate actualists
tactuals (ptr)
  nodal ptr;
(extern void c call proc ();
extern FLAG and flag;
extern varptr findvar ();
extern defptr finddef ();
extern char *name ();
defptr def = finddef (ptr->lptr->index);
                                               /* Defstack pointer
varptr var = findvar (ptr->lptr->index);
                                               /* Varstack pointer
int count_hold = actual_count;
char *long buff = malloc (10);
                                               /* Buffer for long to string conv */
                                                /* Conversion variable
long convert;
fnode *fptr;
  actual_count = 0;
  if (def) {
                                                /* Definition found
      if ((!var && and flag) || var)
                                                /* Legitimate cases
             fptr = def->fptr;
                                                /* Get a ptr to the formal nodes */
             act walk (ptr->rptr, fptr);
             convert = actual_count;
             c_store_code ("mov bx, ");
                                               /* Generate code to put # of
                                               /* actuals on the stack
             stcl_d (long_buff, convert);
                                               /* Long to string conversion
             c_store_code (long_buff);
             c store code ("\n");
             c call proc ("i_mov");
          if ((and flag) && (!var)) {
                                              /* Cover "and" scoping rules
             add_and (ptr->lptr);
                                               /* Holder for real name
             c_call_proc (name ());
             else
             c_call_proc (var->nptr->label);
                                               /* Gen code to call function
             actual_count = count_hold;
                                               /* Restore actual count
             return (def->type);
  terror (ERR hh, ptr->ln);
                                               /* Function name not found
  return (NOTFOUND);
```

```
/жинининининининининининининин Tid инининининининининининининини
  PHITYPE
tid (ptr)
                                               * Typecheck is hide
  nodal ptr:
-extern void c_i_form ();
extern long ourr_addr;
extern onar *name ();
extern int formal ();
extern FLAG and_flag;
extern varotr finduar ()
extern defptr finddef ();
char *long_puff = mailoc (100)
                                              * Buffer for long to great and e.g. *
varptr var = fingvar (ptr->index);
                                              * Look for metirities of year
defetr def;
  if ('Var)
                                              * Rin type of var found
                                              * in def table
    if (def = finddef (ptr->index)) >
       if (and_flag) /
        add and (ptr);
         c_call_prod (name .);;
         return (getatype .defi);
                                             of Set and return type definition .
      else return (NOTFOUND);
 else if (formal (var)
     a_i_form (long_buff);
 e.se
                                              * If no formal list, assume lar +
                                              * is an assignment
    c_call_proc (var->nptr->lapel);
                                             * Senerace code to call it has not
                                              * 10 ass.am valle
 return (detytype (varily
                                              * Return Variable Type:
```

```
/*******
* PUBLIC DOMAIN SOFTWARE
          : Semcheck Module #3
* Name
* File : Sem3.c

* Authors : Maj E.J. COLE / Capt J.E. CONNELL

* Started : 01/02/87

* Archived : 04/02/87
* Modified :
************
* This file contains the following modules for the PHI parser:
                            Tidivide
       Trdivide
                                                   Tarithop
       Tprimary
                             Tconvert
                                                   Tconstant
       Tand
                             Tor
                                                    Tnegation
* Algorithm :
      This module contains the procedures necessary for implementing *
st arithmetic oldsymbol{\epsilon} boolean operators. Tarithop coordinates the semantic st
* checking of arithmetic ops by calling the proper function based
* on the operator type. Trdivide & Tidivide handle semantic checking *
* for real & int division, respectively. For all other arithmetic
* ops, the numconvert procedure (sem0) is called to perform seman-
* tic checking, then code is generated.
     For each boolean operator, the appropriate child(ren) is checked*
* and code is generated for the operation.
    In addition, tconstant checks the type of a simple constant by *
* calling convert, & then returns either the constant type or an error*
*************
* Modified :
/************************** Externals **********************/
*include <semcheck.h>
*include <string.h>
                                      /* For "strempi"
extern void terror ();
extern void c store code ();
                                      /* Store asm language output
                                      /* to a buffer
void
                                      /* Division of real operands
trdivide (ptr)
  nodal ptr:
PHITYPE ltype, rtype;
extern FLAG err found;
extern void c_ztor ();
  .type = semcheck (ptr->lptr);
                                      /* Check left side for type
  switch (ltype) +
                                      /* Make convs or locate errors
    case (REAL) : break;
    case (INTEGER) :
    case (NATURAL) :
        c ztor ();
    default ; terror (ERR_aa, ptr->iptr->in); /* Lt child must rtn numeric type *
        return;
                                      /* Error, no need to go thru accde*
```

```
rtype = semcheck (ptr->rptr);
                                          /* Check right side for type
  switch (rtype) (
    case (REAL) : break;
     case (INTEGER) :
     case (NATURAL) :
         c ztor ();
         break;
     default : terror (ERR_aa, ptr->rptr->ln);
                                           /* Error, no need to go thru acode*
  acode (ptr, REAL);
                                           /* Generate code
                                                                        * /
PHITYPE
tidivide (ptr)
                                          /* Semcheck for integer division */
  nodal ptr;
{PHITYPE ltype, rtype, type = NATURAL;
  itype = semcheck (ptr->lptr);
                                          /* TypeCheck both sides
  rtype = semcheck (ptr->rptr);
  switch (ltype) {
                                           /* Check It for Int/Natural Type */
    case (INTEGER) : type = INTEGER;
     case (NATURAL) :break;
     default : terror (ERR cc, ptr->lptr->ln); /* If not Int or Nat, error
            return (INTEGER);
  switch (rtype) {
                                          /* Check rt for Int/ Natural type */
     case (INTEGER) : type = INTEGER;
     case (NATURAL) : break;
     default : terror (ERR cc, ptr->rptr->ln); /* If not Int or Nat, error
        return (INTEGER);
  acode (ptr, type);
                                           /* Generate code
  return (type);
PHITYPE
arithop (ptr)
                                           /* Type Check Addition,
                                           /* Multiplication, Sequence Ops
  nodal ptr:
(extern PHITYPE numconvert ();
int type;
  switch (ptr->name) {
   case (ADD_) :
                                           /* Addition falls through
    case (SUB ) :
                                           /* Subtraction falls through
    case (MULT_) : if(type = numconvert(ptr)) {
                     acode (ptr, type);
                     return (type);}
                  else (
                     terror (ERR aa, ptr->ln);
                     return (NATURAL);
```

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```
case (RDIV_) : trdivide (ptr);
         ptr->type = type;
         return (REAL);
    case (IDIV ) : tidivide (ptr);
        ptr->type = type;
         return (INTEGER);
                                            /* Dummies for now,
    case (COLON_) : break;
                                            /* but watch our smoke!!!
    case (CAT_) : break;
/********************* Tprimary *****************/
  PHITYPE
                                            /* Handle unary "+" or "-"
tprimary (ptr)
  nodal ptr;
(PHITYPE type;
  type = semcheck (ptr->rptr);
  if ((type != INTEGER) &&
     (type != REAL) &&
                                            /* Check type of right node
     (type != NATURAL))
    terror (ERR_aa, ptr->rptr->in);
                                            /* Type must be a number
                                                                           * /
  else if ((ptr->name) == NEG ) (
                                            /* Negate operation
     c_store_code ("call igetvalue\n");
                                            /* Spew code
      c_store_code ("neg ax\n");
      c_store_code ("call iputvalue\n");
                                            /* Note that no action is req
  return (type);
                                             /* for unary "+"
/************************ Convert ********************
  PHITYPE
                                            /* Convert const to real, boolean, */
convert (string)
                                             /* or integer value
                                             /* String to convert
  stg string;
                                            /* True if "e" or "E" read
(FLAG e = FALSE,
                                            /* True if a period has been read *
   period = FALSE;
                                            /* Garden variety loop counter *'
int count = 0;
  if ((strcmpi (string, "FALSE")
     && strcmpi (string, "TRUE"))) (
                                            /* If not boolean
                                            /* Loop until end of string
  while (string [count] != 0) {
    if (!isdigit (string [count])) (
                                            /* If character is not a digit
        if ((string [count] == 'e') ||
         (string (count) == 'E')) {
                                            /* "e" or "E" found
          if (e) return (ERROR);
                                            /* Cannot have two "e"s
          else (
              e = TRUE;
           if ((string {count + 1} == '+') || /* "+" or "-" character
              (string [count + 1] == '-'))
                 ++count;
```

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```
else period = TRUE;
      else return (ERROR);
      ++count; }
                                     /* If gauntlet has been run,
  if (e period) return (REAL);
                                     /* period or "e" makes real
  if (string [0] == '-', return (INTEGER); /* Negative sign makes an integer *
  return (NATURAL);
                                      /* If no other num types, natural *
  return (BCOLEAN);
                                      /* If not a number, a populean
PHITYPE
tconstant (ptr)
                                     /* Handle constant nodes
  nodal ptr;
(extern put addr ();
                                      /* Constant type
PHITYPE type;
                                      /* Constant name
NameRec *tptr;
  tptr = ptr->index;
  if (type = convert (tptr->name + 1)) (
                                     /* Calculate type
   ptr->type = type;
                                     /* Fill node & increment address *
   put_addr (ptr, type);
   c_i_const (tptr->name + 1);
   return (type); }
  terror (ERR_jj, ptr->ln);
                                     /* No legitimate constant found *
PHITYPE
tand (ptr)
                                     /* Sem Check for bool and hade
  nodal ptr;
{PHITYPE ltype, rtype;
  ltype = semcheck (ptr->lptr);
  rtype = semcheck (ptr->rptr);
  if (!(ltype == BOOLEAN && rtype == BOOLEAN)) /* Both children must be paplear *
   terror (ERR kk, ptr->ln);
  c store_code ("call land\n");
                                      /* Generate code
  return (BOCLEAN);
PHITYPE
                                      /* Sema Check for pholor hode
tor (ptr)
  nodal ptr;
{PHITYPE laype, rtype;
  ltype = semcneck (ptr->lptr);
  rtype = semcheck (ptr->rptr);
  if (!(loype == BOOLEAN && rtype == BOOLEAN)) /* Both children must be billean .*
    terror (ERR kk, ptr->in);
```

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```
* PUBLIC DOMAIN SOFTWARE
* File : Sem4.c

* Authors : Maj E.J. COLE / Capt J.E. CONNELL

* Started : 01/29/87

* Archived : 04/03/87
           : Semcheck Module #4
* Modified :
* This file contains the following modules for the PHI compiler:
        Tif
                        Tthen
                                        Telseif
        Telse
                        Tcomp
* Algorithm :
     This module contains the procedures necessary to implement the
* "if-then-elseif-else" series of commands. Tif coordinates the seman-*
* tic checking by calling Tthen to check its left nodes, then calling *
* telse to check its right nodes. Telse will be called until the right*
* subtree runs out of "elses" and "elseifs".
* Modified :
/************************* Externals ******************
*include <semcheck.h>
#include <string.h>
                                         /* For "strcpy"
extern FLAG err found;
extern PHITYPE semcheck ();
extern char *name ();
extern void terror (), c_store_char ();
cnar *if_label = NULL;
PHITYPE
tif (ptr)
                                          /* Semantic checker for "if" node *
 nodal ptr;
                                          /* Ptr to the node
(extern PHITYPE numconvert ();
                                          /* Int, Natural to real converter *
                                          /* Return value type
PHITYPE type;
  if (if label == NULL) if label = malloc (8);
  if_label = strcpy (if_label, name ());
                                         /* Generate label
    type = numconvert (ptr);
                                          /* Check & conv lt and rt types
   c_store_code (if_label);
                                         /* Output code if an error
                                          /* hasn't been found
   c store code (":\n");
   return (type);
```

```
/************************ Tthen ***********************/
  PHITYPE
                                          /* Sem checker for then node
tthen (ptr)
                                           /* Pointer to the node
  nodal ptr;
{PHITYPE ltype, rtype;
                                           /* Type returned from left
                                           /* Jump for asmlanguage code
cnar *label = calloc (7,1);
char *holder = calloc (7,1);
   stropy (holder, if label);
   if((ltype=semcheck (ptr->lptr)) != BOOLEAN) /* Left node contains condition; */
                                           /* must be a boolean
      terror (ERR_11, ptr->lptr->in);
   if_label = strcpy (if label, holder);
   label = strcat (label, name ());
c_store_code ("call igetvalue\n");
                                          /* Get a label for assembly code */
                                          /* Print proper code
   c_store_code ("cmp ax,1\n");
   c_store_code ("jne ");
   c_store_code (label);
   c_store_code ("\n");
                                          /* Check right side
   rtype = semcheck (ptr->rptr);
                                                                         * /
   c_store_code ("jmp ");
                                          /* Generate code
                                                                         */
   c_store_code (if_label);
   c store code ("\n");
   c store code (label);
   c_store_code (":\n");
   return (rtype);
                                           /* Right type is returned
/************************ Telseif **********************/
  PHITYPE
telseif (ptr)
                                           /* Sem check for "elseif" node
  nodal ptr;
                                           /* Ptr to the node
{extern PHITYPE numconvert ();
                                           /* Function converts and returns *
                                           /* left and right types
  return (numconvert (ptr));
/*********************** Telse *********************/
  PHITYPE
telse (ptr)
                                          /* Sema checker for "else" node  */
  nodal ptr;
  return (semcheck (ptr->lptr));
                                           /* Return left side;
                                           /* right side is always endif **
PHITYPE
tcomp (ptr)
                                            /* Handle comparisons and
                                           /* set membership operations
                                           /* FOR INTEGERS AND BOOLEANS ONLY **
  nodal ptr;
{extern PHITYPE numconvert ();
PHITYPE type;
```

```
type = numconvert (ptr);
                                              /* Check and convert if necessary *
                                              /* THIS IS FOR FUTURE USE WHEN
                                              / * REALS ARE IMPLEMENTED
switch (ptr->name) (
                                              /* Check cases
                                              /* WORKS ONLY FOR INTEGERS AND
                                              /* BOOLEANS --- NEEDS REAL
case (EQ_) : c_store_code ("call iequ\n");
          break;
case (NEQ_) : c_store_code ("call ineq\n");
          break;
case (KW_ + LESS_) :
          c_store_code ("call ilt\n");
          break;
case (KW_ + GREATER_) :
          c_store_code ("call igt\n");
          break;
case (LEQ_) : c_store_code ("call ilteq\n");
          break;
case (GEQ_) : c_store_code ("call igteq\n");
          break;
case (KW_+ IN_-):
          c_store_code ("call in\n");
          break;
    case (KW_ + NOTIN_) :
          c_store_code ("call notin\n");
          oreak:
           : terror (ERR 11, ptr->ln);
       break;
return (BOOLEAN);
```

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```
/*******************
* PUBLIC DOMAIN SOFTWARE
* Name
       : Semcheck Utilities.1
* File : Sem_U.c
* Authors : Maj E.J. COLE / Capt J.E. CONNELL
* Started : 01/02/87
* Archived : 04/03/87
* Modified :
***********
* This file contains the following modules for the PHI parser:
                 Putform
Getvtype Finddef
Getdtvpe Form
      Putvar
                              Makeform
      Getfptr
                                           Put addr
      Name
                                           Makevar
                  And_Alloc Add_And
      Putdef
                                           Del And
****************
*****************
/************************* Externals *******************/
#include <semcheck.h>
                                 /* for "stpcpy"
#include <string.h>
FLAG err found = FALSE;
                                 /* True if an error found
long curr_addr = START_ADDR;
                                 /* Next address to be used to
                                 /* place a variable
long curr_scope = START_ADDR;
                                 /* Current scope
form = FALSE;
                                 /* True if formals being processed*:
int typeptr = TYPE_INIT;
                                 /* Ptr to last typetable insert *
inode types (MAXTYPES);
                                 /* Typetable
/*********************** Vartable Definitions *****************/
varptr varhead = NULL;
                                 /* Head of variist linked list *
/******************* Deftable Definitions ***************/
defptr defhead = NULL;
                                 /* Head of deftable linked list *
and ptr and head = NULL:
                                 /* Head for and list
and flag = FALSE;
/************************* Makeform ********************/
 frode
                                 /* Create a formal node
*makeform ()
 return ((fnode*) calloc (1, sizeof (fnode)));
/**************************** Putform **********************************/
putform (type)
                                 /* Put type into formal list
 PHITYPE type;
{extern fnode *fhead;
fnode *ptr = makeform (),
                                 /* Make a formal node
    *tracer;
                                 /* Tracer for the formal list
```

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```
ptr->type = type;
  if (fhead != NULL) {
                                         /* If list already exists
    tracer = fhead:
    while (tracer->link != NULL)
                                         /* Find end of list
      tracer = tracer->link;
    tracer->link = ptr;
                                         /* Insert Node
    ptr->link = NULL;
  else (
                                         /* If no list, insert
    fhead = ptr:
    ptr->link = NULL;
/************************** Makevar *************************
                                         /* Make node for vars linked lst *
makevar ()
  return (struct varnode*)
   calloc (1, sizeof (struct varnode));
void
putvar (type, treenode)
                                         /* Put variable in vartable
  PHITYPE type;
  nodal treenode;
-extern int form;
varptr ptr = makevar ();
                                         /* Fill entry
  ptr->nptr = treenode;
  ptr->type = type;
  ptr->form = form;
                                          /* Set formal flag
  ptr->link = varnead;
                                          /* Set top of linked list
  varhead = ptr;
  otr = NULL;
                                         /* Free pointer space
  free (ptr);
varptr
findvar (varname)
                                         /* Find var in vartable
   long varname;
/varptr ptr = varhead;
  while (ptr != NULL) (
                                         /* Travel list, look for varname *
                                          /* Break if variable found
   if (ptr->nptr->index == varname)
                                         /* Return ptr to proper varnode
      return (ptr);
   ptr = ptr->link; }
                                          /* Increment link
  return (NUCL);
                                         ... No tally or variable
```

```
PHITYPE
                                   /* Get type of var in var stack *
getvtype (ptr)
 varptr ptr;
 return (ptr->type);
void
putdef (type, treeptr)
                                   /* Put var in definitions table */
  PHITYPE type;
  nodal treeptr;
{extern int form;
  defptr ptr = (struct defnode*)calloc(1, sizeof (struct defnode));
                                   /* Fill entry
  ptr->nptr = treeptr;
  ptr->type = type;
  ptr->link = defhead;
                                   /* Set top of linked list
 defhead = ptr;
  ptr = NULL;
                                   /* Free pointer space
  free (ptr);
defptr
                                   /* Find var in deftable
finddef (varname)
  long varname;
(defptr ptr = defhead;
  while (ptr != NULL) (
    if (ptr->nptr->index == varname)
                                   /* Break if variable found
       return (ptr);
                                   /* Return ptr to proper varnode *
     ptr = ptr->link; }
                                    /* No tally on variable
  return (NULL);
/*************************** qetfptr ************************
  fnode
                                   /* Return fotr from def table
*getfptr (ptr)
  defptr ptr;
  return (ptr->fptr);
PHITYPE
getdtype (ptr)
                                   /* Get type of var in def table - *
 defptr ptr;
  return (ptr->type);
/************************* Add and *********************
  void
add_and (ptr)
                                   /* Add and_node to and list
                                    /* Ptr to node containing war
  nodal ptr;
```

```
!extern and_ptr and_head, and_alloc ();
extern int buff ptr;
                                          /* Holder for and pur
and ptr a_ptr = and_alloc ();;
  a ptr->buffptr = buff ptr;
                                          /* Set ptr to current buffer ptr *
                                          /* Get ptr to node with var def
  a ptr->ptr = ptr;
                                           /* link hode to list
  a ptr->link = and_head;
  and nead = a ptr;
  a_ptr = NULL;
                                          /* Dispose of a ptr
  free (a_ptr);
/***************************** And Alloc ************************/
  and ptr
                                           /* Create a node for and list
and alloc ()
  return ((struct and_struct*)calloc (1, sizeof (struct and_struct)));
/************************** Del and **********************/
  void
del_and (ptr)
                                          /* Delete entry into the and list */
  and ptr ptr;
!extern and_ptr and_head;
and_ptr search = and_head;
  if (ptr != and head) {
                                          /* Case if pointer not equal to
                                          /* first entry in list
      while (search->link != ptr)
                                           /* Place ptr on entry above
                                          /* tgt entry
         search = search->link;
                                          /* Set pointer
      search->link = ptr->link;
  else and_head = ptr->link;
                                          /* Case ptr = to lst entry in lst *
                                          /* Dispose of uneeded node
  ptr->link = NULL;
  free (ptr);
void
terror (err_num, line_num)
                                          /* Sem check error handling
                                          /* routine
   int err_num, line_num;

«extern ErrorBandler ();
  err found = TRUE;
                                          /* Set err found to true 4
                                          🧨 stop tode gen
  ErrorHandler (line_num, err_num, SEM_ERR);
                                         /* generic error manaling prod
vola
but addr (ptr, type)
                                           /* Inserts virtual address if
                                           /* variable/function return
                                           /* And increments purr addr.
                                           /* Assumes global purr agar
                                           /* Pointer to target orde
  nodal ptr;
```

```
/* Node type
 PHITYPE type;
                                       /* Set node address
 ptr->addr = curr_addr;
 ptr->scope = curr_scope;
 curr_addr = curr_addr + (types (type).bytes); /* Increment curr_addr by num of *
                                       /* bytes type needs
                                       /* Error if address exceeds
 if (curr_addr > MAXADDR)
                                       /* address space
    terror (ERR_mm, ptr->ln);
char
                                        /* Generate an appropriate name
*name ()
                                        /* for a label/ procedure
                                       /* Holder for output
char *string = malloc (7),
    *string1 = malloc (7);
                                       /* Number to append to string
static long seed = 10000;
                                       /* String prefix
  *string = 'a';
                                       /* Insert string terminator
  *(string + 1) = ENDSTRING;
                                       /* Convert long seed to string
  stcl d (stringl, seed);
                                       /* Concatenate strings
  string * streat (string, string1);
                                       /* Incr int to avoid duplication *'
  ++seed:
  return (string);
/* Returns true if the varnode
formal (ptr)
                                     /* describes a formal
  varptr ptr;
  if (ptr->form) return (TRUE);
  else return (FALSE);
```

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APPENDIX K

ROCK COMPILER — CODE GENERATION MODULE

	**********	*******	
* PUBLIC DOMAIN SOFTWARE			
*			
			_
* Name : Code Generation	Wodnie		٠
* File : Code_Gen.c			*
* Authors : Maj E.J. COLE /	Capt J.E. CONNE	· • •	•
* Started : 02/06/87			•
* Archived : 04/10/87			•
* Modified : 04/13/87 Code o	utput to vdisk	EC	
******	****	*********	
* This file contains the follow	ing modules for	the PHI compiler	٠
t Consul Code	0 05	0.366 1	•
* C_Store_Code	C_Startup	C_Off_Insert	•
* C_Ending	C_Printcode		٠
* Acode	C_Jmp	C_Start_Proc	•
* C I Const	C I Form	C_End_Proc	•
* C_I_Op	C[Call Proc		٠
* ·	- -		•
* Algorithm :			٠
	edures necessar	w for anda gararat in	
* This module contains the procedures necessary for code generat, n. * Costartup initializes the run time file, & the semantic checker w*			
			• •
* call the procedures as necess			•
* genaric generator which will	spew any string	, given as an arg to the	•
* output file.			•
*			٠
******	*********	******	• •
* Modified : 04/13/87 Code o	utput to vdisk.	drive "d:" ET	٠
*******	******	*****	
<i>;***</i> *******			
#ind.lage <semaneak.h></semaneak.h>	xternars		•
#indlude <string.h></string.h>			
#indlude <fontl.n></fontl.n>	• •	T = 676.	•
extern FLAG err_found;		rr r tvaa	•
extern long ourr_addr;	•	infect of the above	•
,			
	Globals *****	· * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	•
onar toode_bufter;		iter to recover the	•
.rt suff_ptr = NULL;	• /*	to the table	•
·/*************	'C_Store_Code '		•
Vo.4	- -		
t store nume (string)	•		
odar Mstrina)	• **	tring to rest tes	
ne per a Villa		terre	

```
if ('err found) {
                                     /* Compute only if no error found */
  while (*(string + ptr) '= NULL) ( /* Copy string char by char
    *(code buffer + buff_ptr) = *(string + ptr);
  --ptr;
  --puft_ptr/
jmp (name)
                                     /* Gen code to insert jump command*/
  char *name;
 c store code ("jmp ");
 c_store_code (name);
 c_store_code ("\n");
Vola
c start proc (name)
                                      /* Output name for start of asm */
                                      /* language procedure
  onar *name;
 c_store_code (name);
  c_store_code (":\n");
/******************** C End Proc ********************/
= end prod (name)
                                      /* Output name for ending an
                                      /* assembly language procedure */
 onar fname;
 c store_code ("call del scope\n");
 c_store_code ("ret\n");
  : store_code (name);
 a store tode (":\n");
.************************* C Call Proc *********************/
ijia...prod (name)
                                      /* Output call for an assembly **
                                      /* language procedure
  char thame;
  store_code ("mall ");
  o store bode (hame);
  mist re bode of bills;
* Generate call to put integer
                                     /* formal addr onto stack
   nar *num;
  // if te code ("mov cx,");
  n shuce inde numbe
  i store mide ("on");
  nishore code "call", formal h".;
```

```
/************************ C I Const *************************/
c_i_const (name)
                                                         /* Output code for assigning an
                                                         /* integer constant
   char *name;
   c_store_code ("mov ax,");
  c store code (name);
   c store code ("\n");
   c_store_code ("call iputvalue\n");
void
                                                        /* Output code for int arith ops */
c_i_op (op)
                                                        /* Type of operation
   optype op;
(extern void terror ();
   switch (op) {
       case (ADD) : c_call_proc ("iadd");
           break:
        case (SUB) : c call proc ("isub");
           break:
       case (DIVIDE) : c_call_proc ("idivn");
        case (MULT) : c_call_proc ("imult");
           preak:
        default : return;
/***************** Startup **********************************
c startup ()
                                                        /* Open and initialize files
code_buffer = getmem (SIZEBUFFER);
                                                         /* Initialize buffer
  c_store_code ( "extrn initial : near\n");
                                                         /* Write utilities needed
   c_store_code ( "extrn ladd : near\n");
  c_store_code ( "extrn isub : near\n");
c_store_code ( "extrn imult : near\n");
c_store_code ( "extrn idivn : near\n");
c_store_code ( "extrn iequ : near\n");
   c store code ( "extrn ineq : near\n");
   c_store_code ( "extrn igt : near\n");
   c_store_code ( "extrn ilt : near\n");
  c_store_code ( "extrn land : near\n");
c_store_code ( "extrn lor : near\n");
c_store_code ( "extrn igteq : near\n");
   c store code ( "extrn iputvalue : near\n");
   c store code ( "extrn ilteq : near\n");
   c_store_code ( "extrn igetvalue : near\n");
  c store_code ( "extrn initial : near\n");
c store_code ( "extrn finis : near\n");
c store_code ( "extrn print_top : near\n");
c store_code ( "extrn negation : near\n");
   c_store_code ( "extrn i_formal : near\n");
   c_store_code ( "extrn i_mov : near\n");
   c_store_code ( "extrn ppush : near\n");
   c_store_code ( "extrn ppop : near\n");
   c_store_code ( "extrn add_scope : near\n");
   c_store_code ( "extrn del_scope : near\n");
   c_store code ( "org 0100h\n\n");
   c store code ( "cseg\n");
   c store code ( "call initial\n");
```

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```
/************************* C_Print_Code ********************/
  void
c_print_code ()
                                            /* Output code buffer to
                                            /* secondary storage
(extern char prefix {);
                                            /* Output file
 int code;
char holder[30];
strcpy (holder, "d:");
                                           /* set up file name
strcat (holder, prefix);
                                           /* save prefix & drive for fut use*/
stropy (prefix, holder);
 strcat (holder, "a.86");
  code = open(FILENAME,O_TRUNC + O_WRONLY,NULL); /* Open file for writing and
                                           /* overwriting only
  write (code, code buffer, buff ptr);
                                           /* Write the buffer
                                           /* Close the output file
  close (code);
/****************** C_ Ending ********************/
   void
c_ending ()
                                           /* Ending for output code
  if (!err found) {
   c_store_code ("call print_top\n");
   /* Print address pointed to by */
                                           /* top of program stack
                                           /* Routine to make clean ending */
    c store code ("call finis\n");
                                            /* If no error, put asm language */
    *(code_buffer + (buff_ptr ++)) = CNTRL_Z;
                                            /* delimiter to file
                                            /* Output code to a file
    c_print_code ();
/************************* c _ztor **********************/
                                            /* Gen code for conv int to real */
c ztor ()
                                            /* Empty now, but watch our smoke */
/********************** Acode **********************/
  void
                                            /* NOTE : USES EMPTY STATEMENTS */
acode (ptr, type)
                                            /* FOR REAL OPERATIONS
   nodal ptr;
                                            /* Generate code for arith ops */
  FLAG type;
{extern void terror ();
 int name;
  name = ptr->name;
  switch (name) {
   else c_i_op (ADD);
           break:
   case (SUB ) : if (type == REAL);
                                           /* Subtraction
           else c_i_op (SUB);
           break:
                                       /* Multiplication
   case (MULT ) : if (type == REAL);
            else c_i_op (MULT);
            break:
   case (RDIV_) :
                                           /* Real Division
            break:
```

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APPENDIX L

ROCK COMPILER — USER INTERFACE

```
* Name : User Interface 
* File : User.C
* Authors : Maj E.J. COLE / Capt J.E. CONNELL
* Started : 04/01/87
* Archived : 04/10/87
* Modified :
*************
* This file contains the following modules for the PHI compiler
          User err
                              Getname
                                                   Prog name
          Print header
                             P Close
                                                   User
* Algorithm :
     This module contains the procedures necessary for the user in-
terface.
    Prog Name gets the user's choice of program by calling Get Name *
* Print header is called to print the initial screen display on con- *
* sole, & the User procedure is the overall coordinator of the inter- *
     User_Err and P_Close are both independent procedures. User Err *
* handles output in the event that an error or errors have been found.*
* P_close is called by "Rock_Main" to ensure the input file has been \, *
* closed.
/*************************** Externals *****************
*include <user.h>
#include <dos.h>
                                      /* for "getch ()"
#include <stdio.h>
extern void clrscr (), mov_cursor (), clr_window ();
/****************************** Globals ********************
char u name [BUFFLENGTH].
                                       /* Name of Source file
   prefix (BUFFLENGTH);
                                       /* Prefix of source file
                                       /* File handle of source file
void
iser err ()
                                       /* Screen interface for error msa *
fextern void clrscr ();
```

```
extern int num_errors;
                                           /* Number of errors found
 FILE *errors;
                                            /* Error File
 int numblocks,
                                            /* Number of blocks to read
   count = 0;
                                            /* Generic loop variable
 char *buffer = malloc (BSIZE),
                                           /* Keypressed after pause
   errors = fopen (ERRORFILE, "a");
   fprintf(errors,
    "number of errors = %d\n", num_errors);
   putc ('$', errors);
                                           /* Put EOF marker to file
   foliose (errors);
   cirsor ();
   errors = fopen (ERRORFILE, "r");
   numblocks = fread(buffer, BLOCKSIZE, 20, errors); /* Read error mgs from error files*/
                                           /* BLOCKSIZE | will allow whole | */
                                           /* file to be read at once
   while (*(buffer + count) (= '$') (
    putchar (*(buffer + count));
     ++count;
  printf ("\n \n \n");
                                          /* Skip lines to give appearance */
                                          /* of user friendliness */
  printf ("%s", PAUSE);
                                          /* Pause to give user a chance to */
                                           /* comtemplate his errors */
  input = getch ();
                                           /* Eat keyboard input after pause */
  fclose (errors);
  clrscr ();
  if (input == ESCAPE) exit (1);
                                           /* If user pressed escape, */
                                           /* exit the program
getname ()
                                           /* Returns the user's choice
                                           /* of file to compile
(int oh,
                                           /* Single input character
  count = 0;
                                           /* Buffer pointer
                                          /* Loop, get file name ltr by ltr */
   if ((ch = getch ()) == BACKSPACE) (
                                          /* <- key is hit
      if (count) ( ~-count;
        putchar (ch);
                                          /* Backspace
         putchar (' ');
                                          /* Insert blank
         putchar (ch);
                                          /* Eat last char if there is one */
   else if (ch == ESCAPE) (
                                         /* Escape pressed; exit
     cirscr ();
     exit (1); }
   else if (ch < 127)
                                        /* Legitimate char read; use it */
    putchar (ch);
    i_name {count} = ch;
    **count;
   while ((count <= BUFFLENGTH) 66</pre>
      ch != EOLN):
                                          /* loop until buffer full or
                                          /* return pressed
```

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```
u name [count - 1] = 0;
                                    /* Insert end of string char
 void
prog_name ()
                                     /* Get legitimate program name
  do 1
                                     /* Loop until fopen finas
                                    /* legit name
    cir_window (9,1,21,79);
                                    /* Clear out lower window of son **
   mov_cursor (10,2);
   printf (GETPROGRAM);
   getname ();
    infile = fopen (u_name, "r");
   if (!infile) (
                                     /* Name not in current directory **
   mov_cursor (20,33);
                                    /* Print user friendly error msgs *
   printf (FILE1_ERROR);
   mov_cursor (21, 16);
  printf (FILE2_ERROR);
  if (getch () == ESCAPE) (
                                    /* Exit if ESCAPE pressed */
      clrscr ();
     exit (1);
   } while (!infile);
                                    /* Repeat until correct file found*/
                                    /* NOTE - escape exits loop & prgm*/
  mov_cursor (13,28);
  printf (WAIT);
void
print_header ()
                                   /* Print out header for user
 clrscr ();
 mov cursor (1, 33);
 printf (HEADER1);
  mov cursor (2,24);
 printf (HEADER2);
p_close ()
                                    /* Close out target file
  folose (infile);
iser ()
                                    /* Invoke user interface
{int count = 0;
                                    /* Duty integer
 print_header ();
 prog_name ();
 while (!(u_name (count) == '.'
                                  /* Copy root of input file name *
      u_name (count) == NULL)) (
                                   /* Loop until end of input name *
                                   /* reached OR until end of str is *
 prefix 'count' = u_name (count);
                                   /* reached, if no extension
  **count;
 prefix count = 0;
```

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APPENDIX M ROCK COMPILER — RUNTIME UTILITIES

; * Name : Phi Runtime Utilities				
;* File : U.a86				
* Authors : Maj E.J. COLE / Capt J.E. CONNELL				
;* Authors : Maj E.J. COLE / Capt J.E. CONNELL ; * Started : 01/26/87				
* Archived : 16 Feb 87				
* Modified : 16 Apr 87 Stack/Varspace Crash error check EC				

;ALGORITHMS				
,				
: 1. Input/Output: The first section of the program contains input and output				
: 2. Virtual Space: A virtual space is set up in the extra segment to hold both the				
stack. The middle; of this space is denoted by the symbol "vars", and variables				
; offset (\pm 32700) from vars. In this implementation, the program stack grows from				
vars grow from the bottom. The virtual space is assumed to be made up of words				
(two bytes), so only				
even numbers may be used to access it.				
3. Stack: The stack pointer is the si register, which is initialized to 32700.				
grows, the si register is reduced by two. Ppush and ppop will push and pop two registers. "Push_one" and "Pop_one" will push and pop_ single words to and from				
registers, "Push_one" and "Pop_one" will push and pop_single words to and from .				
, : 4. Addressing Program - Variables: Each program variable is assigned a two-tuble A				
scope and O is the offset from the base address of variables in that scope.				
turn the address of a variable given A.				
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,				
5. Scoping: Initially the scope is set to 0: the global scope. The variable				
; space containing the outer scope, and the variable "S Nest" contains the current				
; new scope is created, "S_Nest" is increased by one, and the three-tuple S =				
: (L = Static Link, pointing nesting level of the outer scope, N is the nesting				
is the base address of display of variables for this scope.				
When a scope is deleted, the top of the stack is saved, the top instantiation of a				
and S_link and S_Nest are recalculated.				
6 Inserting/Extracting Program Variables: "I_Assign" will insert an integer or				
scope contained in S_Nest when it is requested. "Iputvalue" will insert the				
resoponding tuple A on the stack. "Igetvalue" will pop the tuple A off the top of				
the value of the integer pointed to by A.				
· · ***********************************				

* Modified : 22 Feb 87 Add/del scope changed to save TOS. EC				
message to observer				

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```
Public Procedures
public i_mov
public i_formal
public igetvalue
public finis
public iputvalue
public find_addr
public add_scope
public del_scope
public initial
public finis
public ppush
public ppop
public lassign
public lor
public land
public iequ
public ineq
public ilt
public igt
public ilteq
public igteq
public negation
public iadd
public isub
public imult
public idivn
public print_top
; *
; *
                          I/O Procedures
;************************ print_char *********
;Print a char to the screen
;assumes letter to be printed is in dl register
 print_char:
                                           ; save registers
      push ax
      mov ah,06
                                           ;put int vector
      int 21h
      pop ax
      ret
;Prints end of line character to the screen
  eoln: mov dl, 10
                                           ; Moves appro ascii values to ort
      call print_char
                                           ; IBM specific
      mov d1, 13
      call print_char
;******************** Print Num **********************
;Prints, as a number, the value found in the bx register
```

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```
push ax
  print_num:
     push bx
      push cx
      bush dx
      mov cx, 10000
                                             ;Base for dividing
                                             /Check if negative
      cmp bx,0
                                             ; If not, jump to start
      jge small
             mov dx, '-'
                                             /Emit negative sign
      call print char
                                             ;Negate
             neg bx
                                             /test if less than 10
     small: cmp bx, 10
      jl final
                                             Divide bx by cx
     div loop: mov ax, bx
                                             ;Set up ax register
      xor dx, dx
              div cx
      cmp ax, 0
                                             ; If not zero, jump
      jne p_loop
                                             ;Otherwise, decr ox by factor of 10
      mov ax, cx
      mov cx, 10
      xor dx, dx
      div cx
      mov cx, ax
                                             ;Mov ax to cx and continue
      jmp div loop
                                             :Main printing loop
    p_loop: mov ax, bx
                                             ;Set up dx register
      xor dx, dx
      div cx
                                             :Divide
      mov bx, dx
                                             ; Move remainder to bx
      add ax, 48
                                             :Add for ascii
      mov dx, ax
                                             ;Print
      call print_char
      xor dx, dx
                                             ;Set up dx for division
                                             ;Divide base value by 10
      mov ax, cx
      mov cx. 10
      div cx
      mov cx, ax
      cmp ax,1
                                             ;If base value 1, end loop
                                             ;Else continue
      jne p_loop
    final:
                                             ;Print final value
      add bx, 48
      mov dx, bx
      call print_char
      call eolm
                                             ;End of line
      pop dx
      pop cx
      pop bx
      pop ax
      ret
;Prints the space pointed to by the top tuple of the program stack
  print top:
                mov di.si
      add di,2
      mov dx, vars.di.
                                             ;Get nesting level
      add di.2
      mov dx, vats di'
                                             :Mov offset to ax
```

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```
call find addr
                                     ;Mov address into si reg
     mov di, cx
     mov bx, vars [di]
                                      ;Mov num from address to bx
                                      :Print number
     call print num
                                      :Inset eoin
     call eoln
;********************** print s *****************
;assumes address of is in the dx register
;assumes string ends with a "$" sign
 print s:
     push ax
                                     isave register
     mov ah, 9
     int 21h
     pop ax
     ret
, **********************
; *
                   Stack Procedures
. ****************
;************************* Ppush *************************
; Pushes values from cx (offset) and di (nesting level)
 ppush: mov vars (si), cx
                                   /Put offset in stack
                                  :Ind stack pointer
     sub si, 2
     mov vars [si], di
                                   /Put Nest level into stack
                                  :Ind stack pointer
     sub si, 2
     cmp si, curr_addr
                                  /Cheuk for stack/varspace crash
     jg p_return
                                 ; If no drash, go to end
     mov dx, offset crash
                                 ;Get string for error message
     call print_s
call finis
                                   Print it
                                   /Halt execution
     p_return: ret
;************************* Push one *******************
; Push a single integer from cx register to the program stack
 push_one: mov vars [si], cx
                                     ;Put word in stack
     sub si, 2
                                      ;Ind stack pointer
     ret
;Pop values from the program stack to di (nesting level) and cx (offset)
spap:
      add si,2
                                      ;Set _p ptr
     rov di, vars [si]
                                     ;Set nesting level
     add si,2
                                      ;Recalc pointer
     mov cx, vars [si]
                                      ;Set offset
;Pop a single integer from the stack to the cx register
 pop_une: add si, 2
                                      /Set up pointer
     mov cx, vars [si
                                      ;Set word
```

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```
Varspace Management Procedures
; Assign an integer value to a variable space in current scope
; Assumes value is in ax; offset is set to current max offset
          mov ai, s link
  ;get static link
     sup di,2
                                     ;decrement it to pt to case address
     mov di, vars'di]
                                      /mov base address to be
                                      ;add offset
     add di, max_offset
     mov vars[di], ax
                                      ;mov number into that address chare-
     add max offset,2
                                     ;Inc max offset and purrent address
     add curr addr,2
     ret
;Pop the stack and move the integer value pointed to into the ax
register
   igetvalue: call ppop;
                                     ;Get nesting level and offset
     mov dx, di
     call find_addr
                                     ;Get addr of (S_Nest, Max_lffset
     mov di, cx
     mov ax, vars [di]
                                      ;Get integer value
     ret
; Takes an integer from AX register, puts its value into varspace,
; then puts its address on the top of the stack
  iputvalue: mov dx, s nest
                                     ;Get static nesting level
     mov dx, max offset
     call find addr
                                     ;Get addr of 48 Nest, Max Officer
     mov di,cx
     mov vars [di], ax
                                      ;Put value into memory
     mov di, s nest
     mov cx, max offset
                                     ;Store (S Nest, Max Offset)
     call ppush
     add max offset, 2
                                     ;Ind max offset and purr addr
     add curr addr, 2
     TAT.
; *
; *
                  Scoping Procedures
;Returns address of variable at nesting level dx, offset cx to cx reg
  find addr: mov di, s link
                                     ;Get addr of current static pointer
  find_loop: cmp es:vars[di ,ux]
                                       /If stack value = scope, exit : :
     je f_put
```

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```
add di.2
      mov di, es:vars[di]
                                           ;Else jump to next scope and loop
     jmp find_loop
   f out: sub di,2
                                         ;Calc ptr to base addr of scope vars
     add cx, es:vars[di]
                                                               :Add offset
;************** Add Scope *******************
;Start new scope by adding static link, starting address, & nesting
  add scope: mov cx, s_link
                                         ;Get static link
     inc s nest
     mov di, s_nest
                                         ;Get new nesting level
     call ppush
                                         ;Save link and level
     mov cx, curr_addr
     mov di, max offset
     call ppusn
                                         ;Save curr addr
     mov max offset. 0
                                         ;Re initialize max offset
     mov s_link, si
     add s_link,6
      ret
;Deletes a scope
  del scope: call ppop;
                                         ;Save top of stack
     mov dx. di
     call find_addr
     push cx
                                         ;Save absolute address of tos
     dec s nest
                                         ;Reduce nesting level
     mov si, s_link
                                         ;Decrease stkptr to current link
     sub si, 4
     mov cx, es:vars (si)
     mov max offset, cx
     mov bx.2
     mov cx, es:vars (si+bx)
     mov curr addr, cx
     add si, 6
     mov cx, es:vars [si]
     mov s_link, cx
                                        /Get durrent status link
     pop di
     mov ax, es:vars [di]
                                                     (Restore the follow
     call iputvalue
     ret
**********
; *
; *
                   Begin/End Procedures
;************************ Initial ********************
; initialize the stack and variables
; must initialize cx to base of stack heap before calling this
 initial:
            mov si, SPACE_TOP
                                         - /Initialize base of shark
     mov di,0
     mov cx, 0
     call ppush
                                         : Push base scope and addres;
      ret
```

```
;**************** finis *******************
 finis:
    mov ax,04c00h
                                    ;end procedure
     int 21h
Booleans
;************************ Negation ********************
; Negates a boolean value
 negation: call igetvalue
                                    ;Get boolean
    cmp ax, 1
     jne zero
     mov ax,0
     jmp p
                                    ;Jump to end
     zero: mov ax,1
     p: call iputvalue
                                    /Stuff boolean & put addr on stark
     ret
; Takes logical or of two booleans and stacks address of answer
  lor: call igetvalue
                                     get ist poolean off stack of the k
req
    mov bx, ax
                                    ;save poolean
     call igetvalue
                                     ;get 2nd value using the shack him
                                     ;Perform or
     or ax, bx
     call iputvalue
                                     /Put value into varspace & 10 stark
     ret
;Takes logical and of two booleans and stacks address of answer
  land: call igetvalue
                                     aget 1st boolean off stank to the con-
     mov bx, ax
                                     csave value
     call igetvalue
                                     /get second value using share in
                                     /Perform and
     and ax, ex
     call iputvalue
                                     ;Push boolean address onto the k
    795
:Takes logical equal of two integers and stacks address of answer
  LHILL CALL IgetValue
                                     gret ist intoutfistankin ince .
     TOV DX, AX
                                    isave value
     lall igetvalle
                                     graet Ond value (A) do ne oralle s
     ETD AX, DX
     A AG.
                                     gramme of equal.
                                 your fause value onto carstaine
     Tov ax, BALSE
     of: patralle
                                  - photomacle into carstane, appro
     ٠٠٠
    estation of the axi, 1908.
                                 Typic true value of varorale.
     - <sub>(,</sub>
    . 43.
```

```
; Takes logical not equal of two integers and stacks address of answer
  ineq: call igetvalue
                                        /get 1st int off stack to the cx red
     mov bx, ax
                                        ;save value
                                        gget second value using stack ptr
     call igetvalue
     TTD AX. DX
     the neg.
                                       /Jump if equal
                                   put false value into varspace
     mov ax, FALSE
                                    ;Put value into varspace, addr on stack
    hal: call ipitvalue
     - 0
    negl: mov ax, TRUE
                                   ;put true value into varspace
     ∵ro fa.
     -0.
:Takes logical less than of two integers and stacks address of answer
Returns true if first value is less than the second value
  lit: call igetvalle
                                        /get 1st int off stack to the cx req
     mov ex, ax
                                        :save value
                                       gget 2nd value using the stack ptr
     call getvalle
     отрах, ох
                                       :Compare
                                        ;Jump if less
     rae less
                                    ;put false value into varspace
     mov ax, IRUE
    con:
          call sputvable
                                     ;Put value into varspace, addr on stack
     :e:
    less: mov ax, FALSE
                                   ;put true value into varspace
     jmp con
:Takes logical greater than of two integers and stacks address of answer
Returns true if first value is greater than the second value
  lgt: call igetvalue
                                        iget lst int off stack to the mx rem
     том рж. аж
                                        isave value
     call getvalle
                                        /get second value using stack ptr
     omp ax, bx
                                        /Compare
      jie greater than
                                        :Jump if greater than
     mov ax, TRUE
                                    /put false valle into varspace
     conic dall iputvalle
                                     Put value into varspace, addr on Stack
     :e:
preater trans mov ax, FALSE
                                   ;pit true valle into varspace
     j⊤p toni
     : e:
; ******************* Ilted **********************
:Takes logical ≤ of two integers and stacks address of answer
Returns true if first value is less than or equal to the second value
                                        aget 1st intoff stack to the 'x resi
  îltes: ::a....getvalle
     717 CX, 3X
                                        :save value
     ra....ze*va..e
                                        gget 2nd value using the stuck its
     its ax, sx
                                        ; Tombare
                                        /Jump of less to error
      a Liea
```

```
mov ax, TRUE
                                     ; put false value into varspace
      con2: call iputvalue
                                     ;Put value into varspace, addr on stack
       lteq: mov ax, FALSE
                                    ;put true value into varspace
       jmp con2
       ret
 ;Takes logical ≥ of two integers and stacks address of answer
 Returns true if first value is greater than or equal to the second
  Igteq: call igetvalue
                                        ;get 1st int off stack to the cx reg
      mov bx, ax
                                        ; save value
      call igetvalue
                                        ;get second value using stack ptr
      cmp ax, bx
                                        ;Compare
      jl gteq
                                        ;Jump if greater than or equal to
      mov ax, TRUE
                                    ;Pput false value into varspace
     con3: call iputvalue
                                     ;Put value into varspace, addr on stack
      gteg: mov ax, FALSE
                                    ;put true value into varspace
      imp con3
      ret
                      ***********
                      Integer Operations
; Adds two integer values
; Assumes offset off second value is in SI register
;Offset of first value is at the top of the stack
   ladd: call igetvalue
     mov bx, ax
      call igetvalue
                                       ;First value to cx register
      add ax, bx
                                       ;Perform addition
      jo err
                                       ;if overflow, run time error
     call iputvalue
                                      ;Put integer into varspace
     ret
     err: mov dx, offset add_err
                                      Error handler for overflow
     call print_s
     call eclm
     call finis
; Subs two integer values
; Assumes offset off second value is in SI register
;Offset of first value is at the top of the stack
  isub: 33.. igetvalue
     Tov bx, ax
     ia....retva.le
                                      First value to ox register
     3.D ax, bx
                                       /Perform subtraction
```

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```
jo errs
                                          ;if overflow, run time error
     call iputvalue
                                          ;Put integer into varspace
      errs: mov dx, offset sub_err
                                ;Print error message on overflow
      call print s
      call eoln
      call finis
;Multiplies two integer values
; Assumes offset off second value is in SI register
;Offset of first value is at the top of the stack
  imult:
     call igetvalue
     mov bx, ax
     call igetvalue
                                          ;First value to cx register
     imul bx
                                          ;Perform mult, result in AX
     jc errl
                                          ; if carry set, run time error
     call iputvalue
                                          ;Put integer into varspace
     ret
     errl: mov dx, offset mul_err
                                         ;put error message in dx register
     call print_s
                                          ;print it
     call eoln
      call finis
                                          ;end
;Divides two integer values, result in varspace, address of result
;Offset of first value is at the top of the stack
       push cx
                                          ;Save Registers
     bush dx
     call igetvalue
                                          ;Get divisor
     mov bx, ax
                                          ;Mov divisor to bx
       call igetvalue
                                          ;Get dividend to ax
     xor dx, dx
                                          ;Set dx to 0
     mov cl,1
                                          ;cl and ch are negative flags
     mov ch,1
     cmp bx,0
      jg test2
                                          ;bx is positive, no action needed
      je errd
                                          ;bx is 0, ERROR
     neg cl
                                          ;bx is negative, ol flag negated
     neg bx
                                          ;bx is made positive
  test2: cmp ax,0
                                          ;test dividena
      jge dloop
                                          ;dividend >= 0, no action
                                          ;ax is negative, ch flag regated
      neg ch
     neg ax
                                          /ax is made positive
  dloop: sub ax,bx
                                          ;loop and count subtractions
     cmp ax,0
     ji done
                                          ;if ax less than 0, done
      inc dx
                                          ;store result in dx
      jmp dloop
                                          ;continue loop
```

```
done:
        mov al, cl
                                   /Multiply ch and cl
   mul ch
      cmp al,0
    jge dend
                                   ;if product not negative, no action
     neg dx
                                   ;else negate answer
  dend: mov ax, dx
    pop dx
                               ;Put integer into varspace
         call iputvalue
        mov dx, offset div_err
                                   ;put error message in dx register
    call print_s
                                    ;print it
     call eoln
     call finis
                                    ;end
    ret
, **********************************
; *
; *
                Function Calling Procedures
; *
; Movs integer or boolean actuals with addresses at the top of stack to
; the lowest addresses within a scope
: Assumes bx has number of actuals needed to be moved
   i_mov: pop ret_addr
                                   ;Save i mov's return address
    call add scope
    strt: pop dx
                                   ;mov addresses to cx and dx1 reds
    pop cx
    call find_addr
                                   ;Get virtual address of the integer
    mov di, cx
    mov ax, es:vars [di]
                                             ;Set up ax for lassian
     call lassign
    aec bx
    C,xd qmp
     jne strt
     push ret_addr
                                   ;Restore I_mov's return address
;Puts a formal to the top of the stack
; Assumes offset of formal in cx register
  i_formal: mov di,0
    mov di, s_nest[di]
                                  /Get nesting level
    call ppush
                                   /Push offset and rest onto stark
    ret
; *
; *
                       Variables
iseg
```

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```
TRUE EQU 1
FALSE EQU 0
 SPACE_TOP EQU 32700 ;Top of memory space
max_offset dw 0
curr_addr dw -32700
s_link dw SPACE_TOP
                        ;Maximum current offset w/in scope
                        ;Current maximum address
                      ;Current address of static link
 s_nest dw 0
                        ;Current static nesting level
   ret_addr dw 0
div_err db 'DIVISION BY ZERO, FOOL:'
 derr db 'ADDITION OVERFLOW, DIMWIT!'
   add err
    rr db 'SUBTRACTION OVERFLOW, NITWIT'' db 'S'
        db 'STACK/VARIABLE SPACE CRASH'
   crash
dw 0
 vars
```

APPENDIX N - TEST SUITE

SIMPLE TESTS OF FUNCTIONS AND VARIABLES

let c : Z -> Z:

c (20) where c (n) == if 1 = 2 then 3 * n else 3 + n endif

--Simple "Hello I'm Alive Test"

let c : Z -> Z;

c (1 * 2) where c (n) == n * 3

-- Test for expression in functions's formals

let c: \$Z -> \$Z:

c (k + 2) where k == 2 and

c(n) == if n = 1 then n * 3 else n + 4 endif

-- Test for expression in function's formals

TESTS FOR RECURSION

let c : Z -> Z;

c (k * 2) where k == 2 and c (n) == n * 3

-- Test for expression in function's formals

let c : Z -> Z;

c(0) where c(n) == if n = 0 then 1 else c(n-1) * n endif

-- Test for recursion in functions

let c : Z -> Z;

c (5) where c (n) == if n = 0 then 1 else c (n - 1) * n endif

-- Test for recursion in functions

let $c: Z \rightarrow Z$:

c(3) where c(n) == if n = 0 then 1 else n * c(n-1) endif

-- Test for recursion in functions

let c : Z -> Z;

- c(7) where c(n) == if n = 0 then 1 else n * c(n-1) endif
- -- Test for recursion in functions

TESTS OF COMPLEX FUNCTIONS, INCLUDING BOOLEANS AS ARGUMENTS AND RESULTS

let c : Z -> B;

- c (1) where c (n) == n = 6
- -- Test for booleans in function

let c: Z * Z * Z -> Z;

c(2-1,3,4) where c(n,m,x) == n * m * x

-- Test for multiple arguments

let c : Z -> B; let d : Z -> Z;

c (1) where c(n) == 1 = d(1) where d(k) == k

-- Test for chaining in functions

let c: \$Z -> \$Z; let d: \$Z -> \$Z; let e: \$Z -> \$B; c (3) where c (n) == 1 + d(n) where d(k) == if e(1) then k else k + 1 endif where e (k) == k = 3

-- Test for nesting in functions

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```
let c : $Z -> $Z;
let d : $Z -> $Z;
let e : $Z -> $B;

c (3) * 10 where
    c (n) == 1 + d(n) where
    d(k) == if e(1)
    then k else k + 1 endif
    where e (k) == k = 3
```

-- Test for nesting in functions, result multiplied by constant

```
let c: $Z -> $Z;

let d: $Z -> $Z;

let e: $Z -> $B;

c (3) * c(4) where

c (n) == 1 + d(n) where

d(k) == if e(1)

then k else k + 1 endif

where e (k) == k = 3

and b == 10
```

- -- Test for two functions, same definition
- -- Also, test for extraneous variable defined at end of program

let d:
$$$Z -> $Z'$$
;
let e: $$B -> B' ;
c (3) * c(4) where
c (n) == 1 + d(n) where
d(k) == if e(2 = 3 \land 4 = 5)
then k else k + 1 endif
where e (k) == k

-- Test for boolean expression as an actual

TESTS FOR "AND" AND "WHERE" NESTING AND COMBINATIONS

A BOLD OF THE PROPERTY BUTCHES SECTIONS OF THE PROPERTY OF THE

let c : Z -> Z; let d : Z -> Z;

let c: Z -> Z;

c (3) * b where b == 10 and c (n) == n * d (n) where d (n) == 3

-- Test for nesting in functions

let e: \$Z -> \$Z; c (3) + b where b == 10 and c (n) == d (1) + if n = e (1) then 2 else 10 endif where e (k) == -1 and d (g) == g + 5

-- Test for nested wheres and ands

let c: \$Z -> \$Z; let d: \$Z -> \$Z; let e: \$Z -> \$B; c (3) where

let c: \$Z -> \$Z; let d: \$Z -> \$Z;

> c (n) == 1 + d(n) where d(k) == if e(1) then k else k + 1 endif where e (b) == b = 3

-- Test for nesting in functions

let c : \$Z -> \$Z; let d : \$Z;

- c(5) where c(n) == dand d == 10 * 5
- -- Test for single and statement -- Test for datadef declaration

let c : \$Z; let d : \$Z;

let e : \$Z;

c where c == (d + 10 + e where e == 10)

and
$$d == 10$$

-- Test for Multiple ands

```
let c: $Z;
let d: $Z;
let e: $Z;
c where c == d + 10 + e
and d == 10
and e == 10
```

-- Test for Multiple ands

$$c(5)$$
 where $c(n) == d(n) + 12$
and $d(s) == 10 + s$

-- Test for Multiple ands using functions

c(5) where
$$c(n) == d(n) + 12$$

and $d(s) == 10 + e(s)$
and $e(k) == 20 + k + t$ where $t == 100$

-- Test for Multiple ands, nested wheres

let c : \$Z; let d : \$Z; let e : \$Z;

c where c == d + 10 + e where e == 10 and d == 10 --Test for Multiple ands

let c: \$Z -> \$B; let d: \$Z -> \$B; let k: \$Z -> \$Z;

c(1)
$$\wedge$$
 d(2) where
c (n) == n = 3 and
d (n) == (1 = k (n - 1) where
k (1) == 1 + 10)

-- Test for proper use of "and" and implementation of -- Parens

let c: \$Z -> \$Z; let d: \$Z -> \$Z; let e: \$Z -> \$Z;

c(5) where c(n) == d(n) + 12 where k == 100and d(s) == 10 + e(s)and e(k) == 20 + k

-- Test for Multiple ands, multiple wheres and formal/variable collisions

let c: \$Z -> \$Z; let d: \$Z -> \$Z; let e: \$Z -> \$Z;

c(5) where c(n) == d(n) + 12 where k == 100and d(s) == 10 + e(s) where t == 100and e(k) == 20 + k + t

-- Test for Multiple ands, multiple wheres and formal/variable collisions

let c: \$Z -> \$Z; let d: \$Z -> \$Z; let e: \$Z -> \$Z;

c(5) where c(n) == d(n) + 12 where t == 100and d(s) == 10 + e(s) where t == 120and e(k) == 20 + k + t

-- Test for Multiple ands, multiple wheres and formal/variable collisions -- Also test to see if the proper "t" (120) was picked up

let c : \$Z * \$Z -> \$Z; let d : \$Z * \$Z -> \$Z; let e : \$Z * \$Z -> \$Z;

```
c(5,1) where c(n,m) == d(n,m) + 12 where t == 100
and d(s,z) == 10 + e(s,z) where t == 120
and e(k,l) == 20 + k + t + l
```

-- Test for Multiple ands, multiple wheres and formal/variable collisions

-- Test specifically for functions with multiple arguments

```
let c: $Z -> $Z;

let d: $Z -> $Z;

let e: $Z -> $Z;

c(5) where c(n) == d(n) where t == 100

and d(s) == (e (s) where k == 2)

and e(k) == 20 + t
```

-- Test for Multiple ands, multiple wheres and formal/variable collisions

```
let c: $Z -> $Z;

let d: $Z -> $Z;

let e: $Z -> $Z;

c(10) where c(n) == d(n) where t == 100

and d(s) == e(s) where k == 10

and e(r) == 20 + r + k
```

-- Test for Multiple ands, multiple wheres and formal/variable collisions

```
let c: Z -> Z;
let d: Z -> Z;
let e: Z -> Z;
c(10) where c(n) == d(n) + t where t == (r * 100 where r == 2)
and d(s) == e(s) where k == 10
and e(r) == Z - Z
```

-- Test for Multiple ands, multiple wheres and formal/variable collisions

```
let c: Z -> Z;
let d: Z -> Z;
let e: Z -> Z;
let e: Z -> Z;
let f: N -> Z;
c(10) where c(n) == d(n) + t where t == (r * 100 where r == 2)
and d(s) == e(s) where k == 10
and e(r) == 20 + r + f(r)
```

```
and f(r) == r
```

let d: \$Z -> \$Z; let e: \$Z -> \$Z;

-- Test for Multiple ands, multiple wheres and formal/variable collisions

```
let c : Z -> Z;
let d: SZ -> SZ;
let e : Z -> Z;
let f: $N -> $Z;
c(10) where c(n) == d(n) + t where t == (r * 100) where r == 2
  and d(s) == e(s) where k == 10
  and e(r) == 20 + r + f(r)
  and f(r) == k
-- Test for Multiple ands, multiple wheres and formal/variable collisions
let c : SZ -> SZ:
let d : Z -> Z;
let e: Z -> Z;
let f: N -> Z;
c(10) where c(n) == d(n) + t where t == (r * 100) where r == 2
  and d(s) == e(s) where k == 10
  and e(r) == 20 + r + f(r)
  and f(r) == if r = 0 then 100 else f(r - 1) endif
-- Test for Multiple ands, multiple wheres and formal/variable collisions
-- Test for if-then-else collisions with multiple ands, wheres
let c : Z -> Z;
let d: $Z -> $Z:
let e: Z -> Z;
let f: N -> Z;
let zebra: $Z;
c(10) where c(n) == d(n) + t where t == (r * 100) where r == 2
  and d(s) == (e(s)) where k == 10
  and e(r) == 20 + r + f(r) + zebra
  and f(r) == if r = 0 then 100 else f(r - 1) endif
  and zebra = t)
-- Test for Multiple ands, multiple wheres and formal/variable collisions
-- Test for if-then-else collisions with multiple ands, wheres
let c : SZ -> SZ;
```

```
c(5) where c(n) == d(n) + 12 where t == 100
  and d(s) == (10 + e(s)) where k == 100
  and e(k) == 20 + k + t
-- Note the use of parenthesis here: if they are removed, the program will
--bomb because t will be undefined
ERROR TESTING
let x :Sz;
let j:$Z:
let i:Sz:
i where i == x\%j
   and x == 5 and y == 0
-- Gives Division by Zero run time error
let b:$b:
let i:$Z;
let 1:$z;
let n:Sn:
let x: Sz:
if b then i
elsif -(b \land b) then j
else x endif where
   b == 1=2 where
      ] ==()
   and where I
   and where z == 69
- Gives two parser errors line 13 and 14, j undefined and
- where following 'and"
let fac $N > $N;
fac(5) where fac(n) == fac(n-1)

    Check for stack overflow

too much where too much == 1(XX) * 1(XX)
  Check for Multiplication Overflow
```

too much where too much *= *(XXX) + *(XXX)

Check for Addition overflow

```
too_much where too_much == -30000 - 30000
```

-- Check for Subtraction Overflow

```
let c: SZ \rightarrow SB;

let d: SZ \rightarrow SB;

let k: SZ \rightarrow SZ;

let g: SZ \rightarrow SZ;

c(1) \land d(2) where

d (n) == (1 = k (n - 1) where

k (1) == 1 + 10) and

c (n) == n = 3
```

-- Test for proper use of comments; note that there is no delimiter on the second line of comments, as there should -- be

MISCELLANEOUS TESTS

```
let b:$b;
let i:$Z;
let j:$z;
let n:$n;
let x: $z;

if (b \( \sigma = b \)) then i
elsif (b \( \sigma = b \)) then j
else x endif where

b == 1=2 where
 i ==()
and j ==2
and x == 69

Test for not construct, boolean constructs
```

```
let h $b.
let i $Z.
let j $Z.
let j $Z.
let n $n.
let x $Z.

if ¬(b √ ¬b) then i
elsif ¬(b ∧ ¬b) then j
else x endif where
h == i = 2 where
i = =()
and j == 2
and x == 69
```

```
-- should give 2
  -- Check and, or, notand, notor
  -- Check if, else, elseif
  -- Especially, check all in combination
  let a:$Z:
  let b:$z;
  let y:$n;
 let x: $z;
 let f: $n*$n->$n;
 let times: $n*$n->$n:
 f(30,30) where
    f(a,b) == times(a,b) where
        times(x,y) == x*y
 -- Multiargument Checking
 -- Natural Type Checking
 let a:$Z:
 let b:$z:
 let v:$z:
 let x: Sz:
 let f: $z*$z->$z;
 let times : $n*$n->$z:
 f(30,4) where
   f(a,b) == times(a,b) where
       times(x,y) ==
         if (1 = 1) then x\%y
              else 2 endif end
-- Integer Division Checking
let c : $Z -> $B;
let d: $Z -> $B;
let k : $Z -> $Z;
let g: SZ \rightarrow SZ;
c(1) \wedge d(2) where
       d(n) == (1 = k(n - 1)) where
          k(1) == 1 + 10) and
          c(n) == n = 3
-- Test for proper use of "and" and implementation of
```

-- Parens

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APPENDIX O - ROCK COMPILER USER'S MANUAL

I. Installation

The rock compiler program comes on a 5.25" disk with all public domain programs necessary to run it. To install this program on another floppy disk or a hard disk, use the following procedures:

- 1) Change the system drive to the disk drive containing the floppy disk.
- 2) Type "INSTALL", followed by a space and the drive and directory on which you want the program installed.

Note that the Rock compiler uses three unsupplied files to operate: RASM86, LINK86, and your choice of word processor. The RASM86 and LINK86 programs must be installed on the same directory as the compiler.

II. Running the Compiler

a. Type in "ROCK" and wait for the screen display shown in figure 1 to appear.

ROCK COMPILER
Press Escape Key to Exit Compiler

Program to Compile ->

Figure 1

b. When the prompt appears, type in the file name of the source file you want to compile, then press return. The compiler will accept directory specifications in the file designation. If the source file is found, the compilation will begin immediately, and the screen will appear as shown in figure 2. If the file is not found, the screen will appear as shown in figure 3.

c. If a successful compilation takes place, the prompt for a source file reappears. If the compilation is not successful, error messages will appear on the screen, and a copy of these messages can be found in a file

ROCK COMPILER
Press Escape Key to Exit Compiler

Program to Compile -> SQRT.PHI

Compiling: Please Wait

Figure 2

ROCK COMPILER
Press Escape Key to Exit Compiler

Program to Compile -> NOTFOUND

File not Found
Press ESCAPE to exit, any other key to continue

Figure 3

named Errors. Phi. A typical error display is shown in figure 4. After perusing the errors, you may press any key to return to the prompt for a source file.

ROCKY ERRORS

line 1: formals list missing or error in formals list

line 1: misplaced or missing ==

number of errors = 2

PRESS ANY KEY TO CONTINUE

Figure 4

d. If compilation is successful, both an exe and an objfile will be created. In the event that an error occurs, neither file will be created. WARNING: If you choose to compile two programs with the same prefix, ensure you save the first one before compiling the second one: otherwise, the second compilation will overwrite the output file of the first compilation.

e. To cleanly stop the compiler, press the ESCAPE key any time the system asks for an input. If you have started to compile a program and you need a "panic" exit, press "Control-Break". If you do this, the cursor will not reappear on the screen. However, you can get it back by running the ROCK program again and making a normal exit

III. Error Handling

Errors are divided into two categories—those found during compilation—and those found during run time. The following two sections list the errors messages from both categories which you might encounter—Each message includes a brief synopsis of what causes the error

COMPILER ERRORS

Message	Explanation	
incomplete 1->	Either an "For "Fowas found where "Foo was expected."	
`without following /'. logical OR is ♥	A single backslash was found where a logical or construct (V) was expected	

'\$' without following 'R','N','Z','B',or '1'	An incomplete type declaration was found.
invalid numeric constant ==> 3.	An illegal constant was found; in this example, "3."
literal without ending	An unterminated literal was found, or a literal spanned more than one line.
unidentified char in input program ==> #	A character with no meaning was found in the source file; '#', in this example.
MEMORY OVERFLOW DURING COMPILATION	The source program is too big for the host machine to compile.
error in statement following ==> *	An illegal statement follows the specified character, '*', in the example.
come in home	, at the example.
error in type definition following ==> *	An illegal type definition follows the specified character; '*', in the example.
unable to complete definition of blockbody after keyword LET	An unspecified error was found after LET, and the compiler is so completely sandbagged that it cannot recover.
missing or misplaced ; after definition	A declaration, preceded by "LET", was not followed by a semicolon
valid qualexp/exp not found in the def/auxdef	An invalid expression was found
valid typeexp not found in the def	An expression defining a type was either missing or incorrect.
formals list missing or error in formals list	Formals were expected but not found, or formals were incompletely specified.
misplaced or missing ')'	A PHI keyword or delimiter was expected or not found; () in the example
at least one identifier must follow keyword TYPE	TYPE found without an identifier
unable to complete def/auxdef following keyword AND	Improper or no expression found following AND.

missing or invalid auxdef after keyword WHERE

Improper or no definition following WHERE

missing or misplaced closing paren in formals

Formals found without closing parenthesis.

error in processing multiple Actuals

One actual was found, but an error was spotted in a subsequent actual.

missing literal after keyword FILE

FILE was found without a filename being designated.

missing or invalid exp following KEYWORD

A keyword was spotted, but the following expression was illegal.

IF statement w/o ENDIF

No ENDIF to close off an IF statement.

error in formals preceding |->

"I->" found, but the formals list preceding it contained an error.

missing or invalid QualExp following COMMA operator A list of elements was found with an illegal expression in it.

error in ArgBinding - check QualExp or closing bracket

An improper expression in an argument binding was found, or

the closing bracket on an argument binding

was not found.

OZONE LEVEL I -

Unimplemented feature found, for 19.99 the feature can be implemented in 1999

NUMERIC VALUE EXPECTED

Non-numeric type found where a numeric type was expected.

NATURAL EXPECTED

Natural type was not found where it was expected.

INTEGER OR NATURAL EXPECTED

Either an integer or natural type is proper, but neither was found.

ERROR IN TUPLE DEFINITION

A tuple is improperly defined the source file used improper types or number of types in defining the tuple. This can also mean

a single variable was improperly defined

UNDEFINED VARIABLE IN AND SCOPE

An undefined variable was found in one of the two branches of an

in its scope.

FUNCTION WITHOUT FUNCTION DEFINITION A function was defined without a declaration of its type and formals.

FORMALS MISMATCHED

Formals in a function definition are not the same in either type or

number as those in the function's declaration.

FUNCTION CALLED WITHOUT FUNCTION DEFINITION

No function definition found for the function called.

REAL NUMBER EXPECTED

An incorrect type was found where a real number was expected.

INVALID CONSTANT EXPRESSION

An invalid constant was found.

BOOLEAN VALUE EXPECTED

A boolean value was expected, but

none was found.

BOOLEAN OPERATOR EXPECTED

A boolean operator was expected,

but none was found.

OUT OF RUN-TIME MEMORY SPACE

Not enough space to accommodate the

program during run-time.

RUN-TIME ERRORS

DIVISION BY ZERO

Division by zero attempted.

MULTIPLICATION OVERFLOW

A multiplication operation resulted in a numeric value outside the language limits.

ADDITION OVERFLOW

An addition operation resulted in

a numeric value outside the language limits.

SUBTRACTION OVERFLOW

A subtraction operation resulted in a numeric value outside the

language limits.

STACK/VARIABLE SPACE CRASH The stack overwrote the variable space.

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